

20	• modifies the insurance agency and producer incensing requirements;
27	<ul> <li>addresses when a title insurance producer may do an escrow involving a real</li> </ul>
28	property transaction;
29	<ul> <li>modifies provisions related to disbursements from escrow accounts;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>modifies title insurance related assessments;</li> </ul>
30a	\$→ ► addresses licensee compensation; ←\$
31	<ul> <li>addresses when a person may represent that the person acts in behalf of an insurer;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>modifies provisions related to providing the commissioner address, telephone, and</li> </ul>
33	email address information;
34	<ul> <li>addresses verification under a nonresident jurisdictional agreement;</li> </ul>
35	<ul> <li>addresses per diem and travel expenses of public representatives on the board of</li> </ul>
36	directors of the Utah Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association;
37	<ul> <li>addresses the establishment of classes of business;</li> </ul>
38	<ul><li>modifies rating restrictions;</li></ul>
39	<ul> <li>addresses the renewal of a bail bond surety company license;</li> </ul>
40	<ul> <li>permits the commissioner to assign a department employee to engage in certain</li> </ul>
41	activities related to the regulation of captive insurance companies;
42	<ul> <li>requires a professional employer organization to notify the commissioner of</li> </ul>
43	material changes;
44	<ul><li>removes the title insurance assessment from the sunset act;</li></ul>
45	<ul> <li>converts certain dedicated credits into several restricted accounts and provides that</li> </ul>
46	related appropriations are nonlapsing; and
47	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming amendments.</li></ul>
48	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
49	None
50	Other Special Clauses:
51	This bill has an effective date.
52	This bill provides for retrospective operation of certain provisions.
53	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
54	AMENDS:
55	31A-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10
56	<b>31A-2-208</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 391

57	31A-2-212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
58	31A-3-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 10, 68 and last amended
59	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 265
60	<b>31A-14-211</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
61	31A-22-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 354
62	31A-22-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 329
63	31A-22-610.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 345, 383, and 390
64	<b>31A-22-614.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 357
65	<b>31A-22-618.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
66	31A-22-625, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 10 and 68
67	31A-22-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10
68	31A-22-716, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 71
69	<b>31A-22-721</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 329
70	31A-22-723, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
71	31A-23a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
72	31A-23a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
73	31A-23a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 349 and 355
74	31A-23a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 127
75	31A-23a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
76	31A-23a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
77	31A-23a-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 325
78	31A-23a-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
79	31A-23a-412, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
80	31A-23a-415, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10 and last amended by
81	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 265
81a	\$→ 31A-23a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10 ←\$
82	31A-25-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
83	<b>31A-26-206</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
84	31A-26-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
85	<b>31A-26-213</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
86	<b>31A-26-306</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 173
87	<b>31A-28-107</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 292

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31A-1-301. Definitions.

88	<b>31A-29-103</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3 and 385
89	<b>31A-29-106</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
90	31A-30-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
91	31A-30-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
92	<b>31A-30-106</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
93	31A-30-106.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
94	31A-30-106.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
95	31A-30-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 383
96	31A-30-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 308
97	31A-30-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 12
98	<b>31A-31-108</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 391
99	<b>31A-31-109</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 391
100	<b>31A-35-202</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 259
101	31A-35-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10
102	<b>31A-35-602</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 259
103	31A-37-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 302
104	<b>31A-37-202</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
105	31A-37-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
106	<b>59-9-105</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 308
107	63I-2-231, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 68 and 285
108	63J-1-602.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 265 and last amended by
109	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 265
110	63J-1-602.3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 265
111	ENACTS:
112	<b>31A-40-308</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
113	Uncodified Material Affected:
114	ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL
115	
116	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
117	Section 1. Section <b>31A-1-301</b> is amended to read:

119	As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
120	(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
121	economic losses resulting from:
122	(i) a medical condition including:
123	(A) a medical care expense; or
124	(B) the risk of disability;
125	(ii) accident; or
126	(iii) sickness.
127	(b) "Accident and health insurance":
128	(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
129	(A) an income replacement contract;
130	(B) a health care contract;
131	(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
132	(D) a credit accident and health contract;
133	(E) a continuing care contract; and
134	(F) a long-term care contract; and
135	(ii) may provide:
136	(A) hospital coverage;
137	(B) surgical coverage;
138	(C) medical coverage;
139	(D) loss of income coverage;
140	(E) prescription drug coverage;
141	(F) dental coverage; or
142	(G) vision coverage.
143	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
144	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
145	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
146	(3) "Administrator" is defined in Subsection [ <del>(159)</del> ] (161).
147	(4) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
148	(5) "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common
149	control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation, regardless of

130	ownership, it substantiany the same group of individuals manage the corporations.
151	(6) "Agency" means:
152	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which an
153	individual does business under an assumed name; and
154	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
155	31A-23a-301 <u>, 31A-25-207</u> , or 31A-26-209.
156	(7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
157	(8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
158	(9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period certain or
159	over the lifetime of one or more individuals if the making or continuance of all or some of the
160	series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of
161	human life.
162	(10) "Application" means a document:
163	(a) (i) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured;
164	and
165	(ii) that contains information that is used by the insurer to evaluate risk and decide
166	whether to:
167	(A) insure the risk under:
168	(I) the coverage as originally offered; or
169	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or
170	(B) decline to insure the risk; or
171	(b) used by the insurer to gather information from the applicant before issuance of an
172	annuity contract.
173	(11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means:
174	(a) the original articles;
175	(b) a special law;
176	(c) a charter;
177	(d) an amendment;
178	(e) restated articles;
179	(f) articles of merger or consolidation;
180	(g) a trust instrument;

181	(h) another constitutive document for a trust or other entity that is not a corporation;
182	and
183	(i) an amendment to an item listed in Subsections (11)(a) through (h).
184	(12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court when
185	required, up to and including surrender of the person in execution of a sentence imposed under
186	Subsection 77-20-7(1), as a condition to the release of that person from confinement.
187	(13) "Binder" is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
188	(14) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering a defined class of
189	persons:
190	(a) without individual underwriting or application; and
191	(b) that is determined by definition [with or] without designating each person covered.
192	(15) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of persons
193	with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.
194	(16) "Bona fide office" means a physical office in this state:
195	(a) that is open to the public;
196	(b) that is staffed during regular business hours on regular business days; and
197	(c) at which the public may appear in person to obtain services.
198	[(16)] (17) "Business entity" means:
199	(a) a corporation;
200	(b) an association;
201	(c) a partnership;
202	(d) a limited liability company;
203	(e) a limited liability partnership; or
204	(f) another legal entity.
205	[(17)] (18) "Business of insurance" is defined in Subsection $[(85)]$ (87).
206	[(18)] (19) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
207	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
208	when these subsections apply by reference under:
209	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
210	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
211	(c) Subsection 31A-9-205(2).

212	[(19)] (20) (a) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
213	corporation's affairs, however designated.
214	(b) "Bylaws" includes comparable rules for a trust or other entity that is not a
215	corporation.
216	[(20)] (21) "Captive insurance company" means:
217	(a) an insurer:
218	(i) owned by another organization; and
219	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and an
220	affiliated company; or
221	(b) in the case of a group or association, an insurer:
222	(i) owned by the insureds; and
223	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
224	(A) a member organization;
225	(B) a group member; or
226	(C) an affiliate of:
227	(I) a member organization; or
228	(II) a group member.
229	[(21)] (22) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance.
230	[(22)] (23) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
231	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or
232	(b) a third party.
233	[(23)] (24) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."
234	[(24)] (25) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand
235	on an insurer for payment of a benefit according to the terms of an insurance policy.
236	[(25)] (26) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
237	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
238	insured while the policy is in force.
239	[(26)] (27) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's
240	insurance commissioner.
241	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection [(26)] (27)(a) apply to the
242	equivalent supervisory official of another jurisdiction.

243	$\left[\frac{(27)}{(28)}\right]$ (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
244	(i) provides board and lodging;
245	(ii) provides one or more of the following:
246	(A) a personal service;
247	(B) a nursing service;
248	(C) a medical service; or
249	(D) any other health-related service; and
250	(iii) provides the coverage described in this Subsection [(27)] (28)(a) under an
251	agreement effective:
252	(A) for the life of the insured; or
253	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
254	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
255	lodging are provided at the same location as a service described in Subsection [(27)] (28)(a)(ii).
256	[(28)] (29) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control"
257	means the direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the
258	management and policies of a person. This control may be:
259	(i) by contract;
260	(ii) by common management;
261	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
262	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections [(28)] (29)(a)(i) through (iii).
263	(b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another
264	person controls that person solely by reason of the position.
265	(c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have
266	control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement.
267	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly
268	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the
269	voting securities of another person.
270	[(29)] (30) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or
271	indirectly controlled by a producer.
272	[(30)] (31) "Controlling person" means a person that directly or indirectly has the
273	power to direct or cause to be directed, the management, control, or activities of a reinsurance

274	intermediary.
275	[(31)] (32) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls
276	an insurer.
277	[(32)] (33) (a) "Corporation" means an insurance corporation, except when referring to:
278	(i) a corporation doing business:
279	(A) as:
280	(I) an insurance producer;
281	(II) a limited line producer;
282	(III) a consultant;
283	(IV) a managing general agent;
284	(V) a reinsurance intermediary;
285	(VI) a third party administrator; or
286	(VII) an adjuster; and
287	(B) under:
288	(I) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
289	Reinsurance Intermediaries;
290	(II) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; or
291	(III) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or
292	(ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance
293	Holding Companies.
294	(b) "Stock corporation" means a stock insurance corporation.
295	(c) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
296	[(33)] (34) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in federal
297	regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act [of
298	<del>1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936</del> ].
299	(b) "Creditable coverage" includes coverage that is offered through a public health plan
300	such as:
301	(i) the Primary Care Network Program under a Medicaid primary care network
302	demonstration waiver obtained subject to Section 26-18-3;
303	(ii) the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; or
304	(iii) the Ryan White Program Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act, Pub. L.

305	101-381, and Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act of 2006, Pub. L. 109-415.
306	[(34)] (35) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to
307	provide indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while
308	the debtor is disabled.
309	[(35)] (36) (a) "Credit insurance" means insurance offered in connection with an
310	extension of credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation.
311	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
312	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
313	(ii) credit life insurance;
314	(iii) credit property insurance;
315	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
316	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
317	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
318	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
319	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
320	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
321	[(36)] (37) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection
322	with an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor dies.
323	[(37)] (38) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
324	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
325	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
326	[(38)] (39) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
327	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
328	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a:
329	(i) specific loan; or
330	(ii) credit transaction.
331	[(39)] (40) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having a claim, whether:
332	(a) matured;
333	(b) unmatured;
334	(c) liquidated;
335	(d) unliquidated;

336	(e) secured;
337	(f) unsecured;
338	(g) absolute;
339	(h) fixed; or
340	(i) contingent.
341	[(40)] (41) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides an
342	insurance service and insurance product information:
343	(i) for the customer service representative's:
344	(A) producer; or
345	(B) consultant employer; and
346	(ii) to the customer service representative's employer's:
347	(A) customer;
348	(B) client; or
349	(C) organization.
350	(b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of
351	the customer service representative's producer or consultant employer.
352	[(41)] (42) "Deadline" means a final date or time:
353	(a) imposed by:
354	(i) statute;
355	(ii) rule; or
356	(iii) order; and
357	(b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department.
358	[(42)] (43) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the
359	occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is considered to have taken a specific
360	action. If the statute so provides, a condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to
361	take a specific action.
362	[(43)] (44) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons
363	determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and
364	then counting the generations to the other person.
365	[(44)] (45) "Department" means the Insurance Department.
366	[(45)] (46) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation.

367	[(46)] (47) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially
368	or totally limits an individual's ability to:
369	(a) perform the duties of:
370	(i) that individual's occupation; or
371	(ii) any occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training,
372	or experience; or
373	(b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living:
374	(i) eating;
375	(ii) toileting;
376	(iii) transferring;
377	(iv) bathing; or
378	(v) dressing.
379	[(47)] (48) "Disability income insurance" is defined in Subsection $[(76)]$ (78).
380	[(48)] (49) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state.
381	[(49)] (50) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer:
382	(a) is incorporated;
383	(b) is organized; or
384	(c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States.
385	[ <del>(50)</del> ] <u>(51)</u> (a) "Eligible employee" means:
386	(i) an employee who:
387	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
388	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or
389	(ii) a person described in Subsection [ <del>(50)</del> ] (51)(b).
390	(b) "Eligible employee" includes, if the individual is included under a health benefit
391	plan of a small employer:
392	(i) a sole proprietor;
393	(ii) a partner in a partnership; or
394	(iii) an independent contractor.
395	(c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection [(50)]
396	<u>(51)</u> (b):
397	(i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer;

398	(ii) an employer's spouse; or
399	(iii) a dependent of an employer.
400	[(51)] (52) "Employee" means an individual employed by an employer.
401	[(52)] (53) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
402	(a) an employee; or
403	(b) a dependent of an employee.
404	[ <del>(53)</del> ] <u>(54)</u> (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
405	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through a trustee, by:
406	(A) one or more employers;
407	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
408	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
409	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
410	from investments of the fund:
411	(A) by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state; or
412	(B) for the benefit of a person employed in this state.
413	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by a user fee or tax
414	revenues.
415	[(54)] (55) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate
416	to modify the policy or certificate coverage.
417	[(55)] (56) "Enrollment date," with respect to a health benefit plan, means:
418	(a) the first day of coverage; or
419	(b) if there is a waiting period, the first day of the waiting period.
420	[ <del>(56)</del> ] <u>(57)</u> (a) "Escrow" means:
421	(i) a real estate settlement or real estate closing conducted by a third party pursuant to
422	the requirements of a written agreement between the parties in a real estate transaction; or
423	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
424	(A) a mobile home;
425	(B) a grazing right;
426	(C) a water right; or
427	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
428	(b) "Escrow" includes the act of conducting a:

429	(i) real estate settlement; or
430	(ii) real estate closing.
431	[ <del>(57)</del> ] <u>(58)</u> "Escrow agent" means:
432	(a) an insurance producer with:
433	(i) a title insurance line of authority; and
434	(ii) an escrow subline of authority; or
435	(b) a person defined as an escrow agent in Section 7-22-101.
436	[(58)] $(59)$ (a) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that another thing is not
437	also excluded.
438	(b) The items listed in a list using the term "excludes" are representative examples for
439	use in interpretation of this title.
440	[(59)] (60) "Exclusion" means for the purposes of accident and health insurance that an
441	insurer does not provide insurance coverage, for whatever reason, for one of the following:
442	(a) a specific physical condition;
443	(b) a specific medical procedure;
444	(c) a specific disease or disorder; or
445	(d) a specific prescription drug or class of prescription drugs.
446	[(60)] (61) "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
447	(a) written to provide a payment for an expense relating to hospital confinement
448	resulting from illness or injury; and
449	(b) written:
450	(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and
451	(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
452	[(61)] (62) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of a person
453	holding a position of public or private trust.
454	[(62)] $(63)$ $(a)$ "Filed" means that a filing is:
455	(i) submitted to the department as required by and in accordance with applicable
456	statute, rule, or filing order;
457	(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in applicable statute,
458	rule, or filing order; and
459	(iii) accompanied by the appropriate fee in accordance with:

460	(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
461	(B) rule.
462	(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
463	submitted in accordance with Subsection [ <del>(62)</del> ] (63)(a).
464	[(63)] (64) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
465	department including:
466	(a) a policy;
467	(b) a rate;
468	(c) a form;
469	(d) a document;
470	(e) a plan;
471	(f) a manual;
472	(g) an application;
473	(h) a report;
474	(i) a certificate;
475	(j) an endorsement;
476	(k) an actuarial certification;
477	(l) a licensee annual statement;
478	(m) a licensee renewal application;
479	(n) an advertisement; or
480	(o) an outline of coverage.
481	[(64)] (65) "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the
482	insurer agrees to pay a claim submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
483	[(65)] (66) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including
484	an alien insurer.
485	[(66)] (67) (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
486	(i) a policy;
487	(ii) a certificate;
488	(iii) an application;
489	(iv) an outline of coverage; or
490	(v) an endorsement.

491	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
492	case.
493	[(67)] (68) "Franchise insurance" means an individual insurance policy provided
494	through a mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some
495	way other than through the purchase of insurance.
496	[(68)] (69) "General lines of authority" include:
497	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection [ <del>(69)</del> ] (70);
498	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
499	(i) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
500	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
501	(iii) title marketing representative only;
502	(c) surplus lines;
503	(d) workers' compensation; and
504	(e) any other line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize
505	in the public interest.
506	[ <del>(69)</del> ] (70) "General lines of insurance" include:
507	(a) accident and health;
508	(b) casualty;
509	(c) life;
510	(d) personal lines;
511	(e) property; and
512	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
513	[(70)] (71) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent
514	that the plan provides medical care:
515	(a) (i) to an employee; or
516	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
517	(b) (i) directly;
518	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
519	(iii) through another method.
520	$[\frac{(71)}{2}]$ (a) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons
521	that is issued:

522	(i) to a policyholder on behalf of the group; and
523	(ii) for the benefit of a member of the group who is selected under a procedure defined
524	in:
525	(A) the policy; or
526	(B) an agreement that is collateral to the policy.
527	(b) A group insurance policy may include a member of the policyholder's family or a
528	dependent.
529	[(72)] (73) "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
530	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the
531	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
532	[(73)] $(74)$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(73)]$ $(74)$ (b), "health benefit plan"
533	means a policy or certificate that:
534	(i) provides health care insurance;
535	(ii) provides major medical expense insurance; or
536	(iii) is offered as a substitute for hospital or medical expense insurance, such as:
537	(A) a hospital confinement indemnity; or
538	(B) a limited benefit plan.
539	(b) "Health benefit plan" does not include a policy or certificate that:
540	(i) provides benefits solely for:
541	(A) accident;
542	(B) dental;
543	(C) income replacement;
544	(D) long-term care;
545	(E) a Medicare supplement;
546	(F) a specified disease;
547	(G) vision; or
548	(H) a short-term limited duration; or
549	(ii) is offered and marketed as supplemental health insurance.
550	[(74)] (75) "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,
551	treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
552	(a) a professional service;

553	(b) a personal service;
554	(c) a facility;
555	(d) equipment;
556	(e) a device;
557	(f) supplies; or
558	(g) medicine.
559	[(75)] $(76)$ (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance
560	providing:
561	(i) a health care benefit; or
562	(ii) payment of an incurred health care expense.
563	(b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
564	insurance providing a benefit for:
565	(i) replacement of income;
566	(ii) short-term accident;
567	(iii) fixed indemnity;
568	(iv) credit accident and health;
569	(v) supplements to liability;
570	(vi) workers' compensation;
571	(vii) automobile medical payment;
572	(viii) no-fault automobile;
573	(ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
574	(x) a type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to
575	another type of policy.
576	(77) "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act" means the Health Insurance
577	Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as amended.
578	[(76)] (78) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means
579	insurance written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
580	[(77)] (79) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an
581	insured loss.
582	[(78)] (80) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed
583	under Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of an insurer.

584	$\left[\frac{(79)}{(81)}\right]$ "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under
585	Section 31A-15-104.
586	[ <del>(80)</del> ] (82) "Individual" means a natural person.
587	[(81)] (83) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
588	(a) property in transit on or over land;
589	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
590	(c) bailee liability;
591	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
592	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
593	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
594	[ <del>(82)</del> ] (84) "Insolvency" means that:
595	(a) an insurer is unable to pay its debts or meet its obligations as the debts and
596	obligations mature;
597	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
598	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or
599	(c) an insurer is determined to be hazardous under this title.
500	[ <del>(83)</del> ] ( <u>85)</u> (a) "Insurance" means:
501	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
502	persons to one or more other persons; or
503	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a
504	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
505	(b) "Insurance" includes:
606	(i) a risk distributing arrangement providing for compensation or replacement for
507	damages or loss through the provision of a service or a benefit in kind;
508	(ii) a contract of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
509	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
510	(iii) a plan in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes an arrangement,
511	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share the risk.
512	[ <del>(84)</del> ] (86) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs the investigation,
513	negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life insurance or an
514	annuity, on behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance policy.

615	[ <del>(85)</del> ] (87) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
616	(a) providing health care insurance by an organization that is or is required to be
617	licensed under this title;
618	(b) providing a benefit to an employee in the event of a contingency not within the
619	control of the employee, in which the employee is entitled to the benefit as a right, which
620	benefit may be provided either:
621	(i) by a single employer or by multiple employer groups; or
622	(ii) through one or more trusts, associations, or other entities;
623	(c) providing an annuity:
624	(i) including an annuity issued in return for a gift; and
625	(ii) except an annuity provided by a person specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)
626	and (3);
627	(d) providing the characteristic services of a motor club as outlined in Subsection
628	[ <del>(113)</del> ] <u>(115);</u>
629	(e) providing another person with insurance;
630	(f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor,
631	or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance;
632	(g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
633	(i) solicitation;
634	(ii) negotiation preliminary to execution;
635	(iii) execution of a contract of title insurance;
636	(iv) insuring; and
637	(v) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
638	the contract, including reinsurance; [and]
639	[(vi)] (h) transacting or proposing a life settlement; and
640	[(h)] (i) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections
641	[(85)] (87)(a) through $[(g)]$ (h) in a manner designed to evade this title.
642	[(86)] (88) "Insurance consultant" or "consultant" means a person who:
643	(a) advises another person about insurance needs and coverages;
644	(b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance
645	placed; and

646	(c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or
647	indirectly by an insurer or producer for advice given.
648	[(87)] (89) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more
649	affiliated persons, at least one of whom is an insurer.
650	[(88)] (90) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required
651	to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.
652	[(b) With regards to the selling, soliciting, or negotiating of an insurance product to an
653	insurance customer or an insured:]
654	[(i) "producer] (b) (i) "Producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated
655	directly or indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating $[a]$ an insurance product
656	of that insurer[ <del>; and</del> ].
657	(ii) "Producer for the insurer" may be referred to as an "agent."
658	[(ii) "producer] (c) (i) "Producer for the insured" means a producer who:
659	(A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and
660	(B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling,
661	soliciting, or negotiating [a] an insurance product of that insurer to an insurance customer or
662	insured.
663	(ii) "Producer for the insured" may be referred to as a "broker."
664	[(89)] (91) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer
665	makes a promise in an insurance policy and includes:
666	(i) a policyholder;
667	(ii) a subscriber;
668	(iii) a member; and
669	(iv) a beneficiary.
670	(b) The definition in Subsection [ <del>(89)</del> ] <u>(91)</u> (a):
671	(i) applies only to this title; and
672	(ii) does not define the meaning of this word as used in an insurance policy or
673	certificate.
674	[(90)] (92) (a) "Insurer" means a person doing an insurance business as a principal
675	including:
676	(i) a fraternal benefit society:

677	(ii) an issuer of a gift annuity other than an annuity specified in Subsections
678	31A-22-1305(2) and (3);
679	(iii) a motor club;
680	(iv) an employee welfare plan; and
681	(v) a person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on that
682	person's own account.
683	(b) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity to the extent the governmental
684	entity is engaged in an activity described in Section 31A-12-107.
685	[(91)] (93) "Interinsurance exchange" is defined in Subsection $[(142)]$ (144).
686	[(92)] (94) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
687	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
688	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
689	coming due on a:
690	(i) specific loan; or
691	(ii) credit transaction.
692	[ <del>(93)</del> ] (95) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
693	employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
694	(a) employed an average of at least 51 eligible employees on each business day during
695	the preceding calendar year; and
696	(b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
697	[(94)] (96) "Late enrollee," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means an
698	individual whose enrollment is a late enrollment.
699	[(95)] (97) "Late enrollment," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
700	enrollment of an individual other than:
701	(a) on the earliest date on which coverage can become effective for the individual
702	under the terms of the plan; or
703	(b) through special enrollment.
704	[(96)] (98) (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
705	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for a
706	specified legal expense.
707	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes an arrangement that creates a reasonable

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708	expectation of an enforceable right.
709	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for
710	legal services incidental to other insurance coverage.
711	[(97)] (99) (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
712	(i) for death, injury, or disability of a human being, or for damage to property,
713	exclusive of the coverages under:
714	(A) Subsection [(107)] (109) for medical malpractice insurance;
715	(B) Subsection [ <del>(134)</del> ] (136) for professional liability insurance; and
716	(C) Subsection [(168)] (170) for workers' compensation insurance;
717	(ii) for a medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefit to a person other than the
718	insured who is injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or
719	supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of a human
720	being, exclusive of the coverages under:
721	(A) Subsection [(107)] (109) for medical malpractice insurance;
722	(B) Subsection $[\frac{(134)}{(136)}]$ for professional liability insurance; and
723	(C) Subsection [(168)] (170) for workers' compensation insurance;
724	(iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from an accident to or explosion of a
725	boiler, pipe, pressure container, machinery, or apparatus;
726	(iv) for loss or damage to property caused by:
727	(A) the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, water pipe, or water container; or
728	(B) water entering through a leak or opening in a building; or
729	(v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within another kind
730	of insurance as defined in this chapter, if the insurance is not contrary to law or public policy.
731	(b) "Liability insurance" includes:
732	(i) vehicle liability insurance;
733	(ii) residential dwelling liability insurance; and
734	(iii) making inspection of, and issuing a certificate of inspection upon, an elevator,
735	boiler, machinery, or apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on the
736	elevator, boiler, machinery, or apparatus.

[(98)] (100) (a) "License" means authorization issued by the commissioner to engage in

an activity that is part of or related to the insurance business.

739 (b) "License" includes a certificate of authority issued to an insurer. 740 [<del>(99)</del>] (101) (a) "Life insurance" means: 741 (i) insurance on a human life; and 742 (ii) insurance pertaining to or connected with human life. 743 (b) The business of life insurance includes: 744 (i) granting a death benefit; 745 (ii) granting an annuity benefit; 746 (iii) granting an endowment benefit; 747 (iv) granting an additional benefit in the event of death by accident; 748 (v) granting an additional benefit to safeguard the policy against lapse; and 749 (vi) providing an optional method of settlement of proceeds. 750 [(100)] (102) "Limited license" means a license that: 751 (a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and 752 (b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance. 753 [(101)] (103) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of 754 insurance: (a) credit life; 755 756 (b) credit accident and health: 757 (c) credit property; 758 (d) credit unemployment; 759 (e) involuntary unemployment; 760 (f) mortgage life; 761 (g) mortgage guaranty; 762 (h) mortgage accident and health; 763 (i) guaranteed automobile protection; and 764 (i) another form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that: 765 (i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and 766 (ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line 767 credit insurance. 768 [(102)] (104) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells, 769 solicits, or negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to an

770	individual through a master, corporate, group, or individual policy.
771	[(103)] (105) "Limited line insurance" includes:
772	(a) bail bond;
773	(b) limited line credit insurance;
774	(c) legal expense insurance;
775	(d) motor club insurance;
776	(e) [rental car-related] car rental related insurance;
777	(f) travel insurance;
778	(g) crop insurance;
779	(h) self-service storage insurance; [and]
780	(i) guaranteed asset protection waiver; and
781	[(i)] (j) another form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule
782	should be designated a form of limited line insurance.
783	[ <del>(104)</del> ] (106) "Limited lines authority" includes:
784	(a) the lines of insurance listed in Subsection [ $(103)$ ] $(105)$ ; and
785	(b) a customer service representative.
786	[(105)] (107) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates
787	limited lines insurance.
788	[(106)] (108) (a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
789	advertised, marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage:
790	(i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital;
791	(ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for a covered person on the basis of:
792	(A) expenses incurred;
793	(B) indemnity;
794	(C) prepayment; or
795	(D) another method;
796	(iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are:
797	(A) diagnostic;
798	(B) preventative;
799	(C) therapeutic;
800	(D) rehabilitative;

801	(E) maintenance; or
802	(F) personal care; and
803	(iv) that may be issued by:
804	(A) an insurer;
805	(B) a fraternal benefit society;
806	(C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and
807	(II) a medical service corporation;
808	(D) a prepaid health plan;
809	(E) a health maintenance organization; or
810	(F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections $[\frac{(106)}{(108)}]$ $(\frac{108}{(108)})$
811	through (E) to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care
812	insurance.
813	(b) "Long-term care insurance" includes:
814	(i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance:
815	(A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or
816	(B) a life insurance policy or rider;
817	(ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits on the basis of:
818	(A) cognitive impairment; or
819	(B) functional capacity; or
820	(iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract.
821	(c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include:
822	(i) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage;
823	(ii) basic hospital expense coverage;
824	(iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage;
825	(iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
826	(v) major medical expense coverage;
827	(vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage;
828	(vii) accident only coverage;
829	(viii) coverage for a specified:
830	(A) disease; or
831	(B) accident;

832	(1x) limited benefit health coverage; or
833	(x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a
834	lump sum payment:
835	(A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care:
836	(I) benefits; or
837	(II) eligibility; and
838	(B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events:
839	(I) terminal illness;
840	(II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or
841	(III) permanent institutional confinement.
842	[(107)] (109) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability
843	incident to the practice and provision of a medical service other than the practice and provision
844	of a dental service.
845	[(108)] (110) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance
846	corporation.
847	[(109)] (111) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that
848	must be constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute.
849	[(110)] (112) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in
850	connection with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a
851	mortgage while the debtor is disabled.
852	[(111)] (113) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which a
853	mortgagee or other creditor is indemnified against losses caused by the default of a debtor.
854	$[\frac{(112)}{(114)}]$ "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in
855	connection with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies.
856	$\left[\frac{(113)}{(115)}\right]$ "Motor club" means a person:
857	(a) licensed under:
858	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
859	(ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or
860	(iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
861	(b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time
862	one or more:

863	(i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b);
864	(ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or
865	(iii) (A) trip reimbursement;
866	(B) towing services;
867	(C) emergency road services;
868	(D) stolen automobile services;
869	(E) a combination of the services listed in Subsections [(113)] (115)(b)(iii)(A) through
870	(D); or
871	(F) other services given in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f).
872	[(114)] (116) "Mutual" means a mutual insurance corporation.
873	[(115)] (117) "Network plan" means health care insurance:
874	(a) that is issued by an insurer; and
875	(b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in
876	part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing
877	and delivery of an item paid for as medical care.
878	[(116)] (118) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is
879	not entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
880	$[\frac{(117)}{(119)}]$ "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to:
881	(a) ships or hulls of ships;
882	(b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, money,
883	securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia
884	interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways;
885	(c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from
886	transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or
887	(d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors,
888	owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons
889	in connection with maritime activity.
890	$[\frac{(118)}{(120)}]$ "Order" means an order of the commissioner.
891	[(119)] (121) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and
892	health insurance policy.
893	$\left[\frac{(120)}{(122)}\right]$ "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is

894	entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
895	[(121)] (123) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement
896	relating to the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to
897	the total number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who
898	voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee:
899	(a) has other group health care insurance coverage; or
900	(b) receives:
901	(i) Medicare, under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social
902	Security Amendments of 1965; or
903	(ii) another government health benefit.
904	[ <del>(122)</del> ] <u>(124)</u> "Person" includes:
905	(a) an individual;
906	(b) a partnership;
907	(c) a corporation;
908	(d) an incorporated or unincorporated association;
909	(e) a joint stock company;
910	(f) a trust;
911	(g) a limited liability company;
912	(h) a reciprocal;
913	(i) a syndicate; or
914	(j) another similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert.
915	[(123)] (125) "Personal lines insurance" means property and casualty insurance
916	coverage sold for primarily noncommercial purposes to:
917	(a) an individual; or
918	(b) a family.
919	[ <del>(124)</del> ] (126) "Plan sponsor" is as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(16)(B).
920	[ <del>(125)</del> ] <u>(127)</u> "Plan year" means:
921	(a) the year that is designated as the plan year in:
922	(i) the plan document of a group health plan; or
923	(ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan;
924	(b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year or

925	there is no plan document or summary plan description:
926	(i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits;
927	(ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis;
928	or
929	(iii) the employer's taxable year if:
930	(A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and
931	(B) (I) the plan is not insured; or
932	(II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or
933	(c) in a case not described in Subsection [(125)] (127)(a) or (b), the calendar year.
934	[(126)] (128) (a) "Policy" means a document, including an attached endorsement or
935	application that:
936	(i) purports to be an enforceable contract; and
937	(ii) memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance contract.
938	(b) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:
939	(i) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
940	(ii) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and
941	(iii) a corporation licensed under:
942	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
943	(B) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.
944	(c) "Policy" does not include:
945	(i) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or
946	(ii) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.
947	[(127)] (129) "Policyholder" means a person who controls a policy, binder, or oral
948	contract by ownership, premium payment, or otherwise.
949	[(128)] (130) "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes
950	nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years.
951	[(129)] (131) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life
952	insurance policy.
953	[(130)] (132) "Preexisting condition," with respect to a health benefit plan:
954	(a) means a condition that was present before the effective date of coverage, whether or
955	not medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that day

956	and
957	(b) does not include a condition indicated by genetic information unless an actual
958	diagnosis of the condition by a physician has been made.
959	[(131)] (133) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy.
960	(b) "Premium" includes, however designated:
961	(i) an assessment;
962	(ii) a membership fee;
963	(iii) a required contribution; or
964	(iv) monetary consideration.
965	(c) (i) "Premium" does not include consideration paid to a third party administrator for
966	the third party administrator's services.
967	(ii) "Premium" includes an amount paid by a third party administrator to an insurer for
968	insurance on the risks administered by the third party administrator.
969	[(132)] (134) "Principal officers" for a corporation means the officers designated under
970	Subsection 31A-5-203(3).
971	[(133)] (135) "Proceeding" includes an action or special statutory proceeding.
972	[(134)] (136) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability
973	incident to the practice of a profession and provision of a professional service.
974	$[\frac{(135)}{(137)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(135)}{(137)}]$ (b), "property
975	insurance" means insurance against loss or damage to real or personal property of every kind
976	and any interest in that property:
977	(i) from all hazards or causes; and
978	(ii) against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle
979	comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages.
980	(b) "Property insurance" does not include:
981	(i) inland marine insurance; and
982	(ii) ocean marine insurance.
983	[(136)] (138) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
984	long-term care insurance contract" means:
985	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
986	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or

987	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
988	(i) (A) by rider; or
989	(B) as a part of the contract; and
990	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Sections 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue
991	Code.
992	[(137)] (139) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
993	(a) is:
994	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
995	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
996	under the laws of the United States or any state;
997	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by a United States federal or state authority
998	having regulatory authority over a bank or trust company; and
999	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
1000	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of a financial institution whose letters of credit
1001	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
1002	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
1003	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
1004	Commissioners.
1005	[ <del>(138)</del> ] <u>(140)</u> (a) "Rate" means:
1006	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
1007	(ii) for property or casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either
1008	expressed as:
1009	(A) a single number; or
1010	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before the application of individual risk variations
1011	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
1012	(I) expenses;
1013	(II) profit; and
1014	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
1015	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.
1016	$[\frac{(139)}{(141)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(139)}{(141)}]$ (141)(b), "rate service
1017	organization" means a person who assists an insurer in rate making or filing by:

1018	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
1019	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
1020	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
1021	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
1022	(i) an employee of an insurer;
1023	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;
1024	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or
1025	(iv) an individual serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
1026	[(140)] (142) "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
1027	renewal policy premiums:
1028	(a) a manual of rates;
1029	(b) a classification;
1030	(c) a rate-related underwriting rule; and
1031	(d) a rating formula that describes steps, policies, and procedures for determining
1032	initial and renewal policy premiums.
1033	[(141)] (143) "Received by the department" means:
1034	(a) the date delivered to and stamped received by the department, if delivered in
1035	person;
1036	(b) the post mark date, if delivered by mail;
1037	(c) the delivery service's post mark or pickup date, if delivered by a delivery service;
1038	(d) the received date recorded on an item delivered, if delivered by:
1039	(i) facsimile;
1040	(ii) email; or
1041	(iii) another electronic method; or
1042	(e) a date specified in:
1043	(i) a statute;
1044	(ii) a rule; or
1045	(iii) an order.
1046	[(142)] (144) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means an unincorporated
1047	association of persons:
1048	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of the persons; and

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1080	(x) investment contract;
1081	(xi) voting trust certificate;
1082	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;
1083	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in
1084	payments out of production under such a title or lease;
1085	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;
1086	(xv) certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,
1087	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed
1088	in Subsections [(148)] (150)(a)(i) through (xiv); or
1089	(xvi) another interest or instrument commonly known as a security.
1090	(b) "Security" does not include:
1091	(i) any of the following under which an insurance company promises to pay money in a
1092	specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period:
1093	(A) insurance;
1094	(B) an endowment policy; or
1095	(C) an annuity contract; or
1096	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.
1097	[(149)] (151) "Secondary medical condition" means a complication related to an
1098	exclusion from coverage in accident and health insurance.
1099	[(150)] (152) (a) "Self-insurance" means an arrangement under which a person
1100	provides for spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.
1101	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in this Subsection [(150)] (152), "self-insurance" does not
1102	include an arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.
1103	[(b)] (c) "Self-insurance" includes:
1104	(i) an arrangement by which a governmental entity undertakes to indemnify an
1105	employee for liability arising out of the employee's employment; and
1106	(ii) an arrangement by which a person with a managed program of self-insurance and
1107	risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or
1108	employees for liability or risk that is related to the relationship or employment.
1109	[(e)] (d) "Self-insurance" does not include an arrangement with an independent
1110	contractor.

1111	[(151)] (153) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
1112	(a) by any means;
1113	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
1114	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
1115	[(152)] (154) "Short-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
1116	advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care
1117	insurance, but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered
1118	person.
1119	[(153)] (155) "Significant break in coverage" means a period of 63 consecutive days
1120	during each of which an individual does not have creditable coverage.
1121	[(154)] (156) "Small employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
1122	employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
1123	(a) employed an average of at least two employees but not more than 50 eligible
1124	employees on each business day during the preceding calendar year; and
1125	(b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
1126	[(155)] (157) "Special enrollment period," in connection with a health benefit plan, has
1127	the same meaning as provided in federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance
1128	Portability and Accountability Act [of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936].
1129	[(156)] (158) (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person
1130	either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries.
1131	(b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting
1132	shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum
1133	number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or
1134	others.
1135	[(157)] (159) Subject to Subsection $[(83)]$ (85)(b), "surety insurance" includes:
1136	(a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from the failure of a principal to pay or
1137	perform the principal's obligations to a creditor or other obligee;
1138	(b) bail bond insurance; and
1139	(c) fidelity insurance.
1140	[(158)] (160) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital
1141	and liabilities.

1142	(b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of a mutual insurer that is designated by
1143	the insurer as permanent.
1144	(ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and 31A-14-209 require
1145	that mutuals doing business in this state maintain specified minimum levels of permanent
1146	surplus.
1147	(iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is the
1148	same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.
1149	(c) "Excess surplus" means:
1150	(i) for a life insurer, accident and health insurer, health organization, or property and
1151	casualty insurer as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:
1152	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1153	exceeds the product of:
1154	(I) 2.5; and
1155	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent
1156	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or
1157	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1158	exceeds the product of:
1159	(I) 3.0; and
1160	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and
1161	(ii) for a monoline mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty insurer, or title insurer
1162	that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:
1163	(A) 1.5; and
1164	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).
1165	[(159)] (161) "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means a person who
1166	collects charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of
1167	residents of the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance
1168	coverage, except:
1169	(a) a union on behalf of its members;
1170	(b) a person administering a:
1171	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1172	1974;

1173	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or
1174	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;
1175	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or
1176	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;
1177	(d) an insurer licensed under [Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, or 14] the following, but only for a
1178	line of insurance for which the insurer holds a license in this state[; or]:
1179	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1180	(ii) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1181	(iii) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1182	(iv) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; or
1183	(v) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; or
1184	(e) a person:
1185	(i) licensed or exempt from licensing under:
1186	(A) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
1187	Reinsurance Intermediaries; or
1188	(B) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; and
1189	(ii) whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the person holds
1190	or for which the person is exempt.
1191	[(160)] (162) "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of an
1192	owner of real or personal property or the holder of liens or encumbrances on that property, or
1193	others interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or
1194	encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity
1195	or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1196	[(161)] (163) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health
1197	organization's statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:
1198	(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be
1199	filed under Section 31A-4-113; and
1200	(b) another item provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in
1201	Section 31A-17-601.
1202	[(162)] (164) (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of
1203	a corporation.

1204	(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an
1205	individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting
1206	individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with
1207	or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund.
1208	[(163)] (165) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted
1209	insurer" means an insurer:
1210	(i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state;
1211	or
1212	(ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate.
1213	(b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer:
1214	(i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and
1215	(ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate.
1216	[(164)] (166) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the
1217	insurer.
1218	[(165)] (167) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting
1219	from or incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of a land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of a
1220	vehicle comprehensive or vehicle physical damage coverage under Subsection [(135)] (137).
1221	[(166)] (168) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes a
1222	security convertible into a security with a voting right associated with the security.
1223	[(167)] (169) "Waiting period" for a health benefit plan means the period that must
1224	pass before coverage for an individual, who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of
1225	the health benefit plan, can become effective.
1226	[(168)] (170) "Workers' compensation insurance" means:
1227	(a) insurance for indemnification of an employer against liability for compensation
1228	based on:
1229	(i) a compensable accidental injury; and
1230	(ii) occupational disease disability;
1231	(b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and
1232	written in connection with workers' compensation insurance; and
1233	(c) insurance assuring to a person entitled to workers' compensation benefits the
1234	compensation provided by law.

1235	Section 2. Section 31A-2-208 is amended to read:
1236	31A-2-208. Publications.
1237	(1) The commissioner may prepare and distribute books, pamphlets, and other
1238	publications relating to insurance. Except as otherwise provided under this title, the
1239	[insurance] commissioner may charge the cost of producing [the publications] a publication to
1240	those desiring to receive [them] the publication. Money collected from subscription fees
1241	charged for [these publications] a publication shall be deposited [as dedicated credits to be used
1242	solely for the production and mailing costs of the publications] into the Relative Value Study
1243	Restricted Account, created in Section 59-9-105, to be used as provided in Section 59-9-105.
1244	(2) The commissioner shall have the annual report required in Subsection
1245	31A-2-207(5) printed:
1246	(a) in a form determined by [him] the commissioner; and
1247	(b) in sufficient numbers to meet [all] requests for copies.
1248	(3) The commissioner shall publish in [his] the annual report required in Subsection
1249	31A-2-207(5) an up-to-date chart and explanation of the organization of [his] the
1250	commissioner's office, making clear the allocation of responsibility and authority among the
1251	staff. This [document] up-to-date chart and explanation shall be printed in sufficient numbers
1252	[sufficient] to meet [all] requests for copies.
1253	Section 3. Section 31A-2-212 is amended to read:
1254	31A-2-212. Miscellaneous duties.
1255	(1) Upon issuance of [any] an order limiting, suspending, or revoking [an insurer's] a
1256	person's authority to do business in Utah, and [on institution of any proceedings] when the
1257	commissioner begins a proceeding against [the] an insurer under Chapter 27a, Insurer
1258	Receivership Act, the commissioner:
1259	(a) shall notify by mail [all agents] the producers of the person or insurer of whom the
1260	commissioner has record; and
1261	(b) may publish notice of the order or proceeding in any manner the commissioner
1262	considers necessary to protect the rights of the public.
1263	(2) When required for evidence in [any] <u>a</u> legal proceeding, the commissioner shall
1264	furnish a certificate of [the] authority of [any] a licensee to transact [insurance] the business of
1265	insurance in Utah on any particular date. The court or other officer shall receive the certificate

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1266	of authority in lieu of the commissioner's testimony.
1267	(3) (a) On the request of [any] an insurer authorized to do a surety business, the
1268	commissioner shall furnish a copy of the insurer's certificate of authority to $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ designated
1269	public officer in this state who requires that certificate of authority before accepting a bond.

- (b) The public officer described in Subsection (3)(a) shall file the certificate of authority furnished under Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) After a certified copy of a certificate of authority [has been] is furnished to a public officer, it is not necessary, while the certificate of authority remains effective, to attach a copy of it to any instrument of suretyship filed with that public officer.
- (d) Whenever the commissioner revokes the certificate of authority or [starts proceedings] begins a proceeding under Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, against [any] an insurer authorized to do a surety business, the commissioner shall immediately give notice of that action to each public officer who [was] is sent a certified copy under this Subsection (3).
- (4) (a) The commissioner shall immediately notify every judge and clerk of [all] the courts of record in the state when:
  - (i) an authorized insurer doing a surety business:
  - (A) files a petition for receivership; or
  - (B) is in receivership; or
- 1284 (ii) the commissioner has reason to believe that the authorized insurer doing surety business:
  - (A) is in financial difficulty; or
  - (B) has unreasonably failed to carry out any of its contracts.
  - (b) Upon the receipt of the notice required by this Subsection (4), it is the duty of the judges and clerks to notify and require [every] <u>a</u> person that [has filed] files with the court a bond on which the authorized insurer doing surety business is surety[7] to immediately file a new bond with a new surety.
  - (5) The commissioner shall require an insurer that issues, sells, renews, or offers health insurance coverage in this state to comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act[, P.L. 104-191, pursuant to 110 Stat. 1968, Sec. 2722].
- Section 4. Section **31A-3-304** is amended to read:
- 1296 31A-3-304. Annual fees -- Other taxes or fees prohibited -- Captive Insurance

1297	Restricted Account.
1298	(1) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
1299	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
1300	(b) The commissioner shall:
1301	(i) determine the annual fee pursuant to Section 31A-3-103; and
1302	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states on
1303	captive insurance companies.
1304	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is
1305	subject to the relevant sanctions of this title.
1306	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)[(b)](d) and notwithstanding Title 59,
1307	Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, [the fee provided for in this section constitutes the
1308	sole tax or fee] the following constitute the sole taxes, fees, or charges under the laws of this
1309	state that may be [otherwise] levied or assessed on a captive insurance company[, and no other
1310	occupation tax or other tax or fee may be levied or collected from a captive insurance company
1311	by the state or a county, city, or municipality within this state.]:
1312	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a]
1313	(i) a fee under this section;
1314	(ii) a fee under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
1315	(iii) a fee under Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company
1316	Act.
1317	(b) The state or a county, city, or town within the state may not levy or collect an
1318	occupation tax or other tax, fee, or charge not described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (iii)
1319	against a captive insurance company.
1320	(c) The state may not levy, assess, or collect a withdrawal fee under Section 31A-4-115
1321	against a captive insurance company.
1322	(d) A captive insurance company is subject to real and personal property taxes.
1323	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
1324	commissioner by [March 31] June 20 of each year.
1325	(5) (a) Money received pursuant to [Subsection (2)] a fee described in Subsection
1326	(3)(a) shall be deposited into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
1327	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Captive

1328	Insurance Restricted Account."
1329	(c) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account shall consist of the fees [imposed by the
1330	commissioner in accordance with this section] described in Subsection (3)(a).
1331	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
1332	Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money deposited
1333	into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account to:
1334	(i) administer and enforce:
1335	(A) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
1336	(B) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act; and
1337	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
1338	(e) An appropriation from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account is nonlapsing,
1339	except that at the end of each fiscal year, money received by the commissioner in excess of
1340	[\$600,000] \$950,000 shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund.
1341	Section 5. Section 31A-14-211 is amended to read:
1342	31A-14-211. Restrictions on foreign title insurers.
1343	(1) An authorized foreign title insurer may not insure property in this state except:
1344	(a) through a title insurance producer who is a resident in Utah; or
1345	(b) through a bona fide [branch] office in Utah:
1346	(i) that is under the direction and control of the authorized foreign title insurer [that
1347	<del>pays all</del> ];
1348	(ii) for which the authorized foreign title insurer pays the expenses [of the branch
1349	office], including compensation of [all] the employees[; or] of the bona fide office;
1350	(iii) at which a person may request information about title services related to a real
1351	estate transaction for which the person is a party;
1352	(iv) at which a person may deliver written communications to the authorized foreign
1353	title insurer as required by the real estate transaction for which the person is a party; and
1354	(v) at which a person may deliver escrow money related to a real estate transaction for
1355	which the person is a party.
1356	[(c) through a subsidiary title insurer authorized to do business in Utah.]
1357	(2) This section does not apply to reinsurance.
1358	Section 6. Section <b>31A-22-305</b> is amended to read:

1359	31A-22-305. Uninsured motorist coverage.
1360	(1) As used in this section, "covered persons" includes:
1361	(a) the named insured;
1362	(b) persons related to the named insured by blood, marriage, adoption, or guardianship,
1363	who are residents of the named insured's household, including those who usually make their
1364	home in the same household but temporarily live elsewhere;
1365	(c) any person occupying or using a motor vehicle:
1366	(i) referred to in the policy; or
1367	(ii) owned by a self-insured; and
1368	(d) any person who is entitled to recover damages against the owner or operator of the
1369	uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle because of bodily injury to or death of persons under
1370	Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c).
1371	(2) As used in this section, "uninsured motor vehicle" includes:
1372	(a) (i) a motor vehicle, the operation, maintenance, or use of which is not covered
1373	under a liability policy at the time of an injury-causing occurrence; or
1374	(ii) (A) a motor vehicle covered with lower liability limits than required by Section
1375	31A-22-304; and
1376	(B) the motor vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) is uninsured to the extent of
1377	the deficiency;
1378	(b) an unidentified motor vehicle that left the scene of an accident proximately caused
1379	by the motor vehicle operator;
1380	(c) a motor vehicle covered by a liability policy, but coverage for an accident is
1381	disputed by the liability insurer for more than 60 days or continues to be disputed for more than
1382	60 days; or
1383	(d) (i) an insured motor vehicle if, before or after the accident, the liability insurer of
1384	the motor vehicle is declared insolvent by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
1385	(ii) the motor vehicle described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) is uninsured only to the extent
1386	that the claim against the insolvent insurer is not paid by a guaranty association or fund.
1387	(3) (a) Uninsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(b) provides
1388	coverage for covered persons who are legally entitled to recover damages from owners or
1389	operators of uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death.

1390	(b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of uninsured
1391	motorist coverage shall be equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle
1392	liability coverage or the maximum uninsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer
1393	under the insured's motor vehicle policy, unless the insured purchases coverage in a lesser
1394	amount by signing an acknowledgment form that:
1395	(i) is filed with the department;
1396	(ii) is provided by the insurer;
1397	(iii) waives the higher coverage;
1398	(iv) reasonably explains the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage; and
1399	(v) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase uninsured motorist
1400	coverage with limits equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability
1401	coverage or the maximum uninsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under the
1402	insured's motor vehicle policy.
1403	(c) A self-insured, including a governmental entity, may elect to provide uninsured
1404	motorist coverage in an amount that is less than its maximum self-insured retention under
1405	Subsections (3)(b) and (4)(a) by issuing a declaratory memorandum or policy statement from
1406	the chief financial officer or chief risk officer that declares the:
1407	(i) self-insured entity's coverage level; and
1408	(ii) process for filing an uninsured motorist claim.
1409	(d) Uninsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than the
1410	minimum bodily injury limits for motor vehicle liability policies under Section 31A-22-304.
1411	(e) The acknowledgment under Subsection (3)(b) continues for that issuer of the
1412	uninsured motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different uninsured motorist
1413	coverage from the insurer.
1414	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [f]$ (f) (i) In conjunction with the first two renewal notices sent after January 1,
1414a	2001, for
1415	policies existing on that date, the insurer shall disclose in the same medium as the premium
1416	renewal notice, an explanation of: []
1417	[f] (A) the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage; and [f]
1418	[f] (B) the costs associated with increasing the coverage in amounts up to and
1418a	including
1419	the maximum amount available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy. []
1420	[f] (ii) The disclosure required under this Subsection (3)(f) shall be sent to all insureds

1421	that carry uninsured motorist coverage limits in an amount less than the insured's motor
1421a	vehicle
1422	liability policy limits or the maximum uninsured motorist coverage limits available by the
1423	insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy. [₹] ←Ĥ
1424	(4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the named insured may reject
1425	uninsured motorist coverage by an express writing to the insurer that provides liability
1426	coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).
1427	(ii) This rejection shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a reasonable
1428	explanation of the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage.
1429	(iii) This rejection continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in
1430	writing requests uninsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer.
1431	(b) (i) All persons, including governmental entities, that are engaged in the business of,
1432	or that accept payment for, transporting natural persons by motor vehicle, and all school
1433	districts that provide transportation services for their students, shall provide coverage for all
1434	motor vehicles used for that purpose, by purchase of a policy of insurance or by self-insurance,
1435	uninsured motorist coverage of at least \$25,000 per person and \$500,000 per accident.
1436	(ii) This coverage is secondary to any other insurance covering an injured covered
1437	person.
1438	(c) Uninsured motorist coverage:
1439	(i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers'
1440	Compensation Act;
1441	(ii) may not be subrogated by the workers' compensation insurance carrier;
1442	(iii) may not be reduced by any benefits provided by workers' compensation insurance;
1443	(iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person has
1444	been made whole;
1445	(v) may not be collected for bodily injury or death sustained by a person:
1446	(A) while committing a violation of Section 41-1a-1314;
1447	(B) who, as a passenger in a vehicle, has knowledge that the vehicle is being operated
1448	in violation of Section 41-1a-1314; or
1449	(C) while committing a felony; and
1450	(vi) notwithstanding Subsection (4)(c)(v), may be recovered:
1451	(A) for a person under 18 years of age who is injured within the scope of Subsection

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- 1452 (4)(c)(v) but limited to medical and funeral expenses; or
  - (B) by a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 53-13-103, who is injured within the course and scope of the law enforcement officer's duties.
  - (d) As used in this Subsection (4), "motor vehicle" has the same meaning as under Section 41-1a-102.
  - (5) When a covered person alleges that an uninsured motor vehicle under Subsection (2)(b) proximately caused an accident without touching the covered person or the motor vehicle occupied by the covered person, the covered person must show the existence of the uninsured motor vehicle by clear and convincing evidence consisting of more than the covered person's testimony.
  - (6) (a) The limit of liability for uninsured motorist coverage for two or more motor vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance coverage available to an injured person for any one accident.
  - (b) (i) Subsection (6)(a) applies to all persons except a covered person as defined under Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
  - (ii) A covered person as defined under Subsection (7)(b)(ii) is entitled to the highest limits of uninsured motorist coverage afforded for any one motor vehicle that the covered person is the named insured or an insured family member.
  - (iii) This coverage shall be in addition to the coverage on the motor vehicle the covered person is occupying.
    - (iv) Neither the primary nor the secondary coverage may be set off against the other.
  - (c) Coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident shall be primary coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall be secondary coverage.
  - (7) (a) Uninsured motorist coverage under this section applies to bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death of covered persons while occupying or using a motor vehicle only if the motor vehicle is described in the policy under which a claim is made, or if the motor vehicle is a newly acquired or replacement motor vehicle covered under the terms of the policy. Except as provided in Subsection (6) or this Subsection (7), a covered person injured in a motor vehicle described in a policy that includes uninsured motorist benefits may not elect to collect uninsured motorist coverage benefits from any other motor vehicle insurance policy

1483	under which the person is a covered person.
1484	(b) Each of the following persons may also recover uninsured motorist benefits under
1485	any one other policy in which they are described as a "covered person" as defined in Subsection
1486	(1):
1487	(i) a covered person injured as a pedestrian by an uninsured motor vehicle; and
1488	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), a covered person injured while occupying
1489	or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or furnished:
1490	(A) to the covered person;
1491	(B) to the covered person's spouse; or
1492	(C) to the covered person's resident parent or resident sibling.
1493	(c) (i) A covered person may recover benefits from no more than two additional
1494	policies, one additional policy from each parent's household if the covered person is:
1495	(A) a dependent minor of parents who reside in separate households; and
1496	(B) injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or
1497	furnished:
1498	(I) to the covered person;
1499	(II) to the covered person's resident parent; or
1500	(III) to the covered person's resident sibling.
1501	(ii) Each parent's policy under this Subsection (7)(c) is liable only for the percentage of
1502	the damages that the limit of liability of each parent's policy of uninsured motorist coverage
1503	bears to the total of both parents' uninsured coverage applicable to the accident.
1504	(d) A covered person's recovery under any available policies may not exceed the full
1505	amount of damages.
1506	(e) A covered person in Subsection (7)(b) is not barred against making subsequent
1507	elections if recovery is unavailable under previous elections.
1508	(f) (i) As used in this section, "interpolicy stacking" means recovering benefits for a
1509	single incident of loss under more than one insurance policy.
1510	(ii) Except to the extent permitted by Subsection (6) and this Subsection (7),
1511	interpolicy stacking is prohibited for uninsured motorist coverage.

(8) (a) When a claim is brought by a named insured or a person described in

Subsection (1) and is asserted against the covered person's uninsured motorist carrier, the

1514	claimant may elect to resolve the claim:
1515	(i) by submitting the claim to binding arbitration; or
1516	(ii) through litigation.
1517	(b) Unless otherwise provided in the policy under which uninsured benefits are
1518	claimed, the election provided in Subsection (8)(a) is available to the claimant only.
1519	(c) Once the claimant has elected to commence litigation under Subsection (8)(a)(ii),
1520	the claimant may not elect to resolve the claim through binding arbitration under this section
1521	without the written consent of the uninsured motorist carrier.
1522	(d) (i) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties, a claim that is submitted to
1523	binding arbitration under Subsection (8)(a)(i) shall be resolved by a single arbitrator.
1524	(ii) All parties shall agree on the single arbitrator selected under Subsection (8)(d)(i).
1525	(iii) If the parties are unable to agree on a single arbitrator as required under Subsection
1526	(8)(d)(ii), the parties shall select a panel of three arbitrators.
1527	(e) If the parties select a panel of three arbitrators under Subsection (8)(d)(iii):
1528	(i) each side shall select one arbitrator; and
1529	(ii) the arbitrators appointed under Subsection (8)(e)(i) shall select one additional
1530	arbitrator to be included in the panel.
1531	(f) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing:
1532	(i) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
1533	under Subsection (8)(d)(i); or
1534	(ii) if an arbitration panel is selected under Subsection (8)(d)(iii):
1535	(A) each party shall pay the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected by that party; and
1536	(B) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
1537	under Subsection (8)(e)(ii).
1538	(g) Except as otherwise provided in this section or unless otherwise agreed to in
1539	writing by the parties, an arbitration proceeding conducted under this section shall be governed
1540	by Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
1541	(h) The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 26 through 37, 54, and
1542	68 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
1543	(i) All issues of discovery shall be resolved by the arbitrator or the arbitration panel.
1544	(j) A written decision by a single arbitrator or by a majority of the arbitration panel

shall constitute a final decision.

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- (k) (i) The amount of an arbitration award may not exceed the uninsured motorist policy limits of all applicable uninsured motorist policies, including applicable uninsured motorist umbrella policies.
- (ii) If the initial arbitration award exceeds the uninsured motorist policy limits of all applicable uninsured motorist policies, the arbitration award shall be reduced to an amount equal to the combined uninsured motorist policy limits of all applicable uninsured motorist policies.
- (l) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not decide the issues of coverage or extra-contractual damages, including:
  - (i) whether the claimant is a covered person;
  - (ii) whether the policy extends coverage to the loss; or
  - (iii) any allegations or claims asserting consequential damages or bad faith liability.
- (m) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not conduct arbitration on a class-wide or class-representative basis.
- (n) If the arbitrator or arbitration panel finds that the action was not brought, pursued, or defended in good faith, the arbitrator or arbitration panel may award reasonable attorney fees and costs against the party that failed to bring, pursue, or defend the claim in good faith.
- (o) An arbitration award issued under this section shall be the final resolution of all claims not excluded by Subsection (8)(1) between the parties unless:
  - (i) the award was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means; or
  - (ii) either party, within 20 days after service of the arbitration award:
  - (A) files a complaint requesting a trial de novo in the district court; and
- (B) serves the nonmoving party with a copy of the complaint requesting a trial de novo under Subsection (8)(o)(ii)(A).
- (p) (i) Upon filing a complaint for a trial de novo under Subsection (8)(o), the claim shall proceed through litigation pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and Utah Rules of Evidence in the district court.
- (ii) In accordance with Rule 38, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, either party may request a jury trial with a complaint requesting a trial de novo under Subsection (8)(o)(ii)(A).
  - (q) (i) If the claimant, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested under

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- Subsection (8)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least \$5,000 and is at least 20% greater than the arbitration award, the claimant is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
  - (ii) If the uninsured motorist carrier, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested under Subsection (8)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least 20% less than the arbitration award, the uninsured motorist carrier is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
  - (iii) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(q)(iv), the costs under this Subsection (8)(q) shall include:
    - (A) any costs set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
  - (B) the costs of expert witnesses and depositions.
    - (iv) An award of costs under this Subsection (8)(q) may not exceed \$2,500.
  - (r) For purposes of determining whether a party's verdict is greater or less than the arbitration award under Subsection (8)(q), a court may not consider any recovery or other relief granted on a claim for damages if the claim for damages:
    - (i) was not fully disclosed in writing prior to the arbitration proceeding; or
  - (ii) was not disclosed in response to discovery contrary to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
  - (s) If a district court determines, upon a motion of the nonmoving party, that the moving party's use of the trial de novo process was filed in bad faith in accordance with Section 78B-5-825, the district court may award reasonable attorney fees to the nonmoving party.
  - (t) Nothing in this section is intended to limit any claim under any other portion of an applicable insurance policy.
  - (u) If there are multiple uninsured motorist policies, as set forth in Subsection (7), the claimant may elect to arbitrate in one hearing the claims against all the uninsured motorist carriers.
  - (9) (a) Within 30 days after a covered person elects to submit a claim for uninsured motorist benefits to binding arbitration or files litigation, the covered person shall provide to the uninsured motorist carrier:
    - (i) a written demand for payment of uninsured motorist coverage benefits, setting forth:
    - (A) the specific monetary amount of the demand; and
- (B) the factual and legal basis and any supporting documentation for the demand;

- (ii) a written statement under oath disclosing:
- (A) (I) the names and last known addresses of all health care providers who have rendered health care services to the covered person that are material to the claims for which uninsured motorist benefits are sought for a period of five years preceding the date of the event giving rise to the claim for uninsured motorist benefits up to the time the election for arbitration or litigation has been exercised; and
- (II) whether the covered person has seen other health care providers who have rendered health care services to the covered person, which the covered person claims are immaterial to the claims for which uninsured motorist benefits are sought, for a period of five years preceding the date of the event giving rise to the claim for uninsured motorist benefits up to the time the election for arbitration or litigation has been exercised that have not been disclosed under Subsection (9)(a)(ii)(A)(I);
- (B) (I) the names and last known addresses of all health insurers or other entities to whom the covered person has submitted claims for health care services or benefits material to the claims for which uninsured motorist benefits are sought, for a period of five years preceding the date of the event giving rise to the claim for uninsured motorist benefits up to the time the election for arbitration or litigation has been exercised; and
- (II) whether the identity of any health insurers or other entities to whom the covered person has submitted claims for health care services or benefits, which the covered person claims are immaterial to the claims for which uninsured motorist benefits are sought, for a period of five years preceding the date of the event giving rise to the claim for uninsured motorist benefits up to the time the election for arbitration or litigation have not been disclosed;
- (C) if lost wages, diminished earning capacity, or similar damages are claimed, all employers of the covered person for a period of five years preceding the date of the event giving rise to the claim for uninsured motorist benefits up to the time the election for arbitration or litigation has been exercised;
  - (D) other documents to reasonably support the claims being asserted; and
- (E) all state and federal statutory lienholders including a statement as to whether the covered person is a recipient of Medicare or Medicaid benefits or Utah Children's Health Insurance Program benefits under Title 26, Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act, or if the claim is subject to any other state or federal statutory liens; and

- 1638 (iii) signed authorizations to allow the uninsured motorist carrier to only obtain records 1639 and billings from the individuals or entities disclosed.
  - (b) (i) If the uninsured motorist carrier determines that the disclosure of undisclosed health care providers or health care insurers under Subsection (9)(a)(ii) is reasonably necessary, the uninsured motorist carrier may:
  - (A) make a request for the disclosure of the identity of the health care providers or health care insurers; and
  - (B) make a request for authorizations to allow the uninsured motorist carrier to only obtain records and billings from the individuals or entities not disclosed.
    - (ii) If the covered person does not provide the requested information within 10 days:
  - (A) the covered person shall disclose, in writing, the legal or factual basis for the failure to disclose the health care providers or health care insurers; and
  - (B) either the covered person or the uninsured motorist carrier may request the arbitrator or arbitration panel to resolve the issue of whether the identities or records are to be provided if the covered person has elected arbitration.
  - (iii) The time periods imposed by Subsection (9)(c)(i) are tolled pending resolution of the dispute concerning the disclosure and production of records of the health care providers or health care insurers.
  - (c) (i) An uninsured motorist carrier that receives an election for arbitration or a notice of filing litigation and the demand for payment of uninsured motorist benefits under Subsection (9)(a)(i) shall have a reasonable time, not to exceed 60 days from the date of the demand and receipt of the items specified in Subsections (9)(a)(i) through (iii), to:
  - (A) provide a written response to the written demand for payment provided for in Subsection (9)(a)(i);
  - (B) except as provided in Subsection (9)(c)(i)(C), tender the amount, if any, of the uninsured motorist carrier's determination of the amount owed to the covered person; and
  - (C) if the covered person is a recipient of Medicare or Medicaid benefits or Utah Children's Health Insurance Program benefits under Title 26, Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act, or if the claim is subject to any other state or federal statutory liens, tender the amount, if any, of the uninsured motorist carrier's determination of the amount owed to the covered person less:

- 1669 (I) if the amount of the state or federal statutory lien is established, the amount of the 1670 lien; or
  - (II) if the amount of the state or federal statutory lien is not established, two times the amount of the medical expenses subject to the state or federal statutory lien until such time as the amount of the state or federal statutory lien is established.
  - (ii) If the amount tendered by the uninsured motorist carrier under Subsection (9)(c)(i) is the total amount of the uninsured motorist policy limits, the tendered amount shall be accepted by the covered person.
  - (d) A covered person who receives a written response from an uninsured motorist carrier as provided for in Subsection (9)(c)(i), may:
  - (i) elect to accept the amount tendered in Subsection (9)(c)(i) as payment in full of all uninsured motorist claims; or
    - (ii) elect to:
  - (A) accept the amount tendered in Subsection (9)(c)(i) as partial payment of all uninsured motorist claims; and
    - (B) litigate or arbitrate the remaining claim.
  - (e) If a covered person elects to accept the amount tendered under Subsection (9)(c)(i) as partial payment of all uninsured motorist claims, the final award obtained through arbitration, litigation, or later settlement shall be reduced by any payment made by the uninsured motorist carrier under Subsection (9)(c)(i).
    - (f) In an arbitration proceeding on the remaining uninsured claims:
  - (i) the parties may not disclose to the arbitrator or arbitration panel the amount paid under Subsection (9)(c)(i) until after the arbitration award has been rendered; and
  - (ii) the parties may not disclose the amount of the limits of uninsured motorist benefits provided by the policy.
  - (g) If the final award obtained through arbitration or litigation is greater than the average of the covered person's initial written demand for payment provided for in Subsection (9)(a)(i) and the uninsured motorist carrier's initial written response provided for in Subsection (9)(c)(i), the uninsured motorist carrier shall pay:
  - (i) the final award obtained through arbitration or litigation, except that if the award exceeds the policy limits of the subject uninsured motorist policy by more than \$15,000, the

1700	amount shall be reduced to an amount equal to the policy limits plus \$15,000; and
1701	(ii) any of the following applicable costs:
1702	(A) any costs as set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
1703	(B) the arbitrator or arbitration panel's fee; and
1704	(C) the reasonable costs of expert witnesses and depositions used in the presentation of
1705	evidence during arbitration or litigation.
1706	(h) (i) The covered person shall provide an affidavit of costs within five days of an
1707	arbitration award.
1708	(ii) (A) Objection to the affidavit of costs shall specify with particularity the costs to
1709	which the uninsured motorist carrier objects.
1710	(B) The objection shall be resolved by the arbitrator or arbitration panel.
1711	(iii) The award of costs by the arbitrator or arbitration panel under Subsection (9)(g)(iii)
1712	may not exceed \$5,000.
1713	(i) (i) A covered person shall disclose all material information, other than rebuttal
1714	evidence, as specified in Subsection (9)(a).
1715	(ii) If the information under Subsection (9)(i)(i) is not disclosed, the covered person
1716	may not recover costs or any amounts in excess of the policy under Subsection (9)(g).
1717	(j) This Subsection (9) does not limit any other cause of action that arose or may arise
1718	against the uninsured motorist carrier from the same dispute.
1719	(k) The provisions of this Subsection (9) only apply to motor vehicle accidents that
1720	occur on or after March 30, 2010.
1721	Section 7. Section <b>31A-22-607</b> is amended to read:
1722	31A-22-607. Grace period.
1723	(1) [Every] (a) An individual or franchise accident and health insurance policy shall
1724	contain one or more clauses providing for a grace period for premium payment only of:
1725	(i) at least 15 days for <u>a</u> weekly or monthly premium [policies] policy; and
1726	(ii) 30 days for [all other policies] a policy that is not a weekly or monthly premium
1727	policy, for each premium after the first premium payment. [A carrier]
1728	(b) An insurer may elect to include a grace period that is longer than 15 days for a
1729	weekly or monthly [policies] policy.
1730	[(a) The] (c) An individual or franchise accident and health insurance policy is not in

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assistance.

1731	force during [the] a grace period.
1732	[(b) If the] (d) If an insurer receives payment before [the] a grace period expires, the
1733	individual or franchise accident and health insurance policy continues in force with no gap in
1734	coverage.
1735	[(c) If the] (e) If an insurer does not receive payment before [the] a grace period
1736	expires, the [policy shall be] individual or franchise accident and health insurance policy is
1737	terminated as of the last date for which the premium [was] is paid in full.
1738	[(d)] (f) A grace period is not required if the policyholder has requested that the
1739	individual or franchise accident and health insurance policy be discontinued.
1740	(2) [Every] (a) A group or blanket accident and health insurance policy shall provide
1741	for a grace period of at least 30 days, unless the policyholder gives written notice of
1742	discontinuance [prior to] before the date of discontinuance, in accordance with the policy
1743	terms. [In group or blanket policies, the]
1744	(b) A group or blanket accident and health insurance policy is in force during a grace
1745	period.
1746	(c) If an insurer does not receive payment before a grace period expires, the group or
1747	blanket accident and health insurance policy is terminated as of the last day of the grace period.
1748	(d) A group or blanket accident and health insurance policy may provide for payment
1749	of a pro rata premium for the period the group or blanket accident and health insurance policy
1750	is in effect during [the] a grace period under this Subsection (2).
1751	(3) If [the] an insurer has not guaranteed the insured a right to renew an accident and
1752	health insurance policy, [any] a grace period beyond the expiration or anniversary date may, if
1753	provided in the accident and health insurance policy, be cut off by compliance with the notice
1754	provision under Subsection 31A-21-303(4)(b).
1755	Section 8. Section 31A-22-610.6 is amended to read:
1756	31A-22-610.6. Special enrollment for individuals receiving premium assistance.
1757	(1) As used in this section:
1758	(a) "Premium assistance" means assistance under Title 26, Chapter 18, Medical
1759	Assistance Act, in the payment of premium.

(b) "Qualified beneficiary" means an individual who is approved to receive premium

- (2) Subject to the other provisions in this section, an individual may enroll under this section at a time outside of an employer health benefit plan open enrollment period, regardless of previously waiving coverage, if the individual is:
  - (a) a qualified beneficiary who is eligible for coverage as an employee under the employer health benefit plan; or
- (b) a dependent of the qualified beneficiary who is eligible for coverage under the employer health benefit plan.
- (3) To be eligible to enroll outside of an open enrollment period, an individual described in Subsection (2) shall enroll in the employer health benefit plan by no later than 30 days from the day on which the qualified beneficiary receives initial written notification, after July 1, 2008, that the qualified beneficiary is eligible to receive premium assistance.
- (4) An individual described in Subsection (2) may enroll under this section only in an employer health benefit plan that is available at the time of enrollment to similarly situated eligible employees or dependents of eligible employees.
- (5) Coverage under an employer health benefit plan for an individual described in Subsection (2) may begin as soon as the first day of the month immediately following enrollment of the individual in accordance with this section.
- (6) This section does not modify any requirement related to premiums that applies under an employer health benefit plan to a similarly situated eligible employee or dependent of an eligible employee under the employer health benefit plan.
- (7) An employer health benefit plan may require an individual described in Subsection (2) to satisfy a preexisting condition waiting period that:
- (a) is allowed under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act [of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936]; and
- 1786 (b) is not longer than 12 months.
- Section 9. Section **31A-22-614.5** is amended to read:
- 1788 31A-22-614.5. Uniform claims processing -- Electronic exchange of health information.
  - (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), all insurers offering health insurance shall use a uniform claim form and uniform billing and claim codes.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2011, all health benefit plans, and dental and vision plans,

<del>104-191, 110 Stat. 1936</del>]; and

1793	shall provide for the electronic exchange of uniform:
1794	(i) eligibility and coverage information; and
1795	(ii) coordination of benefits information.
1796	(c) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), "health insurance" does not include a policy or
1797	certificate that provides benefits solely for:
1798	(i) income replacement; or
1799	(ii) long-term care.
1800	(2) (a) The uniform electronic standards and information required in Subsection (1)
1801	shall be adopted and approved by the commissioner in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1802	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1803	(b) When adopting rules under this section the commissioner:
1804	(i) shall:
1805	(A) consult with national and state organizations involved with the standardized
1806	exchange of health data, and the electronic exchange of health data, to develop the standards
1807	for the use and electronic exchange of uniform:
1808	(I) claim forms;
1809	(II) billing and claim codes;
1810	(III) insurance eligibility and coverage information; and
1811	(IV) coordination of benefits information; and
1812	(B) meet federal mandatory minimum standards following the adoption of national
1813	requirements for transaction and data elements in the federal Health Insurance Portability and
1814	Accountability Act [of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936];
1815	(ii) may not require an insurer or administrator to use a specific software product or
1816	vendor; and
1817	(iii) may require an insurer who participates in the all payer database created under
1818	Section 26-33a-106.1 to allow data regarding demographic and insurance coverage information
1819	to be electronically shared with the state's designated secure health information master person
1820	index to be used:
1821	(A) in compliance with data security standards established by:
1822	(I) the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act [of 1996, Pub. L.
1823	<del>104-191, 110 Stat. 1936</del> ]; and

1824	(II) the electronic commerce agreements established in a business associate agreement;
1825	and
1826	(B) for the purpose of coordination of health benefit plans.
1827	(3) (a) The commissioner shall coordinate the administrative rules adopted under the
1828	provisions of this section with the administrative rules adopted by the Department of Health for
1829	the implementation of the standards for the electronic exchange of clinical health information
1830	under Section 26-1-37. The department shall establish procedures for developing the rules
1831	adopted under this section, which ensure that the Department of Health is given the opportunity
1832	to comment on proposed rules.
1833	(b) (i) The commissioner may provide information to health care providers regarding
1834	resources available to a health care provider to verify whether a health care provider's practice
1835	management software system meets the uniform electronic standards for data exchange
1836	required by this section.
1837	(ii) The commissioner may provide the information described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)
1838	by partnering with:
1839	(A) a not-for-profit, broad based coalition of state health care insurers and health care
1840	providers who are involved in the electronic exchange of the data required by this section; or
1841	(B) some other person that the commissioner determines is appropriate to provide the
1842	information described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
1843	(c) The commissioner shall regulate any fees charged by insurers to the providers for:
1844	(i) uniform claim forms;
1845	(ii) electronic billing; or
1846	(iii) the electronic exchange of clinical health information permitted by Section
1847	26-1-37.
1848	Section 10. Section <b>31A-22-618.5</b> is amended to read:
1849	31A-22-618.5. Health benefit plan offerings.
1850	(1) The purpose of this section is to increase the range of health benefit plans available
1851	in the small group, small employer group, large group, and individual insurance markets.
1852	(2) A health maintenance organization that is subject to Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
1853	Organizations and Limited Health Plans:
1854	(a) shall offer to potential purchasers at least one health benefit plan that is subject to

1855	the requirements of Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1856	and
1857	(b) may offer to a potential purchaser one or more health benefit plans that:
1858	(i) are not subject to one or more of the following:
1859	(A) the limitations on insured indemnity benefits in Subsection 31A-8-105(4);
1860	(B) the limitation on point of service products in Subsections 31A-8-408(3) through
1861	(6);
1862	(C) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), basic health care services as defined in
1863	Section 31A-8-101; or
1864	(D) coverage mandates enacted after January 1, 2009 that are not required by federal
1865	law, provided that the insurer offers one plan under Subsection (2)(a) that covers the mandate
1866	enacted after January 1, 2009; and
1867	(ii) when offering a health plan under this section, provide coverage for an emergency
1868	medical condition as required by Section 31A-22-627 as follows:
1869	(A) within the organization's service area, covered services shall include health care
1870	services from non-affiliated providers when medically necessary to stabilize an emergency
1871	medical condition; and
1872	(B) outside the organization's service area, covered services shall include medically
1873	necessary health care services for the treatment of an emergency medical condition that are
1874	immediately required while the enrollee is outside the geographic limits of the organization's
1875	service area.
1876	(3) An insurer that offers a health benefit plan that is not subject to Chapter 8, Health
1877	Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans:
1878	(a) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-617(2), may offer a health benefit plan that
1879	groups providers into the following reimbursement levels:
1880	(i) tier one contracted providers;
1881	(ii) tier two contracted providers who the insurer must reimburse at least 75% of tier
1882	one providers; and
1883	(iii) one or more tiers of non-contracted providers; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
1884	(b) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-617(9) may offer a health benefit plan that is
1885	not subject to Section 31A-22-618;

1886 (c) beginning July 1, 2012, may offer [products under Subsection (3)(a)] health benefit 1887 plans that: 1888 (i) are not subject to Subsection 31A-22-617(2); and 1889 (ii) are subject to the reimbursement requirements in Section 31A-8-501; 1890 (d) when offering a health plan under this Subsection (3), shall provide coverage of 1891 emergency care services as required by Section 31A-22-627 by providing coverage at a reimbursement level of at least 75% of [tier one providers] the health benefit plan's highest 1892 1893 contracted provider category; and 1894 (e) are not subject to coverage mandates enacted after January 1, 2009 that are not 1895 required by federal law, provided that an insurer offers one plan that covers a mandate enacted 1896 after January 1, 2009. 1897 (4) Section 31A-8-106 does not prohibit the offer of a health benefit plan under 1898 Subsection (2)(b). 1899 (5) (a) Any difference in price between a health benefit plan offered under Subsections 1900 (2)(a) and (b) shall be based on actuarially sound data. 1901 (b) Any difference in price between a health benefit plan offered under Subsections 1902 (3)(a) and (b) shall be based on actuarially sound data. 1903 (6) Nothing in this section limits the number of health benefit plans that an insurer may 1904 offer. 1905 Section 11. Section **31A-22-625** is amended to read: 31A-22-625. Catastrophic coverage of mental health conditions. 1906 1907 (1) As used in this section: (a) (i) "Catastrophic mental health coverage" means coverage in a health benefit plan 1908 1909 that does not impose a lifetime limit, annual payment limit, episodic limit, inpatient or 1910 outpatient service limit, or maximum out-of-pocket limit that places a greater financial burden 1911 on an insured for the evaluation and treatment of a mental health condition than for the 1912 evaluation and treatment of a physical health condition. 1913 (ii) "Catastrophic mental health coverage" may include a restriction on cost sharing 1914 factors, such as deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance, before reaching a maximum 1915 out-of-pocket limit.

(iii) "Catastrophic mental health coverage" may include one maximum out-of-pocket

1917	limit for physical health conditions and another maximum out-of-pocket limit for mental health
1918	conditions, except that if separate out-of-pocket limits are established, the out-of-pocket limit
1919	for mental health conditions may not exceed the out-of-pocket limit for physical health
1920	conditions.
1921	(b) (i) "50/50 mental health coverage" means coverage in a health benefit plan that
1922	pays for at least 50% of covered services for the diagnosis and treatment of mental health
1923	conditions.
1924	(ii) "50/50 mental health coverage" may include a restriction on:
1925	(A) episodic limits;
1926	(B) inpatient or outpatient service limits; or
1927	(C) maximum out-of-pocket limits.
1928	(c) "Large employer" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-91.
1929	(d) (i) "Mental health condition" means a condition or disorder involving mental illness
1930	that falls under a diagnostic category listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual, as
1931	periodically revised.
1932	(ii) "Mental health condition" does not include the following when diagnosed as the
1933	primary or substantial reason or need for treatment:
1934	(A) a marital or family problem;
1935	(B) a social, occupational, religious, or other social maladjustment;
1936	(C) a conduct disorder;
1937	(D) a chronic adjustment disorder;
1938	(E) a psychosexual disorder;
1939	(F) a chronic organic brain syndrome;
1940	(G) a personality disorder;
1941	(H) a specific developmental disorder or learning disability; or
1942	(I) mental retardation.
1943	(e) "Small employer" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-91.
1944	(2) (a) At the time of purchase and renewal, an insurer shall offer to a small employer
1945	that it insures or seeks to insure a choice between catastrophic mental health coverage and
1946	50/50 mental health coverage.
1947	(b) In addition to complying with Subsection (2)(a), an insurer may offer to provide:

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1948 (i) catastrophic mental health coverage, 50/50 mental health coverage, or both at levels 1949 that exceed the minimum requirements of this section; or 1950 (ii) coverage that excludes benefits for mental health conditions. 1951 (c) A small employer may, at its option, choose either catastrophic mental health 1952 coverage, 50/50 mental health coverage, or coverage offered under Subsection (2)(b), 1953 regardless of the employer's previous coverage for mental health conditions. 1954 (d) An insurer is exempt from the 30% index rating restriction in Section 1955 31A-30-106.1 and, for the first year only that catastrophic mental health coverage is chosen, the 1956 15% annual adjustment restriction in Section 31A-30-106.1, for any small employer with 20 or 1957 less enrolled employees who chooses coverage that meets or exceeds catastrophic mental 1958 health coverage. 1959 (3) An insurer shall offer a large employer mental health and substance use disorder benefit in compliance with Section 2705 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1960 1961 [<del>300gg-5</del>] <u>300gg-26</u>, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act. 1962 (4) (a) An insurer may provide catastrophic mental health coverage to a small employer 1963 through a managed care organization or system in a manner consistent with Chapter 8, Health 1964 Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, regardless of whether the insurance 1965 policy uses a managed care organization or system for the treatment of physical health 1966 conditions. 1967 (b) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an insurer may: (A) establish a closed panel of providers for catastrophic mental health coverage; and 1968 1969 (B) refuse to provide a benefit to be paid for services rendered by a nonpanel provider 1970 unless: 1971 (I) the insured is referred to a nonpanel provider with the prior authorization of the 1972 insurer; and 1973 (II) the nonpanel provider agrees to follow the insurer's protocols and treatment 1974 guidelines. 1975 (ii) If an insured receives services from a nonpanel provider in the manner permitted by

Subsection (4)(b)(i)(B), the insurer shall reimburse the insured for not less than 75% of the

average amount paid by the insurer for comparable services of panel providers under a noncapitated arrangement who are members of the same class of health care providers.

1979	(iii) This Subsection (4)(b) may not be construed as requiring an insurer to authorize a
1980	referral to a nonpanel provider.
1981	(c) To be eligible for catastrophic mental health coverage, a diagnosis or treatment of a
1982	mental health condition must be rendered:
1983	(i) by a mental health therapist as defined in Section 58-60-102; or
1984	(ii) in a health care facility:
1985	(A) licensed or otherwise authorized to provide mental health services pursuant to:
1986	(I) Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act; or
1987	(II) Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities; and
1988	(B) that provides a program for the treatment of a mental health condition pursuant to a
1989	written plan.
1990	(5) The commissioner may prohibit an insurance policy that provides mental health
1991	coverage in a manner that is inconsistent with this section.
1992	(6) The commissioner shall:
1993	(a) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1994	Rulemaking Act, as necessary to ensure compliance with this section; and
1995	(b) provide general figures on the percentage of insurance policies that include:
1996	(i) no mental health coverage;
1997	(ii) 50/50 mental health coverage;
1998	(iii) catastrophic mental health coverage; and
1999	(iv) coverage that exceeds the minimum requirements of this section.
2000	(7) This section may not be construed as discouraging or otherwise preventing an
2001	insurer from providing mental health coverage in connection with an individual insurance
2002	policy.
2003	(8) This section shall be repealed in accordance with Section 63I-1-231.
2004	Section 12. Section 31A-22-701 is amended to read:
2005	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
2006	(1) As used in this section, "association group" means a lawfully formed association of
2007	individuals or business entities that:
2008	(a) purchases insurance on a group basis on behalf of members; and
2009	(b) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.

2010	(2) A group [or blanket] accident and health insurance policy may be issued to:
2011	(a) a group:
2012	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under Sections 31A-22-502,
2013	31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-506, 31A-22-507, and 31A-22-509; and
2014	(ii) that is formed [for a reason other than the purchase of insurance] and maintained in
2015	good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
2016	(b) an association group that:
2017	(i) has been actively in existence for at least five years;
2018	(ii) has a constitution and bylaws;
2019	(iii) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
2020	insurance;
2021	(iv) does not condition membership in the association group on any health
2022	status-related factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a
2023	dependent of an employee;
2024	(v) makes accident and health insurance coverage offered through the association
2025	group available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to the
2026	members or individuals eligible for coverage through a member; [and]
2027	(vi) does not make accident and health insurance coverage offered through the
2028	association group available other than in connection with a member of the association group;
2029	[or] and
2030	(vii) is actuarially sound; or
2031	(c) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner under Section 31A-22-509,
2032	upon a finding that:
2033	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
2034	(ii) the [proposed] group is actuarially sound;
2035	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
2036	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
2037	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will be
2038	offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies that are
2039	otherwise available to similar groups;
2040	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection; [and]

2041	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the
2042	insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided[-]; and
2043	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than
2044	obtaining insurance.
2045	(3) A blanket accident and health insurance policy:
2046	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
2047	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
2048	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
2049	(i) actuarially sound; and
2050	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
2051	and and
2052	(d) may [also] be issued only to:
2053	[(a)] (i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation,
2054	as policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by reference to
2055	[their] the person's travel status;
2056	[(b)] (ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents,
2057	or guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
2058	policyholder;
2059	$[(c)]$ (iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, $\underline{a}$ school jurisdictional
2060	[units] unit, or the head, principal, or governing board of [any of those units] a school
2061	jurisdictional unit, as policyholder, covering students, teachers, or employees;
2062	[(d)] (iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or
2063	branch of <u>one of</u> those organizations, as policyholder, covering [any] <u>a</u> group of members or
2064	participants as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities sponsored or
2065	supervised by the policyholder;
2066	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ a sports team, camp, or sponsor of $[\underline{the}]$ $\underline{a}$ sports team or camp, as
2067	policyholder, covering members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors;
2068	[(f)] (vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer
2069	organization, as policyholder, covering [any] a group of members or participants as defined by
2070	reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored, supervised, or participated in by
2071	the policyholder;

2072	[(g)] (vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering its carriers;
2073	[(h)] (viii) an association, including a labor union, [which] that has a constitution and
2074	bylaws and [which has been] that is organized in good faith for purposes other than that of
2075	obtaining insurance, as policyholder, covering [any] a group of members or participants as
2076	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or
2077	supervised by the policyholder; and
2078	[(i) a health insurance purchasing association, as defined in Section 31A-34-103,
2079	organized and controlled solely by participating employers; and]
2080	[(j)] (ix) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be
2081	properly eligible for blanket accident and health insurance.
2082	(4) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:
2083	(a) individual risks;
2084	(b) a class of risks; or
2085	(c) both Subsections (4)(a) and (b).
2086	Section 13. Section 31A-22-716 is amended to read:
2087	31A-22-716. Required provision for notice of termination.
2088	(1) Every policy for group or blanket accident and health coverage issued or renewed
2089	after July 1, 1990, shall include a provision that obligates the policyholder to give 30 days prior
2090	written notice of termination to each employee or group member and to notify each employee
2091	or group member of his rights to continue coverage upon termination.
2092	(2) An insurer's monthly notice to the policyholder of premium payments due shall
2093	include a statement of the policyholder's obligations as set forth in Subsection (1). Insurers
2094	shall provide a sample notice to the policyholder at least once a year.
2095	(3) For the purpose of compliance with federal law and the Health Insurance Portability
2096	and Accountability Act[, P.L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1960], all health benefit plans, health
2097	insurers, and student health plans must provide a certificate of creditable coverage to each
2098	covered person upon the person's termination from the plan as soon as reasonably possible.
2099	Section 14. Section 31A-22-721 is amended to read:
2100	31A-22-721. A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor Discontinuance and
2101	nonrenewal.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a health benefit plan for a plan

2103	sponsor is renewable and continues in force:
2104	(a) with respect to all eligible employees and dependents; and
2105	(b) at the option of the plan sponsor.
2106	(2) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
2107	(a) for a network plan, if:
2108	(i) there is no longer any enrollee under the group health plan who lives, resides, or
2109	works in:
2110	(A) the service area of the insurer; or
2111	(B) the area for which the insurer is authorized to do business; and
2112	(ii) in the case of the small employer market, the insurer applies the same criteria the
2113	insurer would apply in denying enrollment in the plan under Subsection 31A-30-108(7); or
2114	(b) for coverage made available in the small or large employer market only through an
2115	association, if:
2116	(i) the employer's membership in the association ceases; and
2117	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related
2118	factor relating to any covered individual.
2119	(3) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued if:
2120	(a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;
2121	(b) the plan sponsor fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the
2122	terms of the contract;
2123	(c) the plan sponsor:
2124	(i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud; or
2125	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
2126	coverage;
2127	(d) the insurer:
2128	(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit product delivered or issued
2129	for delivery in this state;
2130	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
2131	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, and dependent of a plan sponsor or employee; and
2132	(II) at least 90 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
2133	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:

2134	(1) to the commissioner; and
2135	(II) at least three working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
2136	sponsors, employees, and dependents of plan sponsors or employees;
2137	(C) offers to each plan sponsor, on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to purchase any
2138	other health benefit products currently being offered:
2139	(I) by the insurer in the market; or
2140	(II) in the case of a large employer, any other health benefit plan currently being
2141	offered in that market; and
2142	(D) in exercising the option to discontinue that product and in offering the option of
2143	coverage in this section, the insurer acts uniformly without regard to:
2144	(I) the claims experience of a plan sponsor;
2145	(II) any health status-related factor relating to any covered participant or beneficiary; or
2146	(III) any health status-related factor relating to a new participant or beneficiary who
2147	may become eligible for coverage; or
2148	(e) the insurer:
2149	(i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans:
2150	(A) in the small employer market; or
2151	(B) the large employer market; or
2152	(C) both the small and large employer markets; and
2153	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuance in writing:
2154	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee; and
2155	(II) at least 180 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
2156	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
2157	(I) to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known
2158	to reside; and
2159	(II) at least 30 business days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
2160	sponsors, employees, and dependents of a plan sponsor or employee;
2161	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all plans issued or delivered for issuance in the
2162	market; and
2163	(D) provides a plan of orderly withdrawal as required by Section 31A-4-115.
2164	(4) A large employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:

2165	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
2166	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's:
2167	(i) minimum participation requirements; or
2168	(ii) employer contribution requirements.
2169	(5) A small employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
2170	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
2171	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's employer contribution requirements.
2172	(6) A small employer health benefit plan may be nonrenewed:
2173	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
2174	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's minimum participation requirements.
2175	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), an eligible employee may be
2176	discontinued if after issuance of coverage the eligible employee:
2177	(i) engages in an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2178	or
2179	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in connection with the
2180	coverage.
2181	(b) An eligible employee that is discontinued under Subsection (7)(a) may reenroll:
2182	(i) 12 months after the date of discontinuance; and
2183	(ii) if the plan sponsor's coverage is in effect at the time the eligible employee applies
2184	to reenroll.
2185	(c) At the time the eligible employee's coverage is discontinued under Subsection
2186	(7)(a), the insurer shall notify the eligible employee of the right to reenroll when coverage is
2187	discontinued.
2188	(d) An eligible employee may not be discontinued under this Subsection (7) because of
2189	a fraud or misrepresentation that relates to health status.
2190	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), an insurer that elects to discontinue
2191	offering a health benefit plan under Subsection (3)(e) shall be prohibited from writing new
2192	business in such market in this state for a period of five years beginning on the date of
2193	discontinuation of the last coverage that is discontinued.
2194	(b) The commissioner may waive the prohibition under Subsection (8)(a) when the
2195	commissioner finds that waiver is in the public interest:

2196	(i) to promote competition; or
2197	(ii) to resolve inequity in the marketplace.
2198	(9) If an insurer is doing business in one established geographic service area of the
2199	state, this section applies only to the insurer's operations in that geographic service area.
2200	(10) An insurer may modify a health benefit plan for a plan sponsor only:
2201	(a) at the time of coverage renewal; and
2202	(b) if the modification is effective uniformly among all plans with a particular product
2203	or service.
2204	(11) For purposes of this section, a reference to "plan sponsor" includes a reference to
2205	the employer:
2206	(a) with respect to coverage provided to an employer member of the association; and
2207	(b) if the health benefit plan is made available by an insurer in the employer market
2208	only through:
2209	(i) an association;
2210	(ii) a trust; or
2211	(iii) a discretionary group.
2212	(12) (a) A small employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the small group
2213	market, employs on average more than 50 eligible employees on each business day in a
2214	calendar year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the small group
2215	market.
2216	(b) A large employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the large group
2217	market, employs on average less than 51 eligible employees on each business day in a calendar
2218	year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the large group market.
2219	(13) An insurer offering employer sponsored health benefit plans shall comply with the
2220	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, [P. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1962, Sec. 2701
2221	and 2702] 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg and 300gg-1.
2222	Section 15. Section 31A-22-723 is amended to read:
2223	31A-22-723. Conversion from group coverage.
2224	(1) Notwithstanding Subsection 31A-1-103(3)(f), and except as provided in Subsection
2225	(3), [all policies] a policy of accident and health insurance offered on a group basis under this
2226	title, or Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Act, shall

2227	provide that a person whose insurance under the group policy has been terminated is entitled to
2228	choose a converted individual policy in accordance with this section and Section 31A-22-724.
2229	(2) A person who has lost group coverage may elect conversion coverage with the
2230	insurer that provided prior group coverage if the person:
2231	(a) has been continuously covered for a period of three months by the group policy or
2232	the group's preceding policies immediately prior to termination;
2233	(b) has exhausted either:
2234	(i) Utah mini-COBRA coverage as required in Section 31A-22-722;
2235	(ii) federal COBRA coverage; or
2236	(iii) alternative coverage under Section 31A-22-724;
2237	(c) has not acquired or is not covered under any other group coverage that covers [all]
2238	preexisting conditions, including maternity, if the coverage exists; and
2239	(d) resides in the insurer's service area.
2240	(3) This section does not apply if the person's prior group coverage:
2241	(a) is a stand alone policy that only provides one of the following:
2242	(i) catastrophic benefits;
2243	(ii) aggregate stop loss benefits;
2244	(iii) specific stop loss benefits;
2245	(iv) benefits for specific diseases;
2246	(v) accidental injuries only;
2247	(vi) dental; or
2248	(vii) vision;
2249	(b) is an income replacement policy;
2250	(c) was terminated because the insured:
2251	(i) failed to pay any required individual contribution;
2252	(ii) performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2253	or
2254	(iii) made intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of coverage; or
2255	(d) was terminated pursuant to Subsection 31A-8-402.3(2)(a), 31A-22-721(2)(a), or
2256	31A-30-107(2)(a).
2257	(4) (a) The [employer] insurer shall provide written notification of the right to an

2258	individual conversion policy within 30 days of the insurer receiving notice of, the insured's
2259	termination of $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{COBRA}}$ or <b>Utah mini-COBRA</b> $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ coverage to:
2260	(i) the terminated insured;
2261	(ii) the ex-spouse; or
2262	(iii) in the case of the death of the insured:
2263	(A) the surviving spouse; and
2264	(B) the guardian of any dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
2265	(b) The notification required by Subsection (4)(a) shall:
2266	(i) be sent by first class mail;
2267	(ii) contain the name, address, and telephone number of the insurer that will provide
2268	the conversion coverage; and
2269	(iii) be sent to the insured's last-known address as shown on the records of the
2270	employer of:
2271	(A) the insured;
2272	(B) the ex-spouse; and
2273	(C) if the policy terminates by reason of the death of the insured to:
2274	(I) the surviving spouse; and
2275	(II) the guardian of any dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
2276	(5) (a) An insurer is not required to issue a converted policy [which] that provides
2277	benefits in excess of those provided under the group policy from which conversion is made.
2278	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), if the conversion is made from a health
2279	benefit plan, the employee or member shall be offered[: (i) at least the basic benefit plan as
2280	provided in Section 31A-22-613.5 through December 31, 2009; and (ii) beginning January 1,
2281	2010, only] the alternative coverage as provided in Subsection 31A-22-724(1)(a).
2282	(c) If the benefit levels required under Subsection (5)(b) exceed the benefit levels
2283	provided under the group policy, the conversion policy may offer benefits [which] that are
2284	substantially similar to those provided under the group policy.
2285	(6) Written application for [the] a converted policy shall be made and the first premium
2286	paid to the insurer no later than [60] 30 days after [termination of the group accident and health
2287	insurance] the date of notice under Subsection (4)(a).
2288	(7) [The] A converted policy shall be issued without evidence of insurability.

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- (8) (a) The initial premium for the converted policy for the first 12 months and subsequent renewal premiums shall be determined in accordance with premium rates applicable to age, class of risk of the person, and the type and amount of insurance provided.

  (b) The initial premium for the first 12 months may not be raised based on pregnancy of a covered insured.

  (c) The premium for converted policies shall be payable monthly or quarterly as
  - (c) The premium for converted policies shall be payable monthly or quarterly as required by the insurer for the policy form and plan selected, unless another mode or premium payment is mutually agreed upon.
  - (9) [The]  $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$  converted policy becomes effective at the time the insurance under the group policy terminates.
  - (10) (a) A newly issued converted policy covers the employee or the member and must also cover [all] dependents covered by the group policy at the date of termination of the group coverage.
  - (b) The only dependents that may be added after the policy has been issued are children and dependents as required by Section 31A-22-610 and Subsections 31A-22-610.5(6) and (7).
  - (c) At the option of the insurer, a separate converted policy may be issued to cover [any] <u>a</u> dependent.
  - (11) (a) To the extent [the]  $\underline{a}$  group policy provided maternity benefits, [the]  $\underline{a}$  conversion policy shall provide maternity benefits equal to the lesser of the maternity benefits of the group policy or the conversion policy until termination of a pregnancy that exists on the date of conversion if one of the following is pregnant on the date of the conversion:
    - (i) the insured;
      - (ii) a spouse of the insured; or
    - (iii) a dependent of the insured.
  - (b) [The requirements of this] This Subsection (11) [do] does not apply to a pregnancy that occurs after the date of conversion.
  - (12) Except as provided in this Subsection (12), a converted policy is renewable with respect to [all individuals or dependents] an individual or dependent at the option of the insured. An insured may be terminated from a converted policy for the following reasons:
    - (a) a dependent is no longer eligible under the converted policy;
- (b) for a network plan, if the individual no longer lives, resides, or works in:

2320	(i) the insured's service area; or
2321	(ii) the area for which the covered carrier is authorized to do business;
2322	(c) the individual fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms
2323	of the converted policy, including any timeliness requirements;
2324	(d) the individual performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with
2325	the coverage;
2326	(e) the individual makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the
2327	terms of the coverage; or
2328	(f) coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor
2329	relating to any covered individual.
2330	(13) Conditions pertaining to health may not be used as a basis for classification under
2331	this section.
2332	(14) An insurer is only required to offer a conversion policy that complies with
2333	Subsection 31A-22-724(1)(b) and, notwithstanding Sections 31A-8-402.5 and 31A-30-107.1,
2334	may discontinue any other conversion policy if:
2335	(a) the discontinued conversion policy is discontinued uniformly without regard to
2336	[any] a health related factor;
2337	(b) [any affected] an affected individual is provided with 90 days' advanced written
2338	notice of the discontinuation of the existing conversion policy;
2339	(c) the [policy holder] policyholder is offered the insurer's conversion policy that
2340	complies with Subsection 31A-22-724(1)(b); and
2341	(d) the [policy holder] policyholder is not re-rated for purposes of premium calculation.
2342	(15) This section does not apply to a blanket accident and health insurance policy
2343	issued under Section 31A-22-701.
2344	Section 16. Section 31A-23a-102 is amended to read:
2345	31A-23a-102. Definitions.
2346	As used in this chapter:
2347	(1) "Bail bond producer" means a person who:
2348	(a) is appointed by:
2349	(i) a surety insurer that issues bail bonds; or
2350	(ii) a bail bond surety company licensed under Chapter 35, Bail Bond Act;

2351	(b) is designated to execute or countersign undertakings of bail in connection with a
2352	judicial proceeding; and
2353	(c) receives or is promised money or other things of value for engaging in an act
2354	described in Subsection (1)(b).
2355	(2) "Escrow" means a license subline of authority in conjunction with the title
2356	insurance line of authority that allows a person to conduct escrow as defined in Section
2357	31A-1-301.
2358	(3) "Home state" means a state or territory of the United States or the District of
2359	Columbia in which an insurance producer:
2360	(a) maintains the insurance producer's principal:
2361	(i) place of residence; or
2362	(ii) place of business; and
2363	(b) is licensed to act as an insurance producer.
2364	(4) "Insurer" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301, except that the following persons or
2365	similar persons are not insurers for purposes of Part 7, Producer Controlled Insurers:
2366	(a) a risk retention group as defined in:
2367	(i) the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-499;
2368	(ii) the Risk Retention Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 3901 et seq.; and
2369	(iii) Chapter 15, Part 2, Risk Retention Groups Act;
2370	(b) a residual market pool;
2371	(c) a joint underwriting authority or association; and
2372	(d) a captive insurer.
2373	(5) "License" is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
2374	(6) (a) "Managing general agent" means a person that:
2375	(i) manages all or part of the insurance business of an insurer, including the
2376	management of a separate division, department, or underwriting office;
2377	(ii) acts as an agent for the insurer whether it is known as a managing general agent,
2378	manager, or other similar term;
2379	(iii) produces and underwrites an amount of gross direct written premium equal to, or
2380	more than 5% of, the policyholder surplus as reported in the last annual statement of the insurer
2381	in any one quarter or year:

2382	(A) with or without the authority;
2383	(B) separately or together with an affiliate; and
2384	(C) directly or indirectly; and
2385	(iv) (A) adjusts or pays claims in excess of an amount determined by the
2386	commissioner; or
2387	(B) negotiates reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.
2388	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), the following persons may not be considered as
2389	managing general agent for the purposes of this chapter:
2390	(i) an employee of the insurer;
2391	(ii) a United States manager of the United States branch of an alien insurer;
2392	(iii) an underwriting manager that, pursuant to contract:
2393	(A) manages all the insurance operations of the insurer;
2394	(B) is under common control with the insurer;
2395	(C) is subject to Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; and
2396	(D) is not compensated based on the volume of premiums written; and
2397	(iv) the attorney-in-fact authorized by and acting for the subscribers of a reciprocal
2398	insurer or inter-insurance exchange under powers of attorney.
2399	(7) "Negotiate" means the act of conferring directly with or offering advice directly to a
2400	purchaser or prospective purchaser of a particular contract of insurance concerning a
2401	substantive benefit, term, or condition of the contract if the person engaged in that act:
2402	(a) sells insurance; or
2403	(b) obtains insurance from insurers for purchasers.
2404	(8) "Reinsurance intermediary" means:
2405	(a) a reinsurance intermediary-broker; or
2406	(b) a reinsurance intermediary-manager.
2407	(9) "Reinsurance intermediary-broker" means a person other than an officer or
2408	employee of the ceding insurer, firm, association, or corporation who solicits, negotiates, or
2409	places reinsurance cessions or retrocessions on behalf of a ceding insurer without the authority
2410	or power to bind reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.
2411	(10) (a) "Reinsurance intermediary-manager" means a person who:
2412	(i) has authority to bind or who manages all or part of the assumed reinsurance

2413	business of a reinsurer, including the management of a separate division, department, or
2414	underwriting office; and
2415	(ii) acts as an agent for the reinsurer whether the person is known as a reinsurance
2416	intermediary-manager, manager, or other similar term.
2417	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), the following persons may not be considered
2418	reinsurance intermediary-managers for the purpose of this chapter with respect to the reinsurer:
2419	(i) an employee of the reinsurer;
2420	(ii) a United States manager of the United States branch of an alien reinsurer;
2421	(iii) an underwriting manager that, pursuant to contract:
2422	(A) manages all the reinsurance operations of the reinsurer;
2423	(B) is under common control with the reinsurer;
2424	(C) is subject to Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; and
2425	(D) is not compensated based on the volume of premiums written; and
2426	(iv) the manager of a group, association, pool, or organization of insurers that:
2427	(A) engage in joint underwriting or joint reinsurance; and
2428	(B) are subject to examination by the insurance commissioner of the state in which the
2429	manager's principal business office is located.
2430	(11) "Search" means a license subline of authority in conjunction with the title
2431	insurance line of authority that allows a person to issue title insurance commitments or policies
2432	on behalf of a title insurer.
2433	(12) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
2434	(a) by any means;
2435	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
2436	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
2437	(13) "Solicit" means:
2438	(a) attempting to sell insurance;
2439	(b) asking or urging a person to apply for:
2440	(i) a particular kind of insurance; and
2441	(ii) insurance from a particular insurance company;
2442	(c) advertising insurance, including advertising for the purpose of obtaining leads for
2443	the sale of insurance; or

2444	(d) holding oneself out as being in the insurance business.
2445	(14) "Terminate" means:
2446	(a) the cancellation of the relationship between:
2447	(i) an individual licensee or agency licensee and a particular insurer; or
2448	(ii) an individual licensee and a particular agency licensee; or
2449	(b) the termination of:
2450	(i) an individual licensee's or agency licensee's authority to transact insurance on behalf
2451	of a particular insurance company; or
2452	(ii) an individual licensee's authority to transact insurance on behalf of a particular
2453	agency licensee.
2454	(15) "Title marketing representative" means a person who:
2455	(a) represents a title insurer in soliciting, requesting, or negotiating the placing of:
2456	(i) title insurance; or
2457	(ii) escrow services; and
2458	(b) does not have a search or escrow license as provided in Section 31A-23a-106.
2459	(16) "Uniform application" means the version of the National Association of Insurance
2460	[Commissioner's] Commissioners' uniform application for resident and nonresident producer
2461	licensing at the time the application is filed.
2462	(17) "Uniform business entity application" means the version of the National
2463	Association of Insurance [Commissioner's] Commissioners' uniform business entity application
2464	for resident and nonresident business entities at the time the application is filed.
2465	Section 17. Section 31A-23a-106 is amended to read:
2466	31A-23a-106. License types.
2467	(1) (a) A resident or nonresident license issued under this chapter shall be issued under
2468	the license types described under Subsection (2).
2469	(b) A license type and a line of authority pertaining to a license type describe the type
2470	of licensee and the lines of business that a licensee may sell, solicit, or negotiate. A license type
2471	is intended to describe the matters to be considered under any education, examination, and
2472	training required of a license applicant under Sections 31A-23a-108, 31A-23a-202, and
2473	31A-23a-203.
2474	(2) (a) A producer license type includes the following lines of authority:

2475	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2476	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the producer has the life
2477	insurance line of authority;
2478	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2479	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2480	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2481	(iv) property insurance;
2482	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond;
2483	(vi) title insurance under one or more of the following categories:
2484	(A) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
2485	(B) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
2486	(C) title marketing representative only;
2487	(vii) personal lines insurance; and
2488	(viii) surplus lines, if the producer has the property or casualty or both lines of
2489	authority.
2490	(b) A limited line producer license type includes the following limited lines of
2491	authority:
2492	(i) limited line credit insurance;
2493	(ii) travel insurance;
2494	(iii) motor club insurance;
2495	(iv) car rental related insurance;
2496	(v) legal expense insurance;
2497	(vi) crop insurance;
2498	(vii) self-service storage insurance; [and]
2499	(viii) bail bond producer[-]; and
2500	(ix) guaranteed asset protection waiver.
2501	(c) A customer service representative license type includes the following lines of
2502	authority, if held by the customer service representative's employer producer:
2503	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2504	(ii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2505	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance

2300	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2507	(iii) property insurance;
2508	(iv) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond;
2509	(v) personal lines insurance; and
2510	(vi) surplus lines, if the employer producer has the property or casualty or both lines of
2511	authority.
2512	(d) A consultant license type includes the following lines of authority:
2513	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2514	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the consultant has the life
2515	insurance line of authority;
2516	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2517	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2518	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2519	(iv) property insurance;
2520	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond; and
2521	(vi) personal lines insurance.
2522	(e) A managing general agent license type includes the following lines of authority:
2523	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2524	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the managing general
2525	agent has the life insurance line of authority;
2526	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2527	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2528	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2529	(iv) property insurance;
2530	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond; and
2531	(vi) personal lines insurance.
2532	(f) A reinsurance intermediary license type includes the following lines of authority:
2533	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2534	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the reinsurance
2535	intermediary has the life insurance line of authority;
2536	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under

2537	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2538	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2539	(iv) property insurance;
2540	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond; and
2541	(vi) personal lines insurance.
2542	(g) A [holder of licenses] person who holds a license under [Subsections] Subsection
2543	(2)(a), $(d)$ , $(e)$ , $[and]$ or $(f)$ has $[all]$ the qualifications necessary to act as a holder of a license
2544	under Subsections (2)(b) and (c), except that the person may not act under Subsection
2545	(2)(b)(viii) or $(ix)$ .
2546	(3) (a) The commissioner may by rule recognize other producer, limited line producer,
2547	customer service representative, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance
2548	intermediary lines of authority as to kinds of insurance not listed under Subsections (2)(a)
2549	through (f).
2550	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for purposes of title insurance the Title and
2551	Escrow Commission may by rule, with the concurrence of the commissioner and subject to
2552	Section 31A-2-404, recognize other categories for a title insurance producer line of authority
2553	not listed under Subsection (2)(a)(vi).
2554	(4) The variable contracts, including variable life and annuity line of authority requires:
2555	(a) licensure as a registered agent or broker by the [National Association of Securities
2556	Dealers] Financial Industry Regulatory Authority; and
2557	(b) current registration with a securities broker-dealer.
2558	(5) A surplus lines producer is a producer who has a surplus lines line of authority.
2559	Section 18. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
2560	31A-23a-111. Revocation, suspension, surrender, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
2561	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
2562	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2563	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2564	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2565	administrative action;
2566	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2567	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or

2568	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2569	Minors;
2570	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2571	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
2572	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
2573	is no longer in force:
2574	(a) a lapsed license; or
2575	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
2576	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
2577	(3) Unless otherwise stated in [the] $\underline{a}$ written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
2578	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
2579	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
2580	(a) this title; or
2581	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2582	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2583	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2584	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
2585	or
2586	(b) the supporting license type:
2587	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2588	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2589	administrative action;
2590	(iii) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2591	(A) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2592	(B) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2593	Minors;
2594	(iv) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2595	(v) voluntarily surrendered.
2596	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
2597	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
2598	commissioner may:

2599	(i) revoke:
2600	(A) a license; or
2601	(B) a line of authority;
2602	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
2603	(A) a license; or
2604	(B) a line of authority;
2605	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
2606	(A) a license; or
2607	(B) a line of authority; or
2608	(iv) deny a license application.
2609	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
2610	commissioner finds that the licensee:
2611	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
2612	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
2613	(ii) violates:
2614	(A) an insurance statute;
2615	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
2616	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
2617	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
2618	delinquency proceedings in any state;
2619	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
2620	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
2621	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
2622	admitted insurers;
2623	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
2624	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
2625	without a license;
2626	(vii) refuses:
2627	(A) to be examined; or
2628	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
2629	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:

2630	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
2631	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
2632	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
2633	(A) incorrect;
2634	(B) misleading;
2635	(C) incomplete; or
2636	(D) materially untrue;
2637	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another state's insurance
2638	department;
2639	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
2640	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties received
2641	in the course of doing insurance business;
2642	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
2643	(A) insurance contract;
2644	(B) application for insurance; or
2645	(C) life settlement;
2646	(xiv) is convicted of a felony;
2647	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
2648	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
2649	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
2650	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
2651	(xvii) has an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
2652	another state, province, district, or territory;
2653	(xviii) forges another's name to:
2654	(A) an application for insurance; or
2655	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
2656	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
2657	for an insurance license;
2658	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
2659	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
2660	obligation;

2661	(xxii) fails to:
2662	(A) pay state income tax; or
2663	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
2664	tax;
2665	(xxiii) violates or permits others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
2666	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. [Secs.] Sec. 1033 and 1034; or
2667	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
2668	legitimate interests of customers and the public.
2669	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
2670	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
2671	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
2672	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
2673	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
2674	(i) the individual;
2675	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
2676	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2677	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
2678	revoking, or limiting the license; or
2679	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2680	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
2681	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
2682	without a license if:
2683	(a) the licensee's license is:
2684	(i) revoked;
2685	(ii) suspended;
2686	(iii) limited;
2687	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
2688	(v) lapsed; or
2689	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
2690	(b) the licensee:
2691	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or

2692	(11) violates the terms of the license limitation.
2693	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
2694	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
2695	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
2696	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
2697	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
2698	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
2699	involving:
2700	(i) fraud;
2701	(ii) deceit;
2702	(iii) misrepresentation; or
2703	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
2704	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
2705	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
2706	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
2707	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
2708	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
2709	or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
2710	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
2711	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
2712	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
2713	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2714	Section 19. Section 31A-23a-202 is amended to read:
2715	31A-23a-202. Continuing education requirements.
2716	(1) Pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall by rule prescribe the continuing
2717	education requirements for a producer and a consultant.
2718	(2) (a) The commissioner may not state a continuing education requirement in terms of
2719	formal education.
2720	(b) The commissioner may state a continuing education requirement in terms of
2721	[classroom hours, or their equivalent,] hours of insurance-related instruction received.

(c) Insurance-related formal education may be a substitute, in whole or in part, for

2723 [classroom hours, or their equivalent,] the hours required under Subsection (2)(b). 2724 (3) (a) The commissioner shall impose continuing education requirements in 2725 accordance with a two-year licensing period in which the licensee meets the requirements of 2726 this Subsection (3). 2727 (b) (i) Except as provided in this section, the continuing education requirements shall 2728 require: 2729 (A) that a licensee complete 24 credit hours of continuing education for every two-year 2730 licensing period; 2731 (B) that 3 of the 24 credit hours described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) be ethics courses; 2732 and 2733 (C) that the licensee complete at least half of the required hours through classroom 2734 hours of insurance-related instruction. 2735 (ii) [The hours not completed through classroom hours] An hour of continuing 2736 <u>education</u> in accordance with Subsection (3)(b)(i)[(C)] may be obtained through: 2737 (A) classroom attendance; 2738 [(A)] (B) home study; 2739 [(B)] (C) watching a video recording; 2740 [<del>(C)</del>] (D) experience credit; or 2741 [(D)] (E) another method provided by rule. 2742 (iii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(b)(i)(A) and (B), a title insurance producer is 2743 required to complete 12 credit hours of continuing education for every two-year licensing 2744 period, with 3 of the credit hours being ethics courses unless the title insurance producer is 2745 licensed in this state as a title insurance producer for 20 or more consecutive years. 2746 (B) If a title insurance producer is licensed in this state as a title insurance producer for 2747 20 or more consecutive years, the title insurance producer is required to complete 6 credit hours 2748 of continuing education for every two-year licensing period, with 3 of the credit hours being 2749 ethics courses. 2750 (C) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(iii)(A) or (B), a title insurance producer is 2751 considered to have met the continuing education requirements imposed under Subsection 2752 (3)(b)(iii)(A) or (B) if the title insurance producer:

(I) is an active member in good standing with the Utah State Bar;

2754	(II) is in compliance with the continuing education requirements of the Utah State Bar;
2755	and
2756	(III) if requested by the department, provides the department evidence that the title
2757	insurance producer complied with the continuing education requirements of the Utah State Bar.
2758	(c) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the two-year
2759	licensing period.
2760	(d) (i) A licensee is exempt from continuing education requirements under this section
2761	if:
2762	(A) the licensee was first licensed before April 1, 1978;
2763	(B) the license does not have a continuous lapse for a period of more than one year,
2764	except for a license for which the licensee has had an exemption approved before May 11,
2765	<u>2011;</u>
2766	[(B)] (C) the licensee requests an exemption from the department; and
2767	[(C)] (D) the department approves the exemption.
2768	(ii) If the department approves the exemption under Subsection (3)(d)(i), the licensee is
2769	not required to apply again for the exemption.
2770	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2771	commissioner shall, by rule:
2772	(i) publish a list of insurance professional designations whose continuing education
2773	requirements can be used to meet the requirements for continuing education under Subsection
2774	(3)(b);
2775	(ii) authorize a continuing education provider or a state or national professional
2776	producer or consultant association to:
2777	(A) offer a qualified program for a license type or line of authority on a geographically
2778	accessible basis; and
2779	(B) collect a reasonable fee for funding and administration of a continuing education
2780	program, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner; and
2781	(iii) provide that membership by a producer or consultant in a state or national
2782	professional producer or consultant association is considered a substitute for the equivalent of
2783	two hours for each year during which the producer or consultant is a member of the
2784	professional association, except that the commissioner may not give more than two hours of

continuing education credit in a year regardless of the number of professional associations of which the producer or consultant is a member.

- (f) A fee permitted under Subsection (3)(e)(ii)(B) that is charged for attendance at a professional producer or consultant association program may be less for an association member, on the basis of the member's affiliation expense, but shall preserve the right of a nonmember to attend without affiliation.
- (4) The commissioner shall approve a continuing education provider or continuing education course that satisfies the requirements of this section.
- (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commissioner shall by rule set the processes and procedures for continuing education provider registration and course approval.
- (6) The requirements of this section apply only to a producer or consultant who is an individual.
- (7) A nonresident producer or consultant is considered to have satisfied this state's continuing education requirements if the nonresident producer or consultant satisfies the nonresident producer's or consultant's home state's continuing education requirements for a licensed insurance producer or consultant.
- (8) A producer or consultant subject to this section shall keep documentation of completing the continuing education requirements of this section for two years after the end of the two-year licensing period to which the continuing education applies.

Section 20. Section 31A-23a-203 is amended to read:

## 31A-23a-203. Training period requirements.

- (1) A producer is eligible to add the surplus lines of authority to the person's producer's license if the producer:
  - (a) has passed the applicable examination;
- (b) has been a producer with property and casualty lines of authority for at least three years during the four years immediately preceding the date of application; and
  - (c) has paid the applicable fee under Section 31A-3-103.
- (2) A person is eligible to become a consultant only if the person has acted in a capacity that would provide the person with preparation to act as an insurance consultant for a period aggregating not less than three years during the four years immediately preceding the

2010	date of application.
2817	(3) (a) A resident producer with an accident and health line of authority may only sell
2818	long-term care insurance if the producer:
2819	(i) initially completes a minimum of three hours of long-term care training before
2820	selling long-term care coverage; and
2821	(ii) after completing the training required by Subsection (3)(a)(i), completes a
2822	minimum of three hours of long-term care training during each subsequent two-year licensing
2823	period.
2824	(b) A course taken to satisfy a long-term care training requirement may be used toward
2825	satisfying a producer continuing education requirement.
2826	(c) Long-term care training is not a continuing education requirement to renew a
2827	producer license.
2828	(d) An insurer that issues long-term care insurance shall demonstrate to the
2829	commissioner, upon request, that a producer who is appointed by the insurer and who sells
2830	long-term care insurance coverage is in compliance with this Subsection (3).
2831	[3) (4) The training periods required under this section apply only to an individual
2832	applying for a license under this chapter.
2833	Section 21. Section 31A-23a-204 is amended to read:
2834	31A-23a-204. Special requirements for title insurance producers and agencies.
2835	A title insurance producer, including an agency, shall be licensed in accordance with
2836	this chapter, with the additional requirements listed in this section.
2837	(1) (a) A person that receives a new license under this title as a title insurance agency,
2838	shall at the time of licensure be owned or managed by [one or more individuals who are] at
2839	<u>least one individual who is</u> licensed for at least three of the five years immediately [ <del>proceeding</del> ]
2840	preceding the date on which the title insurance agency applies for a license with both:
2841	(i) a search line of authority; and
2842	(ii) an escrow line of authority.
2843	(b) A title insurance agency subject to Subsection (1)(a) may comply with Subsection
2844	(1)(a) by having the title insurance agency owned or managed by:
2845	(i) one or more individuals who are licensed with the search line of authority for the
2846	time period provided in Subsection (1)(a); and

2847 (ii) one or more individuals who are licensed with the escrow line of authority for the time period provided in Subsection (1)(a). 2848 2849 (c) A person licensed as a title insurance agency shall at all times during the term of 2850 licensure be owned or managed by at least one individual who is licensed for at least three 2851 years within the preceding five-year period with both: 2852 (i) a search line of authority; and 2853 (ii) an escrow line of authority. 2854 [(c)] (d) The Title and Escrow Commission may by rule, subject to Section 31A-2-404, 2855 exempt an attorney with real estate experience from the experience requirements in Subsection 2856 (1)(a). 2857 (2) (a) A title insurance agency or producer appointed by an insurer shall maintain: 2858 (i) a fidelity bond; 2859 (ii) a professional liability insurance policy; or 2860 (iii) a financial protection: 2861 (A) equivalent to that described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii); and 2862 (B) that the commissioner considers adequate. 2863 (b) The bond, insurance, or financial protection required by this Subsection (2): 2864 (i) shall be supplied under a contract approved by the commissioner to provide 2865 protection against the improper performance of any service in conjunction with the issuance of 2866 a contract or policy of title insurance; and (ii) be in a face amount no less than \$50,000. 2867 2868 (c) The Title and Escrow Commission may by rule, subject to Section 31A-2-404, 2869 exempt title insurance producers from the requirements of this Subsection (2) upon a finding 2870 that, and only so long as, the required policy or bond is generally unavailable at reasonable 2871 rates. 2872 (3) A title insurance agency or producer appointed by an insurer may maintain a reserve fund to the extent monies were deposited before July 1, 2008, and not withdrawn to the 2873 2874 income of the title insurance producer. 2875 (4) An examination for licensure shall include questions regarding the search and 2876 examination of title to real property.

(5) A title insurance producer may not perform the functions of escrow unless the title

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part of the transaction:

(i) an owner's policy of title insurance; or

(ii) a lender's policy of title insurance;

2878 insurance producer has been examined on the fiduciary duties and procedures involved in those 2879 functions. 2880 (6) The Title and Escrow Commission shall adopt rules, subject to Section 31A-2-404, 2881 after consulting with the department and the department's test administrator, establishing an 2882 examination for a license that will satisfy this section. 2883 (7) A license may be issued to a title insurance producer who has qualified: 2884 (a) to perform only searches and examinations of title as specified in Subsection (4); 2885 (b) to handle only escrow arrangements as specified in Subsection (5); or 2886 (c) to act as a title marketing representative. (8) (a) A person licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements of 2887 2888 Subsections (2) and (3) if that person issues 12 or less policies in any 12-month period. 2889 (b) In determining the number of policies issued by a person licensed to practice law in 2890 Utah for purposes of Subsection (8)(a), if the person licensed to practice law in Utah issues a 2891 policy to more than one party to the same closing, the person is considered to have issued only 2892 one policy. 2893 (9) A person licensed to practice law in Utah, whether exempt under Subsection (8) or 2894 not, shall maintain a trust account separate from a law firm trust account for all title and real 2895 estate escrow transactions. 2896 Section 22. Section 31A-23a-406 is amended to read: 2897 31A-23a-406. Title insurance producer's business. 2898 (1) A title insurance producer may do escrow involving real property transactions if all 2899 of the following exist: 2900 (a) the title insurance producer is licensed with: 2901 (i) the title line of authority; and 2902 (ii) the escrow subline of authority; 2903 (b) the title insurance producer is appointed by a title insurer authorized to do business 2904 in the state; 2905 (c) the title insurance producer issues one or more of the following [is to be issued] as

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2909	(d) [ <del>(i) all funds</del> ] money deposited with the title insurance producer in connection with
2910	any escrow:
2911	[(A) are] (i) is deposited:
2912	[(1)] (A) in a federally insured financial institution; and
2913	[(H)] (B) in a trust account that is separate from all other trust account [funds that are]
2914	money that is not related to real estate transactions; [and]
2915	[(B) are] (ii) is the property of the one or more persons entitled to [them] the money
2916	under the provisions of the escrow; and
2917	[(ii) are] (iii) is segregated escrow by escrow in the records of the title insurance
2918	producer;
2919	(e) earnings on [funds] money held in escrow may be paid out of the escrow account to
2920	any person in accordance with the conditions of the escrow; [and]
2921	(f) the escrow does not require the title insurance producer to hold:
2922	(i) construction [funds] money; or
2923	(ii) [funds] money held for exchange under Section 1031, Internal Revenue Code[:];
2924	<u>and</u>
2925	(g) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{if}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ the title insurance producer $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{shall maintain a physical office in Utah}}$
2925a	staffed by a person $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ with an escrow subline of authority $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\frac{\text{conducts a}}{2}]$
2926	closing, the title insurance producer is physically present with a borrower, seller, or purchaser
2927	involving real estate that is the subject of the real estate transaction] who processes the escrow $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ .
2928	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a title insurance producer may engage in the
2929	escrow business if:
2930	(a) the escrow involves:
2931	(i) a mobile home;
2932	(ii) a grazing right;
2933	(iii) a water right; or
2934	(iv) other personal property authorized by the commissioner; and
2935	(b) the title insurance producer complies with [all the requirements of] this section
2936	except for [the requirement of] Subsection (1)(c).
2937	(3) [Funds] Money held in escrow:
2938	(a) [are] is not subject to any debts of the title insurance producer;
2939	(b) may only be used to fulfill the terms of the individual escrow under which the

2940	[ <del>funds were</del> ] money is accepted; and
2941	(c) may not be used until [all] the conditions of the escrow [have been] are met.
2942	(4) Assets or property other than escrow [funds] money received by a title insurance
2943	producer in accordance with an escrow shall be maintained in a manner that will:
2944	(a) reasonably preserve and protect the asset or property from loss, theft, or damages;
2945	and
2946	(b) otherwise comply with [all] the general duties and responsibilities of a fiduciary or
2947	bailee.
2948	(5) (a) A check from the trust account described in Subsection (1)(d) may not be
2949	drawn, executed, or dated, or [funds] money otherwise disbursed unless the segregated escrow
2950	account from which [funds are] money is to be disbursed contains a sufficient credit balance
2951	consisting of collected [or] and cleared [funds] money at the time the check is drawn, executed,
2952	or dated, or [funds are] money is otherwise disbursed.
2953	(b) As used in this Subsection (5), [funds are] money is considered to be "collected [or]
2954	and cleared," and may be disbursed as follows:
2955	(i) cash may be disbursed on the same day the cash is deposited;
2956	(ii) a wire transfer may be disbursed on the same day the wire transfer is deposited; and
2957	[(iii) the following may be disbursed on the day following the date of deposit:]
2958	[(A) a cashier's check;]
2959	[(B) a certified check;]
2960	[ <del>(C)</del> a teller's check;]
2961	[(D) a U.S. Postal Service money order; and]
2962	[(E) a check drawn on a Federal Reserve Bank or Federal Home Loan Bank; and]
2963	[(iv) any other check or deposit may be disbursed:]
2964	[(A) within the time limits provided under the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 12
2965	U.S.C. Section 4001 et seq., as amended, and related regulations of the Federal Reserve
2966	System; or]
2967	[(B) upon written notification from the financial institution to which the funds have
2968	been deposited, that final settlement has occurred on the deposited item.]
2969	[(c) Subject to Subsections (5)(a) and (b), any material change to a settlement
2970	statement made after the final closing documents are executed must be authorized or

2971	acknowledged by date and signature on each page of the settlement statement by the one or
2972	more persons affected by the change before disbursement of funds.]
2973	(iii) the proceeds of one or more of the following financial instruments may be
2974	disbursed on the same day the financial instruments are deposited if received from a single
2975	party to the real estate transaction and if the aggregate of the financial instruments for the real
2976	estate transaction is less than \$10,000:
2977	(A) a cashier's check, certified check, or official check that is drawn on an existing
2978	account at a federally insured financial institution;
2979	(B) a check drawn on the trust account of a principal broker or associate broker
2980	licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act, if the title
2981	producer has reasonable and prudent grounds to believe sufficient money will be available
2982	from the trust account on which the check is drawn at the time of disbursement of proceeds
2983	from the title producer's escrow account;
2984	(C) a personal check not to exceed \$500 per closing;
2985	(D) a check drawn on the escrow account of another title producer, if the title producer
2986	in the escrow transaction has reasonable and prudent grounds to believe that sufficient money
2987	will be available for withdrawal from the account upon which the check is drawn at the time of
2988	disbursement of money from the escrow account of the title producer in the escrow transaction;
2989	<u>or</u>
2990	(E) a check issued by a farm credit service authorized under the Farm Credit Act of
2991	1971, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2001 et seq., as amended.
2992	(c) Money received from a financial instrument described in Subsection (5)(b)(iii)(B)
2993	or (C) may be disbursed:
2994	(i) within the time limits provided under the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 12
2995	<u>U.S.C. Sec. 4001 et seq.</u> , as amended, and related regulations of the Federal Reserve System; or
2996	(ii) upon notification from the financial institution to which the money has been
2997	deposited that final settlement has occurred on the deposited financial instrument.
2998	(6) [The] $\underline{A}$ title insurance producer shall maintain [records of all receipts and
2999	disbursements of escrow funds] a record of a receipt or disbursement of escrow money.
3000	(7) [The] $\underline{A}$ title insurance producer shall comply with:
3001	(a) Section 31 A 23a 400:

3002	(b) Title 46, Chapter 1, Notaries Public Reform Act; and
3003	(c) any rules adopted by the Title and Escrow Commission, subject to Section
3004	31A-2-404, that govern escrows.
3005	(8) If a title insurance producer conducts a search for real estate located in the state, the
3006	title insurance producer shall conduct a minimum mandatory search, as defined by rule made
3007	by the Title and Escrow Commission, subject to Section 31A-2-404.
3008	Section 23. Section 31A-23a-408 is amended to read:
3009	31A-23a-408. Representations of agency.
3010	[No] A person may <u>not</u> represent $[himself as]$ that the person is acting in behalf of an
3011	insurer unless a written agency contract is in effect giving the person authority from the insurer
3012	and the insurer [has appointed] appoints that person to act in behalf of the insurer.
3013	Section 24. Section 31A-23a-412 is amended to read:
3014	31A-23a-412. Place of business and residence address Records.
3015	(1) (a) [All licensees] A licensee under this chapter shall register and maintain with the
3016	commissioner:
3017	(i) the address and telephone numbers of [their] the licensee's principal place of
3018	business[-]; and
3019	(ii) a valid business email address at which the commissioner may contact the licensee.
3020	(b) If [the] <u>a</u> licensee is an individual, in addition to complying with Subsection (1)(a)
3021	the individual shall [provide to] register and maintain with the commissioner the individual's
3022	residence address and telephone number.
3023	(c) A licensee shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of [any] a change of any of
3024	the following required to be registered with the commissioner under this section:
3025	(i) an address [or];
3026	(ii) a telephone number[:]; or
3027	(iii) a business email address.
3028	(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3), [every] <u>a</u> licensee under this chapter
3029	shall keep at the principal place of business address registered under Subsection (1), separate
3030	and distinct books and records of [all] the transactions consummated under the Utah license.
3031	(b) The books and records described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
3032	(i) be in an organized form;

3033	(ii) be available to the commissioner for inspection upon reasonable notice; and
3034	(iii) include all of the following:
3035	(A) if the licensee is a producer, limited line producer, consultant, managing general
3036	agent, or reinsurance intermediary:
3037	(I) a record of each insurance contract procured by or issued through the licensee, with
3038	the names of insurers and insureds, the amount of premium and commissions or other
3039	compensation, and the subject of the insurance;
3040	(II) the names of any other producers, limited line producers, consultants, managing
3041	general agents, or reinsurance intermediaries from whom business is accepted, and of persons
3042	to whom commissions or allowances of any kind are promised or paid; and
3043	(III) a record of [all] the consumer complaints forwarded to the licensee by an
3044	insurance regulator;
3045	(B) if the licensee is a consultant, a record of each agreement outlining the work
3046	performed and the fee for the work; and
3047	(C) any additional information which:
3048	(I) is customary for a similar business; or
3049	(II) may reasonably be required by the commissioner by rule.
3050	(3) Subsection (2) is satisfied if the books and records specified in Subsection (2) can
3051	be obtained immediately from a central storage place or elsewhere by on-line computer
3052	terminals located at the registered address.
3053	(4) A licensee who represents only a single insurer satisfies Subsection (2) if the
3054	insurer maintains the books and records pursuant to Subsection (2) at a place satisfying
3055	Subsections (1) and (5).
3056	(5) (a) The books and records maintained under Subsection (2) or Section
3057	31A-23a-413 shall be available for the inspection of the commissioner during all business
3058	hours for a period of time after the date of the transaction as specified by the commissioner by
3059	rule, but in no case for less than the current calendar year plus three years.
3060	(b) Discarding books and records after the applicable record retention period has
3061	expired does not place the licensee in violation of a later-adopted longer record retention
3062	period.

Section 25. Section 31A-23a-415 is amended to read:

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3004	51A-25a-415. Assessment on title insurance agencies or title insurers Account
3065	created.
3066	(1) For purposes of this section:
3067	(a) "Premium" is as defined in Subsection 59-9-101(3).
3068	(b) "Title insurer" means a person:
3069	(i) making any contract or policy of title insurance as:
3070	(A) insurer;
3071	(B) guarantor; or
3072	(C) surety;
3073	(ii) proposing to make any contract or policy of title insurance as:
3074	(A) insurer;
3075	(B) guarantor; or
3076	(C) surety; or
3077	(iii) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
3078	(A) soliciting;
3079	(B) negotiating preliminary to execution;
3080	(C) executing of a contract of title insurance;
3081	(D) insuring; and
3082	(E) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
3083	the contract.
3084	(c) "Utah risks" means insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying with regard to real or
3085	personal property located in Utah, an owner of real or personal property, the holders of liens or
3086	encumbrances on that property, or others interested in the property against loss or damage
3087	suffered by reason of:
3088	(i) liens or encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the
3089	property; or
3090	(ii) invalidity or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
3091	(2) (a) The commissioner may assess each title insurer and each title insurance agency
3092	an annual assessment:
3093	(i) determined by the Title and Escrow Commission:
3094	(A) after consultation with the commissioner; and

3095	(B) in accordance with this Subsection (2); and
3096	(ii) to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (3).
3097	(b) A title insurance agency shall be assessed up to:
3098	(i) [\$200] \$250 for the first office in each county in which the title insurance agency
3099	maintains an office; and
3100	(ii) [\$100] \$150 for each additional office the title insurance agency maintains in the
3101	county described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
3102	(c) A title insurer shall be assessed up to:
3103	(i) $[\$200]$ $\$250$ for the first office in each county in which the title insurer maintains an
3104	office;
3105	(ii) $[\$100]$ $\$150$ for each additional office the title insurer maintains in the county
3106	described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
3107	(iii) an amount calculated by:
3108	(A) aggregating the assessments imposed on:
3109	(I) title insurance agencies under Subsection (2)(b); and
3110	(II) title insurers under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii);
3111	(B) subtracting the amount determined under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(A) from the total
3112	costs and expenses determined under Subsection (2)(d); and
3113	(C) multiplying:
3114	(I) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(B); and
3115	(II) the percentage of total premiums for title insurance on Utah risk that are premiums
3116	of the title insurer.
3117	(d) Notwithstanding Section 31A-3-103 and subject to Section 31A-2-404, the Title
3118	and Escrow Commission by rule shall establish the amount of costs and expenses described
3119	under Subsection (3) that will be covered by the assessment, except the costs or expenses to be
3120	covered by the assessment may not exceed [\$75,000] \$80,000 annually.
3121	(3) (a) Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited into the Title
3122	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account.
3123	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Title
3124	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account."
3125	(c) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account shall consist of the money

3126	received by the state under this section.
3127	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted
3128	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money
3129	deposited into the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account only to pay for a cost or
3130	expense incurred by the department in the administration, investigation, and enforcement of
3131	this part and Part 5, Compensation of Producers and Consultants, related to:
3132	(i) the marketing of title insurance; and
3133	(ii) audits of agencies.
3134	(e) An appropriation from the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account is
3135	nonlapsing.
3136	(4) The assessment imposed by this section shall be in addition to any premium
3137	assessment imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(3).
3137a	\$→ Section 26. Section 31A-23A-501 is amended to read:
3137a	31A-23a-501. Licensee compensation.
3137c	(1) As used in this section:
3137d	(a) "Commission compensation" includes funds paid to or credited for the benefit of a licensee
3137 <b>a</b> 3137e	from:
3137f	(i) commission amounts deducted from insurance premiums on insurance sold by or placed
3137g	through the licensee; or
3137h	(ii) commission amounts received from an insurer or another licensee as a result of the sale or
3137i	placement of insurance.
3137j	(b) (i) "Compensation from an insurer or third party administrator" means commissions, fees
3137k	awards, overrides, bonuses, contingent commissions, loans, stock options, gifts, prizes, or any other
31371	form of valuable consideration:
3137m	(A) whether or not payable pursuant to a written agreement; and
3137n	(B) received from:
3137o	(I) an insurer; or
3137p	(II) a third party to the transaction for the sale or placement of insurance.
3137q	(ii) "Compensation from an insurer or third party administrator" does not mean
3137r	compensation from a customer that is:
3137s	(A) a fee or pass-through costs as provided in Subsection (1)(e); or
3137t	(B) a fee or amount collected by or paid to the producer that does not exceed an amount
3137u	established by the commissioner by administrative rule.
3137v	(c) (i) "Customer" means:
3137w	(A) the person signing the application or submission for insurance; or
3137x	(B) the authorized representative of the insured actually negotiating the placement of
3137y	insurance with the producer.
3137z	(ii) "Customer" does not mean a person who is a participant or beneficiary of:

(A) an employee benefit plan; or  $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ 

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and source of any other compensation; and

- 3137ab Ŝ→ (B) a group or blanket insurance policy or group annuity contract sold, solicited, or negotiated 3137ac by the producer or affiliate. 3137ad (d) (i) "Noncommission compensation" includes all funds paid to or credited for the benefit of 3137ae a licensee other than commission compensation. (ii) "Noncommission compensation" does not include charges for pass-through costs incurred 3137af 3137ag by the licensee in connection with obtaining, placing, or servicing an insurance policy. (e) "Pass-through costs" include: 3137ah 3137ai (i) costs for copying documents to be submitted to the insurer; and 3137aj (ii) bank costs for processing cash or credit card payments. 3137ak (2) A licensee may receive from an insured or from a person purchasing an insurance policy, 3137al noncommission compensation if the noncommission compensation is stated on a separate, written 3137am disclosure. 3137an (a) The disclosure required by this Subsection (2) shall: (i) include the signature of the insured or prospective insured acknowledging the 3137ao 3137ap noncommission compensation; (ii) clearly specify the amount or extent of the noncommission compensation; and 3137aq 3137ar (iii) be provided to the insured or prospective insured before the performance of the service. 3137as (b) Noncommission compensation shall be: 3137at (i) limited to actual or reasonable expenses incurred for services; and 3137au (ii) uniformly applied to all insureds or prospective insureds in a class or classes of business or 3137av for a specific service or services. 3137aw (c) A copy of the signed disclosure required by this Subsection (2) must be maintained by any 3137ax licensee who collects or receives the noncommission compensation or any portion of the 3137ay noncommission compensation. 3137az (d) All accounting records relating to noncommission compensation shall be maintained by the person described in Subsection (2)(c) in a manner that facilitates an audit. 3137ba 3137bb (3) (a) A licensee may receive noncommission compensation when acting as a producer for the 3137bc insured in connection with the actual sale or placement of insurance if: 3137bd (i) the producer and the insured have agreed on the producer's noncommission compensation; 3137be and 3137bf (ii) the producer has disclosed to the insured the existence and source of any other compensation that accrues to the producer as a result of the transaction. 3137bg 3137bh (b) The disclosure required by this Subsection (3) shall: 3137bi (i) include the signature of the insured or prospective insured acknowledging the 3137bj noncommission compensation; 3137bk (ii) clearly specify the amount or extent of the noncommission compensation and the existence
  - (i) compensation received by a producer of a compensated corporate surety who ←Ŝ

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(c) The following additional noncommission compensation is authorized:

(iii) be provided to the insured or prospective insured before the performance of the service.

- 3137bp **\$→** under procedures approved by a rule or order of the commissioner is paid by surety bond principal debtors for extra services;
  - (ii) compensation received by an insurance producer who is also licensed as a public adjuster under Section 31A-26-203, for services performed for an insured in connection with a claim adjustment, so long as the producer does not receive or is not promised compensation for aiding in the claim adjustment prior to the occurrence of the claim;
  - (iii) compensation received by a consultant as a consulting fee, provided the consultant complies with the requirements of Section 31A-23a-401; or
  - (iv) other compensation arrangements approved by the commissioner after a finding that they do not violate Section 31A-23a-401 and are not harmful to the public.
    - (4) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (4), "producer" includes:
    - (i) a producer;
      - (ii) an affiliate of a producer; or
- 3137cc (iii) a consultant.

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- (b) Beginning January 1, 2010, in addition to any other disclosures required by this section, a producer may not accept or receive any compensation from an insurer or third party administrator for the placement of a health benefit plan, other than a hospital confinement indemnity policy, unless prior to the customer's purchase of the health benefit plan the producer:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), discloses in writing to the customer that the producer will receive compensation from the insurer or third party administrator for the placement of insurance, including the amount or type of compensation known to the producer at the time of the disclosure; and
  - (ii) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c):
- (A) obtains the customer's signed acknowledgment that the disclosure under Subsection (4)(b)(i) was made to the customer; or
- (B) (I) signs a statement that the disclosure required by Subsection (4)(b)(i) was made to the customer; and
- (II) keeps the signed statement on file in the producer's office while the health benefit plan placed with the customer is in force.
- (c) If the compensation to the producer from an insurer or third party administrator is for the renewal of a health benefit plan, once the producer has made an initial disclosure that complies with Subsection (4)(b), the producer does not have to disclose compensation received for the subsequent yearly renewals in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) until the renewal period immediately following 36 months after the initial disclosure.
- (d) (i) A licensee who collects or receives any part of the compensation from an insurer or third party administrator in a manner that facilitates an audit shall, while the health benefit plan placed with the customer is in force, maintain a copy of:
  - (A) the signed acknowledgment described in Subsection (4)(b)(i); or
  - (B) the signed statement described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii).
- (ii) The standard application developed in accordance with Section 31A-22-635 shall include ←Ŝ

3137dd	\$→ a place for a producer to provide the disclosure required by this Subsection (4), and if completed,
3137de	shall satisfy the requirement of Subsection (4)(d)(i).
3137df	(e) Subsection (4)(b)(ii) does not apply to:
3137dg	(i) a person licensed as a producer who acts only as an intermediary between an insurer and
3137dh	the customer's producer, including a managing general agent; or
3137di	(ii) the placement of insurance in a secondary or residual market.
3137dj	(5) This section does not alter the right of any licensee to recover from an insured the amount
3137dk	of any premium due for insurance effected by or through that licensee or to charge a reasonable rate
3137dl	of interest upon past-due accounts.
3137dm	(6) This section does not apply to bail bond producers or bail enforcement agents as defined in
3137dn	Section 31A-35-102.
3137do	(7) A licensee may not receive noncommission compensation for providing a service or engaging in an
3137dp	act that is required to be provided or performed in order to receive commission compensation.
3138	Section $\$ \rightarrow [26] \ \underline{27} \leftarrow \$$ . Section 31A-25-208 is amended to read:
3139	31A-25-208. Revocation, suspension, surrender, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
3140	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal and reinstatement.
3141	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3142	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (4);
3143	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3144	administrative action;
3145	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
3146	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
3147	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
3148	Minors;
3149	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-25-210; or
3150	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
3151	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
3152	is no longer in force:
3153	(a) a lapsed license; or
3154	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
3155	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
3133	not be remarked after the needse period in which the needse is voluntarily surrendered.

(3) Unless otherwise stated in [the] a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a

3157	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
3158	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
3159	(a) this title; or
3160	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3161	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3162	(4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (4)(b), as part of an
3163	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
3164	commissioner may:
3165	(i) revoke a license;
3166	(ii) suspend a license for a specified period of 12 months or less;
3167	(iii) limit a license in whole or in part; or
3168	(iv) deny a license application.
3169	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (4)(a) if the
3170	commissioner finds that the licensee:
3171	(i) is unqualified for a license under Section 31A-25-202, 31A-25-203, or 31A-25-204;
3172	(ii) has violated:
3173	(A) an insurance statute;
3174	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
3175	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
3176	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
3177	delinquency proceedings in any state;
3178	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
3179	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
3180	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
3181	admitted insurers;
3182	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
3183	directorate or ownership as another third party administrator that transacts business in this state
3184	without a license;
3185	(vii) refuses:
3186	(A) to be examined; or
3187	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;

3188	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3189	(A) give information with respect to the third party administrator's affairs; or
3190	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3191	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
3192	(A) incorrect;
3193	(B) misleading;
3194	(C) incomplete; or
3195	(D) materially untrue;
3196	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another state's insurance
3197	department;
3198	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3199	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
3200	received in the course of doing insurance business;
3201	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
3202	(A) insurance contract; or
3203	(B) application for insurance;
3204	(xiv) has been convicted of a felony;
3205	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice
3206	or fraud;
3207	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
3208	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3209	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3210	(xvii) has had an insurance license or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
3211	any other state, province, district, or territory;
3212	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
3213	(A) an application for insurance; or
3214	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
3215	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
3216	examination for an insurance license;
3217	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
3218	licensed;

3219	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
3220	support obligation;
3221	(xxii) has failed to:
3222	(A) pay state income tax; or
3223	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3224	tax;
3225	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
3226	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. [Secs.] Sec. 1033 and 1034; or
3227	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
3228	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
3229	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3230	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the agency
3231	license.
3232	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
3233	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
3234	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
3235	(i) the individual;
3236	(ii) the agency if the agency:
3237	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
3238	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
3239	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3240	(iii) (A) the individual; and
3241	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
3242	(5) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
3243	without a license if:
3244	(a) the licensee's license is:
3245	(i) revoked;
3246	(ii) suspended;
3247	(iii) limited;
3248	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
3249	(v) lapsed; or

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(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and

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3251	(b) the licensee:
3252	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
3253	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
3254	(6) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
3255	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
3256	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
3257	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
3258	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
3259	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against the person on the basis of conduct
3260	involving:
3261	(i) fraud;
3262	(ii) deceit;
3263	(iii) misrepresentation; or
3264	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
3265	(7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (4) or an agreement to surrender a
3266	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
3267	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3268	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (7)(a), the
3269	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
3270	or agreement is made without the express approval of the commissioner.
3271	(8) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3272	a license issued under this part if so ordered by the court.
3273	(9) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3274	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3275	Section 27. Section 31A-26-206 is amended to read:
3276	31A-26-206. Continuing education requirements.
3277	(1) Pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall by rule prescribe continuing
3278	education requirements for each class of license under Section 31A-26-204.
3279	(2) (a) The commissioner shall impose continuing education requirements in
3280	accordance with a two-year licensing period in which the licensee meets the requirements of

3281	this Subsection (2).
3282	(b) (i) Except as otherwise provided in [Subsection (2)(b)(iii)] this section, the
3283	continuing education requirements shall require:
3284	(A) that a licensee complete 24 credit hours of continuing education for every two-year
3285	licensing period;
3286	(B) that [three] $\underline{3}$ of the 24 credit hours described in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) be ethics
3287	courses; and
3288	(C) that the licensee complete at least half of the required hours through classroom
3289	hours of insurance-related instruction.
3290	[(ii) The hours not completed through classroom hours]
3291	(ii) A continuing education hour completed in accordance with Subsection
3292	(2)(b)(i)[(C)] may be obtained through:
3293	(A) classroom attendance;
3294	$\left[\frac{A}{B}\right]$ home study;
3295	[(B)] (C) watching a video recording;
3296	[ <del>(C)</del> ] <u>(D)</u> experience credit; or
3297	[(D)] (E) other methods provided by rule.
3298	(iii) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(b)(i)(A) and (B), a title insurance adjuster is
3299	required to complete 12 credit hours of continuing education for every two-year licensing
3300	period, with [three] 3 of the credit hours being ethics courses.
3301	(c) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the two-year
3302	licensing period.
3303	(d) (i) [Beginning May 3, 1999, a] $\underline{A}$ licensee is exempt from the continuing education
3304	requirements of this section if:
3305	(A) the licensee was first licensed before April 1, [1970] 1978;
3306	(B) the license does not have a continuous lapse for a period of more than one year,
3307	except for a license for which the licensee has had an exemption approved before May 11,
3308	<u>2011;</u>
3309	[(B)] (C) the licensee requests an exemption from the department; and
3310	[(C)] (D) the department approves the exemption.
3311	(ii) If the department approves the exemption under Subsection (2)(d)(i), the licensee is

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- not required to apply again for the exemption.
- 3313 (e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commissioner shall by rule:
  - (i) publish a list of insurance professional designations whose continuing education requirements can be used to meet the requirements for continuing education under Subsection (2)(b); and
    - (ii) authorize <u>a professional adjuster [associations] association</u> to:
  - (A) offer <u>a</u> qualified [programs for all classes of licenses] <u>program for a classification</u> of license on a geographically accessible basis; and
  - (B) collect <u>a</u> reasonable [<u>fees</u>] <u>fee</u> for funding and administration of [<u>the continuing</u> <u>education programs</u>] <u>a qualified program</u>, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner.
  - (f) (i) [The fees] A fee permitted under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(B) that [are] is charged to fund and administer a qualified program shall reasonably relate to the [costs] cost of administering the qualified program.
  - (ii) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a provider of <u>a</u> continuing education [programs or courses] <u>program or course</u> from charging [fees] <u>a fee</u> for attendance at [courses] <u>a course</u> offered for continuing education credit.
  - (iii) [The fees] A fee permitted under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(B) that [are] is charged for attendance at an association program may be less for an association member, [based] on the basis of the member's affiliation expense, but shall preserve the right of a nonmember to attend without affiliation.
  - (3) The <u>continuing education</u> requirements of this section apply only to [<del>licensees who</del> are natural persons] a licensee who is an individual.
  - (4) The <u>continuing education</u> requirements of this section do not apply to [members]  $\underline{a}$  member of the Utah State Bar.
  - (5) The commissioner shall designate [courses that satisfy] a course that satisfies the requirements of this section, including [those] a course presented by [insurers] an insurer.
  - (6) A nonresident adjuster is considered to have satisfied this state's continuing education requirements if:
  - (a) the nonresident adjuster satisfies the nonresident producer's home state's continuing

3343	education requirements for a licensed insurance adjuster; and
3344	(b) on the same basis the nonresident adjuster's home state considers satisfaction of
3345	Utah's continuing education requirements for a producer as satisfying the continuing education
3346	requirements of the home state.
3347	(7) A licensee subject to this section shall keep documentation of completing the
3348	continuing education requirements of this section for two years after the end of the two-year
3349	licensing period to which the continuing education requirement applies.
3350	Section 28. Section <b>31A-26-208</b> is amended to read:
3351	31A-26-208. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
3352	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid license from the nonresident
3353	license applicant's home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b) are met, the
3354	commissioner shall:
3355	(i) waive any license requirement for a license under this chapter; and
3356	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident adjuster's license.
3357	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
3358	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
3359	(A) is licensed as a resident in the nonresident license applicant's home state at the time
3360	the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident adjuster license;
3361	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
3362	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
3363	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
3364	applicant's home state; or
3365	(II) a completed uniform application; and
3366	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103;
3367	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state is in good
3368	standing; and
3369	(iii) the nonresident license applicant's home state awards nonresident adjuster licenses
3370	to residents of this state on the same basis as this state awards licenses to residents of that home
3371	state.
3372	(2) A nonresident applicant shall execute in a form acceptable to the commissioner an
3373	agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner and courts of this state on any

matter related to the adjuster's insurance activities in this state, on the basis of:  (a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or  (b) other service authorized under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or	
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3378 (3) The commissioner may verify [the third party administrator's] an ad	<u>ijuster s</u>
licensing status through the database maintained by:	
3380 (a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or	
3381 (b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance C	Commissioners.
3382 (4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance lice	ense or related
3383 service to a person not residing in this state based solely on the fact that the per	rson does not
reside in this state.	
Section 29. Section <b>31A-26-213</b> is amended to read:	
3386 31A-26-213. Revocation, suspension, surrender, lapsing, limiting,	or otherwise
3387 terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.	
3388 (1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:	
(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);	
3390 (b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner	r in lieu of
administrative action;	
3392 (c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:	
3393 (i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or	
3394 (ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under	r Disability and
3395 Minors;	
3396 (d) lapsed under Section 31A-26-214.5; or	
(e) voluntarily surrendered.	
3398 (2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within one year after the day on when the following may be reinstated within the following may be reinstanted within the following may be reasonable within the following may be reinstanted within the following ma	hich the license
3399 is no longer in force:	
3400 (a) a lapsed license; or	
3401 (b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrende	ered license may
not be reinstated after the license period in which it is voluntarily surrendered.	j
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3403 (3) Unless otherwise stated in [the] a written agreement for the volunta	ary surrender of a

3405	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
3406	(a) this title; or
3407	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3408	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3409	(4) A license classification issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3410	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a license classification are no longer met by the
3411	licensee; or
3412	(b) the supporting license type:
3413	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5); or
3414	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3415	administrative action.
3416	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b) as part of an
3417	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
3418	commissioner may:
3419	(i) revoke:
3420	(A) a license; or
3421	(B) a license classification;
3422	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
3423	(A) a license; or
3424	(B) a license classification;
3425	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
3426	(A) a license; or
3427	(B) a license classification; or
3428	(iv) deny a license application.
3429	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
3430	commissioner finds that the licensee:
3431	(i) is unqualified for a license or license classification under Section 31A-26-202,
3432	31A-26-203, 31A-26-204, or 31A-26-205;
3433	(ii) has violated:
3434	(A) an insurance statute;
3435	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or

3436	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
3437	(iii) is insolvent, or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
3438	delinquency proceedings in any state;
3439	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
3440	days after the judgment became final;
3441	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
3442	admitted insurers;
3443	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
3444	directorate or ownership as another insurance adjuster that transacts business in this state
3445	without a license;
3446	(vii) refuses:
3447	(A) to be examined; or
3448	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
3449	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3450	(A) give information with respect to the insurance adjuster's affairs; or
3451	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3452	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
3453	(A) incorrect;
3454	(B) misleading;
3455	(C) incomplete; or
3456	(D) materially untrue;
3457	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another state's insurance
3458	department;
3459	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3460	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
3461	received in the course of doing insurance business;
3462	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
3463	(A) insurance contract; or
3464	(B) application for insurance;
3465	(xiv) has been convicted of a felony;
3466	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice

3467	or fraud;
3468	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
3469	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3470	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3471	(xvii) has had an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
3472	any other state, province, district, or territory;
3473	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
3474	(A) an application for insurance; or
3475	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
3476	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
3477	examination for an insurance license;
3478	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
3479	licensed;
3480	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
3481	support obligation;
3482	(xxii) has failed to:
3483	(A) pay state income tax; or
3484	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3485	tax;
3486	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
3487	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. [Secs.] Sec. 1033 and 1034; or
3488	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
3489	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
3490	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3491	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
3492	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
3493	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
3494	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
3495	(i) the individual;
3496	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
3497	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or

3498	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
3499	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3500	(iii) (A) the individual; and
3501	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
3502	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for conducting an insurance
3503	business without a license if:
3504	(a) the licensee's license is:
3505	(i) revoked;
3506	(ii) suspended;
3507	(iii) limited;
3508	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
3509	(v) lapsed; or
3510	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
3511	(b) the licensee:
3512	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
3513	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
3514	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
3515	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
3516	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
3517	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
3518	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
3519	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
3520	involving:
3521	(i) fraud;
3522	(ii) deceit;
3523	(iii) misrepresentation; or
3524	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
3525	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
3526	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time not to exceed five years within
3527	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3528	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the

3529	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years without the express approval of
3530	the commissioner.
3531	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3532	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
3533	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3534	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3535	Section 30. Section 31A-26-306 is amended to read:
3536	31A-26-306. Place of business Records.
3537	(1) (a) An insurance adjuster licensed under this chapter shall[: (i)] register and
3538	maintain with the commissioner:
3539	(i) the address and telephone number of the licensee's principal place of business; [and]
3540	(ii) a valid business email address at which the commissioner may contact the licensee;
3541	<u>and</u>
3542	[(iii)] (iii) if the licensee is an individual, [provide] the licensee's residence address and
3543	telephone number.
3544	(b) A licensee shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of [any change of] a
3545	change in one of the following required to be registered under Subsection (1)(a):
3546	(i) an address [or];
3547	(ii) a telephone number[-]; or
3548	(iii) a business email address.
3549	(2) Except as provided under Subsection (3), [every] an insurance adjuster shall keep at
3550	the address registered under Subsection (1), a record of [all] the transactions consummated
3551	under the insurance adjuster's license, including a record of:
3552	(a) each investigation or adjustment undertaken or consummated; and
3553	(b) $[any]$ <u>a</u> fee, commission, or other compensation received or to be received by the
3554	adjuster on account of the investigation or adjustment.
3555	(3) Subsection (2) is satisfied if the records specified in [that subsection] Subsection
3556	(2) can be obtained immediately from a central storage place elsewhere by on-line computer
3557	terminals located at the registered address.
3558	(4) (a) [The records] A record maintained as to a transaction under Subsection (2) shall
3559	be kept available for the inspection of the commissioner during all business hours for a period

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3560	of time after the date of the transaction specified by the commissioner by rule, but in no case
3561	for less than the current calendar year plus three years.
3562	(b) Discarding [records] a record after the then applicable record retention period is
3563	passed does not place the licensee in violation of a later-adopted longer record retention period.
3564	Section 31. Section <b>31A-28-107</b> is amended to read:
3565	31A-28-107. Board of directors.
3566	(1) (a) The board of directors of the association shall consist of:
3567	(i) at least five but not more than nine member insurers who:
3568	(A) subject to Subsection (1)(e), serve terms as established in the plan of operation;
3569	and
3570	(B) are selected by member insurers, subject to the approval of the commissioner; and
3571	(ii) two public representatives appointed by the commissioner.
3572	(b) (i) The commissioner shall make the appointment of a public representative
3573	coincide with the association's annual meeting at which the association's board of directors is
3574	elected.
3575	(ii) A public representative may not be:
3576	(A) an officer, director, or employee of an insurer; or
3577	(B) a person engaged in the business of insurance.
3578	(iii) Subject to Subsection (1)(e), a public representative shall serve a term of three
3579	years.
3580	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the board of directors for any reason:
3581	(i) if the vacancy is of a member insurer, a replacement may be elected for the
3582	unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to the approval of
3583	the commissioner; and
3584	(ii) if the vacancy is of a public representative, the commissioner shall appoint a
3585	replacement for the unexpired term.
3586	(d) In approving a selection or in appointing a member to the board of directors, the
3587	commissioner shall consider, among other things, whether all member insurers are fairly
3588	represented.

(e) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (b), the commissioner shall, at the time of

election, reelection, appointment, or reappointment adjust the length of terms to ensure that the

3591	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board of directors is
3592	selected during any two-year period.
3593	(2) (a) A member of the board of directors may be reimbursed from the assets of the
3594	association for expenses incurred by the member as a member of the board of directors.
3595	(b) A public representative appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) may not receive
3596	compensation or benefits for the public representative's service, but in addition to
3597	reimbursement under Subsection (2)(a), a public representative may receive per diem and
3598	travel expenses established by the board with the approval of the commissioner.
3599	[(b)] (c) Except as provided in [Subsection (2)(a)] Subsections (2)(a) and (b), a
3600	member of the board of directors may not be compensated by the association for the member's
3601	services.
3602	Section 32. Section 31A-29-103 is amended to read:
3603	31A-29-103. Definitions.
3604	As used in this chapter:
3605	(1) "Board" means the board of directors of the pool created in Section 31A-29-104.
3606	(2) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
3607	(b) "Creditable coverage" does not include a period of time in which there is a
3608	significant break in coverage, as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
3609	(3) "Domicile" means the place where an individual has a fixed and permanent home
3610	and principal establishment:
3611	(a) to which the individual, if absent, intends to return; and
3612	(b) in which the individual, and the individual's family voluntarily reside, not for a
3613	special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home.
3614	(4) "Enrollee" means an individual who has met the eligibility requirements of the pool
3615	and is covered by a pool policy under this chapter.
3616	(5) "Health benefit plan":
3617	(a) is defined in Section 31A-1-301; and
3618	(b) does not include a plan that:
3619	(i) (A) has a maximum actuarial value less that 100% of the basic health care plan; or
3620	(B) has a maximum annual limit of \$100,000 or less; and

(ii) meets other criteria established by the board.

3622	(6) "Health care facility" means any entity providing health care services which is
3623	licensed under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act.
3624	(7) "Health care insurance" is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
3625	(8) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as provided in Section 78B-3-403.
3626	(9) "Health care services" means:
3627	(a) any service or product:
3628	(i) used in furnishing to any individual medical care or hospitalization; or
3629	(ii) incidental to furnishing medical care or hospitalization; and
3630	(b) any other service or product furnished for the purpose of preventing, alleviating,
3631	curing, or healing human illness or injury.
3632	(10) "Health maintenance organization" has the same meaning as provided in Section
3633	31A-8-101.
3634	(11) "Health plan" means any arrangement by which an individual, including a
3635	dependent or spouse, covered or making application to be covered under the pool has:
3636	(a) access to hospital and medical benefits or reimbursement including group or
3637	individual insurance or subscriber contract;
3638	(b) coverage through:
3639	(i) a health maintenance organization;
3640	(ii) a preferred provider prepayment;
3641	(iii) group practice;
3642	(iv) individual practice plan; or
3643	(v) health care insurance;
3644	(c) coverage under an uninsured arrangement of group or group-type contracts
3645	including employer self-insured, cost-plus, or other benefits methodologies not involving
3646	insurance;
3647	(d) coverage under a group type contract which is not available to the general public
3648	and can be obtained only because of connection with a particular organization or group; and
3649	(e) coverage by Medicare or other governmental benefit.
3650	(12) "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act [of 1996,
3651	Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936].

(13) "HIPAA eligible" means an individual who is eligible under the provisions of the

3653	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act [of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat.
3654	<del>1936</del> ].
3655	(14) "Insurer" means:
3656	(a) an insurance company authorized to transact accident and health insurance business
3657	in this state;
3658	(b) a health maintenance organization; or
3659	(c) a self-insurer not subject to federal preemption.
3660	(15) "Medicaid" means coverage under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C.
3661	Sec. 1396 et seq., as amended.
3662	(16) "Medicare" means coverage under both Part A and B of Title XVIII of the Social
3663	Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq., as amended.
3664	(17) "Plan of operation" means the plan developed by the board in accordance with
3665	Section 31A-29-105 and includes the articles, bylaws, and operating rules adopted by the board
3666	under Section 31A-29-106.
3667	(18) "Pool" means the Utah Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool created in Section
3668	31A-29-104.
3669	(19) "Pool fund" means the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool Enterprise Fund
3670	created in Section 31A-29-120.
3671	(20) "Pool policy" means a health benefit plan policy issued under this chapter.
3672	(21) "Preexisting condition" has the same meaning as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
3673	(22) (a) "Resident" or "residency" means a person who is domiciled in this state.
3674	(b) A resident retains residency if that resident leaves this state:
3675	(i) to serve in the armed forces of the United States; or
3676	(ii) for religious or educational purposes.
3677	(23) "Third-party administrator" has the same meaning as provided in Section
3678	31A-1-301.
3679	Section 33. Section 31A-29-106 is amended to read:
3680	31A-29-106. Powers of board.
3681	(1) The board shall have the general powers and authority granted under the laws of
3682	this state to insurance companies licensed to transact health care insurance business. In
3683	addition, the board shall have the specific authority to:

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- (a) enter into contracts to carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter, including, with the approval of the commissioner, contracts with:
  - (i) similar pools of other states for the joint performance of common administrative functions; or
    - (ii) persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions;
  - (b) sue or be sued, including taking such legal action necessary to avoid the payment of improper claims against the pool or the coverage provided through the pool;
  - (c) establish appropriate rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, expense allowances, agents' referral fees, claim reserve formulas, and any other actuarial function appropriate to the operation of the pool;
    - (d) issue policies of insurance in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;
  - (e) retain an executive director and appropriate legal, actuarial, and other personnel as necessary to provide technical assistance in the operations of the pool;
    - (f) establish rules, conditions, and procedures for reinsuring risks under this chapter;
    - (g) cause the pool to have an annual audit of its operations by the state auditor;
  - (h) coordinate with the Department of Health in seeking to obtain from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or other appropriate office or agency of government, all appropriate waivers, authority, and permission needed to coordinate the coverage available from the pool with coverage available under Medicaid, either before or after Medicaid coverage, or as a conversion option upon completion of Medicaid eligibility, without the necessity for requalification by the enrollee;
  - (i) provide for and employ cost containment measures and requirements including preadmission certification, concurrent inpatient review, and individual case management for the purpose of making the pool more cost-effective;
  - (j) offer pool coverage through contracts with health maintenance organizations, preferred provider organizations, and other managed care systems that will manage costs while maintaining quality care;
  - (k) establish annual limits on benefits payable under the pool to or on behalf of any enrollee;
  - (l) exclude from coverage under the pool specific benefits, medical conditions, and procedures for the purpose of protecting the financial viability of the pool;

3/13	(iii) administer the Pool Fund;
3716	(n) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3717	Rulemaking Act, to implement this chapter; and
3718	(o) adopt, trademark, and copyright a trade name for the pool for use in marketing and
3719	publicizing the pool and its products.
3720	(2) (a) The board shall prepare and submit an annual report to the Legislature which
3721	shall include:
3722	(i) the net premiums anticipated;
3723	(ii) actuarial projections of payments required of the pool;
3724	(iii) the expenses of administration; and
3725	(iv) the anticipated reserves or losses of the pool.
3726	(b) The budget for operation of the pool is subject to the approval of the board.
3727	(c) The administrative budget of the board and the commissioner under this chapter
3728	shall comply with the requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, and is
3729	subject to review and approval by the Legislature.
3730	(3) (a) The board shall on or before September 1, 2004, require the plan administrator
3731	or an independent actuarial consultant retained by the plan administrator to redetermine the
3732	reasonable equivalent of the criteria for uninsurability required under Subsection
3733	31A-30-106(1)[(j)](h) that is used by the board to determine eligibility for coverage in the pool.
3734	(b) The board shall redetermine the criteria established in Subsection (3)(a) at least
3735	every five years thereafter.
3736	Section 34. Section 31A-30-103 is amended to read:
3737	31A-30-103. Definitions.
3738	As used in this chapter:
3739	(1) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member of the American
3740	Academy of Actuaries or other individual approved by the commissioner that a covered carrier
3741	is in compliance with [Sections 31A-30-106 and 31A-30-106.1, based upon the
3742	examination of the covered carrier, including review of the appropriate records and of the
3743	actuarial assumptions and methods used by the covered carrier in establishing premium rates
3744	for applicable health benefit plans.
3745	(2) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means any entity or person who directly or indirectly

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- through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, a specified entity or person.
  - (3) "Base premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or that could have been charged under a rating system for that class of business by the covered carrier to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
  - (4) "Basic benefit plan" or "basic coverage" means the coverage provided in the Basic Health Care Plan under Section 31A-22-613.5.
  - (5) "Carrier" means any person or entity that provides health insurance in this state including:
    - (a) an insurance company;
    - (b) a prepaid hospital or medical care plan;
      - (c) a health maintenance organization;
  - (d) a multiple employer welfare arrangement; and
    - (e) any other person or entity providing a health insurance plan under this title.
    - (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), "case characteristics" means demographic or other objective characteristics of a covered insured that are considered by the carrier in determining premium rates for the covered insured.
      - (b) "Case characteristics" do not include:
      - (i) duration of coverage since the policy was issued;
      - (ii) claim experience; and
- 3767 (iii) health status.
  - (7) "Class of business" means all or a separate grouping of covered insureds that is permitted by the [department] commissioner in accordance with Section 31A-30-105.
  - (8) "Conversion policy" means a policy providing coverage under the conversion provisions required in Chapter 22, Part 7, Group Accident and Health Insurance.
  - (9) "Covered carrier" means any individual carrier or small employer carrier subject to this chapter.
  - (10) "Covered individual" means any individual who is covered under a health benefit plan subject to this chapter.
    - (11) "Covered insureds" means small employers and individuals who are issued a

- health benefit plan that is subject to this chapter.
- 3778 (12) "Dependent" means an individual to the extent that the individual is defined to be a dependent by:
  - (a) the health benefit plan covering the covered individual; and
  - (b) Chapter 22, Part 6, Accident and Health Insurance.
  - (13) "Established geographic service area" means a geographical area approved by the commissioner within which the carrier is authorized to provide coverage.
  - (14) "Index rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period for covered insureds with similar case characteristics, the arithmetic average of the applicable base premium rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.
  - (15) "Individual carrier" means a carrier that provides coverage on an individual basis through a health benefit plan regardless of whether:
    - (a) coverage is offered through:
    - (i) an association;
- 3791 (ii) a trust;

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- 3792 (iii) a discretionary group; or
- 3793 (iv) other similar groups; or
- 3794 (b) the policy or contract is situated out-of-state.
- 3795 (16) "Individual conversion policy" means a conversion policy issued to:
- 3796 (a) an individual; or
- 3797 (b) an individual with a family.
  - (17) "Individual coverage count" means the number of natural persons covered under a carrier's health benefit products that are individual policies.
  - (18) "Individual enrollment cap" means the percentage set by the commissioner in accordance with Section 31A-30-110.
  - (19) "New business premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or offered, or that could have been charged or offered, by the carrier to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for newly issued health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
  - (20) "Premium" means [all] money paid by covered insureds and covered individuals as a condition of receiving coverage from a covered carrier, including any fees or other

2000	contributions associated with the health benefit plan.
3809	(21) (a) "Rating period" means the calendar period for which premium rates
3810	established by a covered carrier are assumed to be in effect, as determined by the carrier.
3811	(b) A covered carrier may not have:
3812	(i) more than one rating period in any calendar month; and
3813	(ii) no more than 12 rating periods in any calendar year.
3814	(22) "Resident" means an individual who has resided in this state for at least 12
3815	consecutive months immediately preceding the date of application.
3816	(23) "Short-term limited duration insurance" means a health benefit product that:
3817	(a) is not renewable; and
3818	(b) has an expiration date specified in the contract that is less than 364 days after the
3819	date the plan became effective.
3820	(24) "Small employer carrier" means a carrier that provides health benefit plans
3821	covering eligible employees of one or more small employers in this state, regardless of
3822	whether:
3823	(a) coverage is offered through:
3824	(i) an association;
3825	(ii) a trust;
3826	(iii) a discretionary group; or
3827	(iv) other similar grouping; or
3828	(b) the policy or contract is situated out-of-state.
3829	(25) "Uninsurable" means an individual who:
3830	(a) is eligible for the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool coverage under the
3831	underwriting criteria established in Subsection 31A-29-111(5); or
3832	(b) (i) is issued a certificate for coverage under Subsection 31A-30-108(3); and
3833	(ii) has a condition of health that does not meet consistently applied underwriting
3834	criteria as established by the commissioner in accordance with Subsections 31A-30-106(1)[ <del>(i)</del>
3835	and (j)](g) and (h) for which coverage the applicant is applying.
3836	(26) "Uninsurable percentage" for a given calendar year equals UC/CI where, for
3837	nurnoses of this formula:

(a) "CI" means the carrier's individual coverage count as of December 31 of the

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- (b) "UC" means the number of uninsurable individuals who were issued an individual policy on or after July 1, 1997.
  - Section 35. Section 31A-30-105 is amended to read:

#### 31A-30-105. Establishment of classes of business.

- (1) For [policies that go into] a policy that takes effect on or after January 1, 2011, a covered carrier may not establish a separate class of business unless:
- (a) the covered carrier submits an application to the [department] commissioner to establish a separate class of business;
- (b) the covered carrier demonstrates to the satisfaction of the [department] commissioner that a separate class of business is justified under the provisions of this section; and
- (c) the [department] commissioner approves the carrier's application for the use of a separate class of business.
- (2) (a) The [presumption of the department shall be] commissioner shall have a presumption against the use of a separate class of business by a covered insured, except when the covered carrier demonstrates that [the provisions of] this Subsection (2) [apply] applies.
- (b) The [department] commissioner may approve the use of a separate class of business only if the covered carrier can demonstrate that the use of a separate class of business is necessary due to substantial differences in either expected claims experience or administrative costs related to the following reasons:
- (i) the covered carrier uses more than one type of system for the marketing and sale of health benefit plans to covered insureds;
  - (ii) the covered carrier has acquired a class of business from another covered carrier; or
  - (iii) the covered carrier provides coverage to one or more association groups.
- (3) The commissioner may establish regulations to provide for a period of transition in order for a covered carrier to come into compliance with Subsection (2) in the instance of acquisition of an additional class of business from another covered carrier.
- (4) The commissioner may approve the establishment of up to five classes of business per covered carrier upon application to the commissioner and a finding by the commissioner that such action would substantially enhance the efficiency and fairness of the health insurance

3870 marketplace subject to this chapter.

(5) A covered carrier may not establish a class of business based solely on the marketing or sale of a health benefit plan as a defined contribution arrangement health benefit plan, or through the Health Insurance Exchange.

Section 36. Section 31A-30-106 is amended to read:

#### 31A-30-106. Individual premiums -- Rating restrictions -- Disclosure.

- (1) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals under this chapter are subject to [the provisions of] this section.
- (a) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business may not exceed the index rate for any other class of business by more than 20%.
- (b) (i) For a class of business, the premium rates charged during a rating period to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage, or the rates that could be charged to the individual under the rating system for that class of business, may not vary from the index rate by more than 30% of the index rate [provided in Section 31A-30-106.1] except as provided under Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
- (ii) A carrier that offers individual and small employer health benefit plans may use the small employer index rates to establish the rate limitations for individual policies, even if some individual policies are rated below the small employer base rate.
- (c) The percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a covered insured for a new rating period, adjusted pro rata for rating periods less than a year, may not exceed the sum of the following:
- (i) the percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period;
- (ii) any adjustment, not to exceed 15% annually <u>and adjusted pro rata</u> for rating periods of less than one year, due to the claim experience, health status, or duration of coverage of the covered individuals as determined from the rate manual for the class of business of the carrier offering an individual health benefit plan; and
- (iii) any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the covered insured as determined from the rate manual for the class of business of the carrier offering an individual health benefit plan.
  - (d) (i) A carrier offering an individual health benefit plan shall apply rating factors,

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3901 including case characteristics, consistently with respect to all covered insureds in a class of 3902 business. 3903 (ii) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical individuals that: 3904 (A) differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design; and 3905 (B) do not reflect differences due to the nature of the individuals assumed to select 3906 particular health benefit products. 3907 (iii) A carrier offering an individual health benefit plan shall treat all health benefit 3908 plans issued or renewed in the same calendar month as having the same rating period. 3909 (e) For the purposes of this Subsection (1), a health benefit plan that uses a restricted 3910 network provision may not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not 3911 use a restricted network provision, provided that use of the restricted network provision results 3912 in substantial difference in claims costs. 3913 (f) A carrier offering a health benefit plan to an individual may not, without prior 3914 approval of the commissioner, use case characteristics other than: 3915 (i) age; 3916 (ii) gender; 3917 (iii) geographic area; and 3918 (iv) family composition. 3919 (g) (i) The commissioner shall establish rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 3920 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to: 3921 (A) implement this chapter; and 3922 (B) assure that rating practices used by carriers who offer health benefit plans to 3923 individuals are consistent with the purposes of this chapter. 3924 (ii) The rules described in Subsection (1)(g)(i) may include rules that: 3925 (A) assure that differences in rates charged for health benefit products by carriers who 3926 offer health benefit plans to individuals are reasonable and reflect objective differences in plan

particular health benefit products;

(B) prescribe the manner in which case characteristics may be used by carriers who offer health benefit plans to individuals;

design, not including differences due to the nature of the individuals assumed to select

(C) implement the individual enrollment cap under Section 31A-30-110, including

3932	specifying:
3933	(I) the contents for certification;
3934	(II) auditing standards;
3935	(III) underwriting criteria for uninsurable classification; and
3936	(IV) limitations on high risk enrollees under Section 31A-30-111; and
3937	(D) establish the individual enrollment cap under Subsection 31A-30-110(1).
3938	(h) Before implementing regulations for underwriting criteria for uninsurable
3939	classification, the commissioner shall contract with an independent consulting organization to
3940	develop industry-wide underwriting criteria for uninsurability based on an individual's expected
3941	claims under open enrollment coverage exceeding 325% of that expected for a standard
3942	insurable individual with the same case characteristics.
3943	(i) The commissioner shall revise rules issued for Sections 31A-22-602 and
3944	31A-22-605 regarding individual accident and health policy rates to allow rating in accordance
3945	with this section.
3946	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i), if a health benefit product is a health benefit
3947	product into which the covered carrier is no longer enrolling new covered insureds, the covered
3948	carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate, provided that the change does
3949	not exceed, on a percentage basis, the change in the new business premium rate for the most
3950	similar health benefit product into which the covered carrier is actively enrolling new covered
3951	insureds.
3952	(3) (a) A covered carrier may not transfer a covered insured involuntarily into or out of
3953	a class of business.
3954	(b) A covered carrier may not offer to transfer a covered insured into or out of a class
3955	of business unless the offer is made to transfer all covered insureds in the class of business
3956	without regard to:
3957	(i) case characteristics;
3958	(ii) claim experience;
3959	(iii) health status; or
3960	(iv) duration of coverage since issue.
3961	(4) (a) A carrier who offers a health benefit plan to an individual shall maintain at the

carrier's principal place of business a complete and detailed description of its rating practices

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and renewal underwriting practices, including information and documentation that demonstrate that the carrier's rating methods and practices are:

- (i) based upon commonly accepted actuarial assumptions; and
- (ii) in accordance with sound actuarial principles.
- (b) (i) Each carrier subject to this section shall file with the commissioner, on or before April 1 of each year, in a form, manner, and containing such information as prescribed by the commissioner, an actuarial certification certifying that:
  - (A) the carrier is in compliance with this chapter; and
  - (B) the rating methods of the carrier are actuarially sound.
- (ii) A copy of the certification required by Subsection (4)(b)(i) shall be retained by the carrier at the carrier's principal place of business.
- (c) A carrier shall make the information and documentation described in this Subsection (4) available to the commissioner upon request.
- (d) Records submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by the commissioner as protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
  - Section 37. Section **31A-30-106.1** is amended to read:

#### 31A-30-106.1. Small employer premiums -- Rating restrictions -- Disclosure.

- (1) Premium rates for small employer health benefit plans under this chapter are subject to [the provisions of] this section for a health benefit plan that is issued or renewed, on or after January 1, 2011.
- (2) (a) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business may not exceed the index rate for any other class of business by more than 20%.
- (b) For a class of business, the premium rates charged during a rating period to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage, or the rates that could be charged to an employer group under the rating system for that class of business, may not vary from the index rate by more than 30% of the index rate, except when catastrophic mental health coverage is selected as provided in Subsection 31A-22-625(2)(d).
- (3) The percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a covered insured for a new rating period, adjusted pro rata for rating periods less than a year, may not exceed the sum of the following:

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- 3994 (a) the percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period;
  - (b) any adjustment, not to exceed 15% annually <u>and adjusted pro rata</u> for rating periods of less than one year, due to the claim experience, health status, or duration of coverage of the covered individuals as determined from the small employer carrier's rate manual for the class of business, except when catastrophic mental health coverage is selected as provided in Subsection 31A-22-625(2)(d); and
  - (c) any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the covered insured as determined for the class of business from the small employer carrier's rate manual.
  - (4) (a) Adjustments in rates for claims experience, health status, and duration from issue may not be charged to individual employees or dependents.
  - (b) Rating adjustments and factors, including case characteristics, shall be applied uniformly and consistently to the rates charged for all employees and dependents of the small employer.
    - (c) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that:
    - (i) differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design; and
  - (ii) do not reflect differences due to the nature of the groups assumed to select particular health benefit products.
  - (d) A small employer carrier shall treat all health benefit plans issued or renewed in the same calendar month as having the same rating period.
  - (5) A health benefit plan that uses a restricted network provision may not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not use a restricted network provision, provided that use of the restricted network provision results in substantial difference in claims costs.
  - (6) The small employer carrier may not use case characteristics other than the following:
    - (a) age of the employee, as determined at the beginning of the plan year, limited to:
- 4022 (i) the following age bands:
- 4023 (A) less than 20;
- 4024 (B) 20-24;

4025	(C) 25-29;
4026	(D) 30-34;
4027	(E) 35-39;
4028	(F) 40-44;
4029	(G) 45-49;
4030	(H) 50-54;
4031	(I) 55-59;
4032	(J) 60-64; and
4033	(K) 65 and above; and
4034	(ii) a standard slope ratio range for each age band, applied to each family composition
4035	tier rating structure under Subsection (6)(c):
4036	(A) as developed by the [department] commissioner by administrative rule;
4037	(B) not to exceed an overall ratio of 5:1; and
4038	(C) the age slope ratios for each age band may not overlap;
4039	(b) geographic area; and
4040	(c) family composition, limited to:
4041	(i) an overall ratio of 5:1 or less; and
4042	(ii) a four tier rating structure that includes:
4043	(A) employee only;
4044	(B) employee plus spouse;
4045	(C) employee plus a dependent or dependents; and
4046	(D) a family, consisting of an employee plus spouse, and a dependent or dependents.
4047	(7) If a health benefit plan is a health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier
4048	is no longer enrolling new covered insureds, the small employer carrier shall use the percentage
4049	change in the base premium rate, provided that the change does not exceed, on a percentage
4050	basis, the change in the new business premium rate for the most similar health benefit product
4051	into which the small employer carrier is actively enrolling new covered insureds.
4052	(8) (a) A covered carrier may not transfer a covered insured involuntarily into or out of
4053	a class of business.
4054	(b) A covered carrier may not offer to transfer a covered insured into or out of a class

of business unless the offer is made to transfer all covered insureds in the class of business

4030	without regard to:
4057	(i) case characteristics;
4058	(ii) claim experience;
4059	(iii) health status; or
4060	(iv) duration of coverage since issue.
4061	(9) (a) Each small employer carrier shall maintain at the small employer carrier's
4062	principal place of business a complete and detailed description of its rating practices and
4063	renewal underwriting practices, including information and documentation that demonstrate that
4064	the small employer carrier's rating methods and practices are:
4065	(i) based upon commonly accepted actuarial assumptions; and
4066	(ii) in accordance with sound actuarial principles.
4067	(b) (i) Each small employer carrier shall file with the commissioner on or before April
4068	1 of each year, in a form and manner and containing information as prescribed by the
4069	commissioner, an actuarial certification certifying that:
4070	(A) the small employer carrier is in compliance with this chapter; and
4071	(B) the rating methods of the small employer carrier are actuarially sound.
4072	(ii) A copy of the certification required by Subsection (9)(b)(i) shall be retained by the
4073	small employer carrier at the small employer carrier's principal place of business.
4074	(c) A small employer carrier shall make the information and documentation described
4075	in this Subsection (9) available to the commissioner upon request.
4076	(10) (a) The commissioner shall, by July 1, 2010, establish rules in accordance with
4077	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
4078	(i) implement this chapter; and
4079	(ii) assure that rating practices used by small employer carriers under this section and
4080	carriers for individual plans under Section 31A-30-106, [as effective] in effect on January 1,
4081	2011, are consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
4082	(b) The rules may:
4083	(i) assure that differences in rates charged for health benefit plans by carriers are
4084	reasonable and reflect objective differences in plan design, not including differences due to the
4085	nature of the groups or individuals assumed to select particular health benefit plans; and
4086	(ii) prescribe the manner in which case characteristics may be used by small employer

requested under Subsection (2)(b)(i).

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4087	and individual carriers.
4088	(11) Records submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by
4089	the commissioner as protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
4090	Access and Management Act.
4091	Section 38. Section 31A-30-106.5 is amended to read:
4092	31A-30-106.5. Conversion policy Premiums Rating restrictions.
4093	(1) [All provisions of Section 31A-30-106.1 apply] Section 31A-30-106 applies to
4094	conversion policies.
4095	(2) Conversion policy premium rates may not exceed by more than 35% the index rate
4096	for $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [f]$ small employers $[f]$ $[\underline{\mathbf{individuals}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ with similar case characteristics for any class
4096a	of business in
4097	which the policy form has been [approved] filed.
4098	(3) An insurer may not consider pregnancy of a covered insured in determining its
4099	conversion policy premium rates.
4100	Section 39. Section 31A-30-108 is amended to read:
4101	31A-30-108. Eligibility for small employer and individual market.
4102	(1) (a) Small employer carriers shall accept residents for small group coverage as set
4103	forth in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, [P.L. 104-191, 110 Stat.
4104	<del>1962,</del> ] Sec. 2701(f) and 2711(a).
4105	(b) Individual carriers shall accept residents for individual coverage pursuant to:
4106	(i) [to P.L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1979] Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
4107	<u>Act</u> , Sec. 2741(a)-(b); and
4108	(ii) Subsection (3).
4109	(2) (a) Small employer carriers shall offer to accept all eligible employees and their
4110	dependents at the same level of benefits under any health benefit plan provided to a small
4111	employer.
4112	(b) Small employer carriers may:
4113	(i) request a small employer to submit a copy of the small employer's quarterly income
4114	tax withholdings to determine whether the employees for whom coverage is provided or
4115	requested are bona fide employees of the small employer; and
4116	(ii) deny or terminate coverage if the small employer refuses to provide documentation

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4118	(3) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6) and Section 31A-30-110, individual
4119	carriers shall accept for coverage individuals to whom all of the following conditions apply:
4120	(a) the individual is not covered or eligible for coverage:
4121	(i) (A) as an employee of an employer;
4122	(B) as a member of an association; or
4123	(C) as a member of any other group; and
4124	(ii) under:
4125	(A) a health benefit plan; or
4126	(B) a self-insured arrangement that provides coverage similar to that provided by a
4127	health benefit plan as defined in Section 31A-1-301;
4128	(b) the individual is not covered and is not eligible for coverage under any public
4129	health benefits arrangement including:
4130	(i) the Medicare program established under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act;
4131	(ii) any act of Congress or law of this or any other state that provides benefits
4132	comparable to the benefits provided under this chapter; or
4133	(iii) coverage under the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool Act created in Chapter
4134	29, Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool Act;
4135	(c) unless the maximum benefit has been reached the individual is not covered or
4136	eligible for coverage under any:
4137	(i) Medicare supplement policy;
4138	(ii) conversion option;
4139	(iii) continuation or extension under COBRA; or
4140	(iv) state extension;
4141	(d) the individual has not terminated or declined coverage described in Subsection
4142	(3)(a), (b), or (c) within 93 days of application for coverage, unless the individual is eligible for
4143	individual coverage under [P.L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1979] Health Insurance Portability and
4144	Accountability Act, Sec. 2741(b), in which case, the requirement of this Subsection (3)(d) does
4145	not apply; and
4146	(e) the individual is certified as ineligible for the Health Insurance Pool if:
4147	(i) the individual applies for coverage with the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool
4148	within 30 days after being rejected or refused coverage by the covered carrier and reapplies for

(a)-(b).

4149 coverage with that covered carrier within 30 days after the date of issuance of a certificate 4150 under Subsection 31A-29-111(5)(c); or (ii) the individual applies for coverage with any individual carrier within 45 days after: 4151 4152 (A) notice of cancellation of coverage under Subsection 31A-29-115(1); or 4153 (B) the date of issuance of a certificate under Subsection 31A-29-111(5)(c) if the 4154 individual applied first for coverage with the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool. 4155 (4) (a) If coverage is obtained under Subsection (3)(e)(i) and the required premium is 4156 paid, the effective date of coverage shall be the first day of the month following the individual's 4157 submission of a completed insurance application to that covered carrier. 4158 (b) If coverage is obtained under Subsection (3)(e)(ii) and the required premium is 4159 paid, the effective date of coverage shall be the day following the: 4160 (i) cancellation of coverage under Subsection 31A-29-115(1); or 4161 (ii) submission of a completed insurance application to the Comprehensive Health 4162 Insurance Pool. 4163 (5) (a) An individual carrier is not required to accept individuals for coverage under 4164 Subsection (3) if the carrier issues no new individual policies in the state after July 1, 1997. 4165 (b) A carrier described in Subsection (5)(a) may not issue new individual policies in 4166 the state for five years from July 1, 1997. 4167 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b), a carrier may request permission to issue new 4168 policies after July 1, 1999, which may only be granted if: 4169 (i) the carrier accepts uninsurables as is required of a carrier entering the market under 4170 Subsection 31A-30-110; and 4171 (ii) the commissioner finds that the carrier's issuance of new individual policies: 4172 (A) is in the best interests of the state; and 4173 (B) does not provide an unfair advantage to the carrier. 4174 (6) (a) If the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool, as set forth under [Title 31A], 4175 Chapter 29, Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool Act, is dissolved or discontinued, or if 4176 enrollment is capped or suspended, an individual carrier may decline to accept individuals 4177 applying for individual enrollment, other than individuals applying for coverage as set forth in 4178 [P.L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1979] Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, Sec. 2741

4180	(b) Within two calendar days of taking action under Subsection (6)(a), an individual
4181	carrier will provide written notice to the [Utah Insurance Department] department.
4182	(7) (a) If a small employer carrier offers health benefit plans to small employers
4183	through a network plan, the small employer carrier may:
4184	(i) limit the employers that may apply for the coverage to those employers with eligible
4185	employees who live, reside, or work in the service area for the network plan; and
4186	(ii) within the service area of the network plan, deny coverage to an employer if the
4187	small employer carrier has demonstrated to the commissioner that the small employer carrier:
4188	(A) will not have the capacity to deliver services adequately to enrollees of any
4189	additional groups because of the small employer carrier's obligations to existing group contract
4190	holders and enrollees; and
4191	(B) applies this section uniformly to all employers without regard to:
4192	(I) the claims experience of an employer, an employer's employee, or a dependent of an
4193	employee; or
4194	(II) any health status-related factor relating to an employee or dependent of an
4195	employee.
4196	(b) (i) A small employer carrier that denies a health benefit product to an employer in
4197	any service area in accordance with this section may not offer coverage in the small employer
4198	market within the service area to any employer for a period of 180 days after the date the
4199	coverage is denied.
4200	(ii) This Subsection (7)(b) does not:
4201	(A) limit the small employer carrier's ability to renew coverage that is in force; or
4202	(B) relieve the small employer carrier of the responsibility to renew coverage that is in
4203	force.
4204	(c) Coverage offered within a service area after the 180-day period specified in
4205	Subsection (7)(b) is subject to the requirements of this section.
4206	Section 40. Section <b>31A-30-110</b> is amended to read:
4207	31A-30-110. Individual enrollment cap.
4208	(1) The commissioner shall set the individual enrollment cap at .5% on July 1, 1997.
4209	(2) The commissioner shall raise the individual enrollment cap by .5% at the later of
4210	the following dates:

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4211 (a) six months from the last increase in the individual enrollment cap; or 4212 (b) the date when CCI/TI is greater than .90, where: 4213 (i) "CCI" is the total individual coverage count for all carriers certifying that their 4214 uninsurable percentage has reached the individual enrollment cap; and 4215 (ii) "TI" is the total individual coverage count for all carriers. 4216 (3) The commissioner may establish a minimum number of uninsurable individuals 4217 that a carrier entering the market who is subject to this chapter must accept under the individual 4218 enrollment provisions of this chapter. 4219 (4) Beginning July 1, 1997, an individual carrier may decline to accept individuals 4220 applying for individual enrollment under Subsection 31A-30-108(3), other than individuals 4221 applying for coverage as set forth in P.L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1979, Sec. 2741 (a)-(b), if: 4222 (a) the uninsurable percentage for that carrier equals or exceeds the cap established in 4223 Subsection (1); and 4224 (b) the covered carrier has certified on forms provided by the commissioner that its 4225 uninsurable percentage equals or exceeds the individual enrollment cap. 4226 (5) The department may audit a carrier's records to verify whether the carrier's 4227 uninsurable classification meets industry standards for underwriting criteria as established by 4228 the commissioner in accordance with Subsection 31A-30-106(1)[(i)](h). 4229 (6) (a) If the commissioner determines that individual enrollment is causing a 4230 substantial adverse effect on premiums, enrollment, or experience, the commissioner may 4231 suspend, limit, or delay further individual enrollment for up to 12 months. 4232 (b) The commissioner shall adopt rules to establish a uniform methodology for 4233 calculating and reporting loss ratios for individual policies for determining whether the 4234 individual enrollment provisions of Section 31A-30-108 should be waived for an individual 4235 carrier experiencing significant and adverse financial impact as a result of complying with those provisions. 4236 4237 Section 41. Section **31A-30-112** is amended to read: 4238 31A-30-112. Employee participation levels. 4239 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2) and Section 31A-30-206, a requirement

used by a covered carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer,

including a requirement for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum

4242 employer contributions, shall be applied uniformly among all small employers with the same 4243 number of eligible employees applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the covered 4244 carrier. 4245 (b) In addition to applying Subsection 31A-1-301[(121)](123), a covered carrier may require that a small employer have a minimum of two eligible employees to meet participation 4246 4247 requirements. 4248 (2) A covered carrier may not increase a requirement for minimum employee 4249 participation or a requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small 4250 employer at any time after the small employer is accepted for coverage. 4251 Section 42. Section **31A-31-108** is amended to read: 4252 31A-31-108. Assessment of insurers. 4253 (1) For purposes of this section: 4254 (a) The commissioner shall by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 4255 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, define: 4256 (i) "annuity consideration"; 4257 (ii) "membership fees"; 4258 (iii) "other fees"; 4259 (iv) "deposit-type contract funds"; and (v) "other considerations in Utah." 4260 (b) "Utah consideration" means: 4261 4262 (i) the total premiums written for Utah risks; 4263 (ii) annuity consideration; 4264 (iii) membership fees collected by the insurer; 4265 (iv) other fees collected by the insurer; 4266 (v) deposit-type contract funds; and 4267 (vi) other considerations in Utah. 4268 (c) "Utah risks" means insurance coverage on the lives, health, or against the liability 4269 of persons residing in Utah, or on property located in Utah, other than property temporarily in 4270 transit through Utah. 4271 (2) To implement this chapter, Section 34A-2-110, and Section 76-6-521, the

commissioner may assess each admitted insurer and each nonadmitted insurer transacting

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4273 insurance under Chapter 15, Parts 1, Unauthorized Insurers and Surplus Lines, and 2, 4274 [Unauthorized Insurers] Risk Retention Groups Act, an annual fee as follows: (a) \$150 for an insurer, if the sum of the Utah consideration for that insurer is less than 4275 4276 or equal to \$1,000,000; 4277 (b) \$400 for an insurer, if the sum of the Utah consideration for that insurer is greater 4278 than \$1,000,000 but is less than or equal to \$2,500,000; 4279 (c) \$700 for an insurer, if the sum of the Utah consideration for that insurer is greater 4280 than \$2,500,000 but is less than or equal to \$5,000,000; 4281 (d) \$1,350 for an insurer, if the sum of the Utah consideration for that insurer is greater 4282 than \$5,000,000 but less than or equal to \$10,000,000; 4283 (e) \$5,150 for an insurer, if the sum of the Utah consideration for that insurer is greater 4284 than \$10,000,000 but less than \$50,000,000; and 4285 (f) \$12,350 for an insurer, if the sum of the Utah consideration for that insurer equals 4286 or exceeds \$50,000,000. 4287 (3) [All money] Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited [in 4288 the General Fund as a dedicated credit of the department for the purpose of providing funds to 4289 pay for any costs and expenses incurred by the department in the administration, investigation, 4290 and enforcement of this chapter, Section 34A-2-110, and Section 76-6-521.] into the Insurance 4291 Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created in Subsection (4). 4292 (4) (a) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the 4293 "Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account." 4294 (b) The Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account shall consist of the money received by the commissioner under this section and Section 31A-31-109. 4295 4296 (c) The commissioner shall administer the Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted 4297 Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money 4298 deposited into the Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account to pay for a cost or

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expense incurred by the commissioner in the administration, investigation, and enforcement of

(1) In addition to other penalties provided by law, a person who violates this chapter:

this chapter, Section 34A-2-110, and Section 76-6-521.

31A-31-109. Civil penalties.

Section 43. Section **31A-31-109** is amended to read:

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4304	(a) is subject to the following civil penalties:
4305	(i) the person shall make full restitution; and
4306	(ii) the person shall pay the costs of enforcement of this chapter for the case in which
4307	the person is found to have violated this chapter:
4308	(A) as determined by the one or more authorized agencies involved; and
4309	(B) including costs of:
4310	(I) investigators;
4311	(II) attorneys; and
4312	(III) other public employees; and
4313	(b) in the discretion of the court, may be required to pay to the state a civil penalty not
4314	to exceed three times that amount of value improperly sought or received from the fraudulent
4315	insurance act.
4316	(2) (a) Money paid under Subsection (1)(a)(i) shall be paid to the person damaged by
4317	the fraudulent insurance act.
4318	(b) Money paid under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall be paid to each applicable authorized
4319	agency in the following order:
4320	(i) to the [General Fund as a dedicated credit of the department] Insurance Fraud
4321	Investigation Restricted Account created in Section 31A-31-108 for the costs of enforcement
4322	incurred by the [department] commissioner;
4323	(ii) to the General Fund for the costs of enforcement incurred by a state agency other
4324	than the [department] commissioner;
4325	(iii) to the applicable political subdivision for the costs of enforcement incurred by the
4326	political subdivision; and
4327	(iv) to the applicable criminal investigative department or agency of the United States
4328	for the costs of enforcement incurred by the department or agency.
4329	(c) Money paid under Subsection (1)(b) shall be paid into the General Fund.
4330	(3) (a) A civil penalty assessed under Subsection (1) shall be awarded by the court as
4331	part of its judgment in both criminal and civil actions.
4332	(b) A criminal action need not be brought against a person in order for that person to be
4333	civilly liable under this section.

Section 44. Section **31A-35-202** is amended to read:

4335	31A-35-202. Board responsibilities.
4336	(1) The board shall:
4337	[ <del>(1)</del> ] <u>(a)</u> meet:
4338	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> at least quarterly; and
4339	[(b)] (ii) at the call of the chair;
4340	[(2)] (b) make written recommendations to the commissioner for rules governing the
4341	following aspects of the bail bond surety insurance business:
4342	[(a)] (i) qualifications, applications, and fees for obtaining:
4343	[(i)] (A) a license required by this Section 31A-35-401; or
4344	[(ii)] (B) a certificate;
4345	[(b)] (ii) limits on the aggregate amounts of bail bonds;
4346	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> unprofessional conduct;
4347	[(d)] (iv) procedures for hearing and resolving allegations of unprofessional conduct;
4348	and
4349	[(e)] (v) sanctions for unprofessional conduct;
4350	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(c)}\right]$ screen:
4351	[(a)] (i) bail bond surety company license applications; and
4352	[(b)] (ii) persons applying for a bail bond surety company license; and
4353	[(4)] (d) recommend to the commissioner action regarding the granting, renewing,
4354	suspending, revoking, and reinstating of bail bond surety company license[; and].
4355	(2) The board may:
4356	[(5)] (a) conduct investigations of allegations of unprofessional conduct on the part of
4357	persons or bail bond sureties involved in the business of bail bond surety insurance; and
4358	(b) provide the results of the investigations described in Subsection [ $(5)$ ] $(2)$ (a) to the
4359	commissioner with recommendations for:
4360	(i) action; and
4361	(ii) any appropriate sanctions.
4362	Section 45. Section <b>31A-35-406</b> is amended to read:
4363	31A-35-406. Renewal and reinstatement.
4364	(1) (a) A license under this chapter expires annually on August 14. To renew its
4365	license under this chapter, on or before [the last day of the month in which the license expires]

4366	July 15 a bail bond surety company shall:
4367	(i) complete and submit a renewal application to the department; and
4368	(ii) pay the department the applicable renewal fee established in accordance with
4369	Section 31A-3-103.
4370	(b) A bail bond surety company shall renew its license under this chapter annually as
4371	established by department rule, regardless of when the license is issued.
4372	(2) A bail bond surety company may apply for reinstatement of an expired bail bond
4373	surety company license within one year following the expiration of the license under
4374	Subsection (1) by:
4375	(a) submitting the renewal application required by Subsection (1); and
4376	(b) paying a license reinstatement fee established in accordance with Section
4377	31A-3-103.
4378	(3) If a bail bond surety company license has been expired for more than one year, the
4379	person applying for reinstatement of the bail bond surety license shall:
4380	(a) submit a new application form to the commissioner; and
4381	(b) pay the application fee established in accordance with Section 31A-3-103.
4382	(4) If a bail bond surety company license is suspended, the applicant may not submit an
4383	application for a bail bond surety company license until after the end of the period of
4384	suspension.
4385	(5) A fee collected under this section shall be deposited in the restricted account created
4386	in Section 31A-35-407.
4387	Section 46. Section 31A-35-602 is amended to read:
4388	31A-35-602. Place of business Records to be kept there.
4389	(1) (a) $[Every]$ $\underline{A}$ bail bond surety company shall have and maintain in this state a place
4390	of business:
4391	(i) accessible to the public; and
4392	(ii) where the bail bond surety company principally conducts transactions authorized by
4393	its bail bond surety company license.
4394	(b) The address of the place of business described in Subsection (1)(a) shall appear
4395	upon:
4396	(i) the application for a bail bond surety company license; and

4397	(ii) [the] a bail bond surety company license issued under this chapter.
4398	(c) In addition to complying with Subsection (1)(b), a bail bond surety company shall
4399	register and maintain with the commissioner the following at which the commissioner may
4400	contact the bail bond surety company:
4401	(i) a telephone number; and
4402	(ii) a business email address.
4403	[(c)] (d) A bail bond surety company shall notify the commissioner [of any change in
4404	the address required by this Subsection (1) within 20 days after the change.] within 20 days of a
4405	change in the bail bond surety company's:
4406	(i) place of business address;
4407	(ii) telephone number; or
4408	(iii) business email address.
4409	[(d)] (e) This section does not prohibit a bail bond surety company from maintaining
4410	the place of business required under this section in the licensee's residence, if the residence is
4411	in Utah.
4412	(2) The bail bond surety company shall keep at the place of business described in
4413	Subsection (1)(a) the records required under Section 31A-35-604.
4414	Section 47. Section 31A-37-103 is amended to read:
4415	31A-37-103. Chapter exclusivity.
4416	(1) Except as provided in [Subsections (2) and (3) or otherwise provided
4417	in this chapter, a provision of this title other than this chapter does not apply to a captive
4418	insurance company.
4419	(2) To the extent that a provision of the following does not contradict this chapter, the
4420	provision applies to a captive insurance company that receives a certificate of authority under
4421	this chapter:
4422	(a) Chapter 2, Administration of the Insurance Laws;
4423	(b) Chapter 4, Insurers in General;
4424	(c) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
4425	(d) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;
4426	(e) Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies;
4427	(f) Chapter 17, Determination of Financial Condition;

4428	(g) Chapter 18, Investments;
4429	(h) Chapter 19a, Utah Rate Regulation Act;
4430	(i) Chapter 27, Delinquency Administrative Action Provisions; and
4431	(j) Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act.
4432	[(2)] (3) In addition to this chapter, and subject to Section 31A-37a-103:
4433	(a) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act, applies to
4434	a special purpose financial captive insurance company; and
4435	(b) for purposes of a special purpose financial captive insurance company, a reference
4436	in this chapter to "this chapter" includes a reference to Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial
4437	Captive Insurance Company Act.
4438	Section 48. Section 31A-37-202 is amended to read:
4439	31A-37-202. Permissive areas of insurance.
4440	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), when permitted by its articles of
4441	incorporation or charter, a captive insurance company may apply to the commissioner for a
4442	certificate of authority to do all insurance authorized by this title except workers' compensation
4443	insurance.
4444	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a):
4445	(i) a pure captive insurance company may not insure a risk other than a risk of:
4446	(A) its parent or affiliate;
4447	(B) a controlled unaffiliated business; or
4448	(C) a combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A) and (B);
4449	(ii) an association captive insurance company may not insure a risk other than a risk of:
4450	(A) an affiliate;
4451	(B) a member organization of its association; and
4452	(C) an affiliate of a member organization of its association;
4453	(iii) an industrial insured captive insurance company may not insure a risk other than a
4454	risk of:
4455	(A) an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group;
4456	(B) an affiliate of an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group; and
4457	(C) a controlled unaffiliated business of:
4458	(I) an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group; or

4459	(II) an affiliate of an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group;
4460	(iv) a special purpose captive insurance company may only insure a risk of its parent;
4461	(v) a captive insurance company may not provide:
4462	(A) personal motor vehicle insurance coverage;
4463	(B) homeowner's insurance coverage; or
4464	(C) a component of a coverage described in this Subsection (1)(b)(v); and
4465	(vi) a captive insurance company may not accept or cede reinsurance except as
4466	provided in Section 31A-37-303.
4467	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(iv), for a risk approved by the commissioner a
4468	special purpose captive insurance company may provide:
4469	(i) insurance;
4470	(ii) reinsurance; or
4471	(iii) both insurance and reinsurance.
4472	(2) To conduct insurance business in this state a captive insurance company shall:
4473	(a) obtain from the commissioner a certificate of authority authorizing it to conduct
4474	insurance business in this state;
4475	(b) hold at least once each year in this state:
4476	(i) a board of directors meeting; or
4477	(ii) in the case of a reciprocal insurer, a subscriber's advisory committee meeting;
4478	(c) maintain in this state:
4479	(i) the principal place of business of the captive insurance company; or
4480	(ii) in the case of a branch captive insurance company, the principal place of business
4481	for the branch operations of the branch captive insurance company; and
4482	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), appoint a resident registered agent to accept
4483	service of process and to otherwise act on behalf of the captive insurance company in this state.
4484	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d), in the case of a captive insurance company
4485	formed as a corporation or a reciprocal insurer, if the registered agent cannot with reasonable
4486	diligence be found at the registered office of the captive insurance company, the commissioner
4487	is the agent of the captive insurance company upon whom process, notice, or demand may be
4488	served.
4489	(4) (a) Before receiving a certificate of authority, a captive insurance company:

4490	(i) formed as a corporation shall file with the commissioner:
4491	(A) a certified copy of:
4492	(I) articles of incorporation or the charter of the corporation; and
4493	(II) bylaws of the corporation;
4494	(B) a statement under oath of the president and secretary of the corporation showing
4495	the financial condition of the corporation; and
4496	(C) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
4497	31A-37-106;
4498	(ii) formed as a reciprocal shall:
4499	(A) file with the commissioner:
4500	(I) a certified copy of the power of attorney of the attorney-in-fact of the reciprocal;
4501	(II) a certified copy of the subscribers' agreement of the reciprocal;
4502	(III) a statement under oath of the attorney-in-fact of the reciprocal showing the
4503	financial condition of the reciprocal; and
4504	(IV) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
4505	31A-37-106; and
4506	(B) submit to the commissioner for approval a description of the:
4507	(I) coverages;
4508	(II) deductibles;
4509	(III) coverage limits;
4510	(IV) rates; and
4511	(V) any other information the commissioner requires under Section 31A-37-106.
4512	(b) (i) If there is a subsequent material change in an item in the description required
4513	under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B) for a reciprocal captive insurance company, the reciprocal
4514	captive insurance company shall submit to the commissioner for approval an appropriate
4515	revision to the description required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B).
4516	(ii) A reciprocal captive insurance company that is required to submit a revision under
4517	Subsection (4)(b)(i) may not offer any additional types of insurance until the commissioner
4518	approves a revision of the description.
4519	(iii) A reciprocal captive insurance company shall inform the commissioner of a
4520	material change in a rate within 30 days of the adoption of the change.

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company and a participant; and

4521 (c) In addition to the information required by Subsection (4)(a), an applicant captive 4522 insurance company shall file with the commissioner evidence of: 4523 (i) the amount and liquidity of the assets of the applicant captive insurance company 4524 relative to the risks to be assumed by the applicant captive insurance company; 4525 (ii) the adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of the person who will 4526 manage the applicant captive insurance company; 4527 (iii) the overall soundness of the plan of operation of the applicant captive insurance 4528 company; 4529 (iv) the adequacy of the loss prevention programs for the following of the applicant 4530 captive insurance company: 4531 (A) a parent; 4532 (B) a member organization; or 4533 (C) an industrial insured; and 4534 (v) any other factor the commissioner: 4535 (A) adopts by rule under Section 31A-37-106; and (B) considers relevant in ascertaining whether the applicant captive insurance company 4536 4537 will be able to meet the policy obligations of the applicant captive insurance company. 4538 (d) In addition to the information required by Subsections (4)(a), (b), and (c), an 4539 applicant sponsored captive insurance company shall file with the commissioner: 4540 (i) a business plan at the level of detail required by the commissioner under Section 4541 31A-37-106 demonstrating: 4542 (A) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will 4543 account for the losses and expenses of each protected cell; and 4544 (B) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will report 4545 to the commissioner the financial history, including losses and expenses, of each protected cell; (ii) a statement acknowledging that the applicant sponsored captive insurance company 4546 4547 will make all financial records of the applicant sponsored captive insurance company, 4548 including records pertaining to a protected cell, available for inspection or examination by the 4549 commissioner; 4550 (iii) a contract or sample contract between the applicant sponsored captive insurance

4552 (iv) evidence that expenses will be allocated to each protected cell in an equitable 4553 manner. 4554 (5) (a) Information submitted pursuant to Subsection (4) is classified as a protected 4555 record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. 4556 (b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and 4557 Management Act, the commissioner may disclose information submitted pursuant to 4558 Subsection (4) to a public official having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in 4559 another state if: 4560 (i) the public official receiving the information agrees in writing to maintain the 4561 confidentiality of the information; and 4562 (ii) the laws of the state in which the public official serves require the information to be 4563 confidential. 4564 (c) This Subsection (5) does not apply to information provided by an industrial insured 4565 captive insurance company insuring the risks of an industrial insured group. 4566 (6) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay to the department the following 4567 nonrefundable fees established by the department under Sections 31A-3-103, 31A-3-304, and 4568 63J-1-504: (i) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing, by a department employee, of an 4569 4570 application for a certificate of authority made by a captive insurance company; 4571 (ii) a fee for obtaining a certificate of authority for the year the captive insurance 4572 company is issued a certificate of authority by the department; and 4573 (iii) a certificate of authority renewal fee. 4574 (b) The commissioner may: 4575 (i) assign a department employee or retain legal, financial, and examination services 4576 from outside the department to perform the services described in: 4577 (A) Subsection (6)(a); and 4578 (B) Section 31A-37-502; and 4579 (ii) charge the reasonable cost of services described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) to the 4580 applicant captive insurance company. 4581 (7) If the commissioner is satisfied that the documents and statements filed by the 4582 applicant captive insurance company comply with this chapter, the commissioner may grant a

4583	certificate of authority authorizing the company to do insurance business in this state.
4584	(8) A certificate of authority granted under this section expires annually and must be
4585	renewed by July 1 of each year.
4586	Section 49. Section <b>31A-37-504</b> is amended to read:
4587	31A-37-504. Examinations for branch and alien captive insurance companies.
4588	[(1) This section applies to all business written by a captive insurance company.]
4589	[(2) Notwithstanding this section, the]
4590	(1) The examination for a branch captive insurance company shall be of branch
4591	business and branch operations only, if the branch captive insurance company:
4592	(a) provides annually to the commissioner a certificate of compliance, or an equivalent,
4593	issued by or filed with the licensing authority of the jurisdiction in which the branch captive
4594	insurance company is formed; and
4595	(b) demonstrates to the commissioner's satisfaction that the branch captive insurance
4596	company is operating in sound financial condition in accordance with [all] the applicable laws
4597	and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the branch captive insurance company is formed.
4598	[(3)] (2) As a condition of obtaining a certificate of authority, an alien captive
4599	insurance company shall grant authority to the commissioner to examine the affairs of the alien
4600	captive insurance company in the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is
4601	formed.
4602	[(4) To the extent that the provisions of Chapters 2, 4, 5, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19a, 27, and
4603	27a do not contradict this section, these chapters apply to captive insurance companies that
4604	have received a certificate of authority under this chapter.]
4605	Section 50. Section 31A-40-308 is enacted to read:
4606	<u>31A-40-308.</u> Material changes.
4607	A professional employer organization shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of a
4608	change in:
4609	(1) ownership;
4610	(2) an address or telephone number;
4611	(3) a contact person; or
4612	(4) business email address at which the commissioner may contact the professional
4613	employer organization.

4614	Section 51. Section <b>59-9-105</b> is amended to read:
4615	59-9-105. Tax on certain insurers to pay for relative value study and other
4616	publications or services.
4617	(1) [Each] An insurer [providing] that provides coverage for motor vehicle liability,
4618	uninsured motorist, and personal injury protection shall pay to the State Tax Commission on or
4619	before March 31 of each year, a tax of .01% on the total premiums received for these coverages
4620	during the preceding calendar year from policies covering motor vehicle risks in this state.
4621	(2) The taxable premium under this section shall be reduced by [all] the premiums
4622	returned or credited to policyholders on direct business subject to tax in this state.
4623	(3) [All money] Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited [in
4624	the General Fund as a dedicated credit for the purpose of providing funds] into the Relative
4625	Value Study Restricted Account created in Subsection (4).
4626	(4) (a) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Relative
4627	Value Study Restricted Account."
4628	(b) The Relative Value Study Restricted Account shall consist of the money received
4629	by the insurance commissioner under:
4630	(i) Section 31A-2-208; and
4631	(ii) this section.
4632	(c) The insurance commissioner shall administer the Relative Value Study Restricted
4633	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the insurance commissioner shall use
4634	the money deposited into the Relative Value Study Restricted Account to pay for [any] costs
4635	and expenses incurred by the [Insurance Department] insurance commissioner:
4636	[(a)] (i) in conducting, maintaining, and administering the relative value study referred
4637	to in Section 31A-22-307;
4638	[(b)] (ii) to prepare, publish, and distribute publications relating to insurance and
4639	consumers of insurance as provided in Section 31A-2-208; and
4640	[(c)] (iii) in providing the services of the [Insurance Department] insurance
4641	<u>commissioner</u> through the use of:
4642	[(i)] (A) electronic commerce; and
4643	[(ii)] (B) other information technology.
1611	Section 52 Section 63L2-231 is amended to read:

4645	631-2-231. Repeal dates, Title 31A.
4646	[ <del>(1)</del> Section 31A-23a-415 is repealed July 1, 2011.]
4647	[(2)] Title 31A, Chapter 42, Defined Contribution Risk Adjuster Act, is repealed
4648	January 1, 2013.
4649	Section 53. Section <b>63J-1-602.2</b> is amended to read:
4650	63J-1-602.2. List of nonlapsing funds and accounts Title 31 through Title 45.
4651	(1) Appropriations from the Technology Development Restricted Account created in
4652	Section 31A-3-104.
4653	(2) Appropriations from the Criminal Background Check Restricted Account created in
4654	Section 31A-3-105.
4655	(3) Appropriations from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account created in Section
4656	31A-3-304, except to the extent that Section 31A-3-304 makes the money received under that
4657	section free revenue.
4658	(4) Appropriations from the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account created in
4659	Section 31A-23a-415.
4660	(5) Appropriations from the Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created
4661	<u>in Section 31A-31-108.</u>
4662	[(5)] (6) The fund for operating the state's Federal Health Care Tax Credit Program, as
4663	provided in Section 31A-38-104.
4664	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> The Special Administrative Expense Account created in Section 35A-4-506.
4665	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) Funding for a new program or agency that is designated as nonlapsing under
4666	Section 36-24-101.
4667	[ <del>(8)</del> ] <u>(9)</u> The Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5.
4668	[ <del>(9)</del> ] (10) The Off-Highway Access and Education Restricted Account created in
4669	Section 41-22-19.5.
4670	Section 54. Section <b>63J-1-602.3</b> is amended to read:
4671	63J-1-602.3. List of nonlapsing funds and accounts Title 46 through Title 60.
4672	(1) Certain funds associated with the Law Enforcement Operations Account, as
4673	provided in Section 51-9-411.
4674	(2) The Public Safety Honoring Heroes Restricted Account created in Section
4675	53-1-118.

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- 4676 (3) Funding for the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section 53-2-107.
- 4678 (4) Appropriations made to the Department of Public Safety from the Department of Public Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section 53-3-106.
- 4680 (5) Appropriations to the Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 4681 53-3-905.
- 4682 (6) The DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407.
- 4683 (7) Appropriations to the State Board of Education, as provided in Section 4684 53A-17a-105.
- 4685 (8) Certain funds appropriated from the Uniform School Fund to the State Board of 4686 Education for new teacher bonus and performance-based compensation plans, as provided in 4687 Section 53A-17a-148.
- 4688 (9) Certain funds appropriated from the Uniform School Fund to the State Board of
  4689 Education for implementation of proposals to improve mathematics achievement test scores, as
  4690 provided in Section 53A-17a-152.
- 4691 (10) The School Building Revolving Account created in Section 53A-21-401.
- 4692 (11) Money received by the State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of certain products or services, as provided in Section 53A-24-105.
  - (12) The State Board of Regents, as provided in Section 53B-6-104.
- 4695 (13) Certain funds appropriated from the General Fund to the State Board of Regents for teacher preparation programs, as provided in Section 53B-6-104.
  - (14) A certain portion of money collected for administrative costs under the School Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202.
  - (15) Certain surcharges on residence and business telecommunications access lines imposed by the Public Service Commission, as provided in Section 54-8b-10.
  - (16) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and enforcement purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505.
    - (17) The Nurse Education and Enforcement Account created in Section 58-31b-103.
- 4705 (18) The Certified Nurse Midwife Education and Enforcement Account created in 4706 Section 58-44a-103.

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4707	(19) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
4708	for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as provided in
4709	Section 58-63-103.
4710	(20) The Professional Geologist Education and Enforcement Account created in
4711	Section 58-76-103.
4712	(21) Appropriations from the Relative Value Study Restricted Account created in
4713	Section 59-9-105.
4714	[(21)] (22) Certain money in the Water Resources Conservation and Development
4715	Fund, as provided in Section 59-12-103.
4716	Section 55. Intent language regarding lapsing of money.
4717	It is the intent of the Legislature that money received by the Insurance Department
4718	during fiscal year 2010-11 under the following shall be considered dedicated credits and in
4719	closing out fiscal year 2010-11 the unspent dedicated credits shall lapse to the appropriate
4720	restricted account created by the amendments made by this bill:
4721	(1) Section 31A-2-208;
4722	(2) Section 31A-31-108;
4723	(3) Section 31A-31-109; and
4724	(4) Section 59-9-105.
4725	Section 56. Effective date.
4726	This bill takes effect on May 10, 2011, except that the amendments to Section
4727	31A-3-304 in this bill take effect on July 1, 2013.
4728	Section 57. Retrospective operation.
4729	The amendments to the following sections in this bill have retrospective operation to
4730	January 1, 2011:
4731	(1) Section 31A-22-701;
4732	(2) Section 31A-30-103; and
4733	(3) Section 31A-30-106.

## FISCAL NOTE

H.B. 19 1st Sub. (Buff)

SHORT TITLE: Insurance Law Related Amendments - As Amended

SPONSOR: Dunnigan, J.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

#### STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

Enactment of this bill will shift revenue from Dedicated Credits to two restricted accounts--Relative Value Study Restricted Account and Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account. The projected amounts for FY 2011 for these dedicated credits are: \$85,700 for Relative Value Study and \$1,984,500 for Insurance Fraud Investigation. The FY 2010 ending balances for the dedicated credits were \$208,688 for Relative Value Study and \$73,923 for Insurance Fraud Investigation. There is no net change expected in the amount of funds collected for each account.

The amended bill also creates in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Insurance Department Restricted Account." As part of this creation, the department's expenses shall no longer be paid from the General Fund, but, rather, from the newly created restricted account. The revenue shift from General Fund to the Insurance Department Restricted Account for FY 2012 will be \$5,894,900.

Additionally, any possible collection of the \$50,000 withdrawal fee included in Section 31A-4-115 would be excluded for captive insurance companies. As well, fees for Title Insurers and Agencies would increase from \$200 to \$250 for the first office in each county and from \$100 to \$150 for each additional office within the same county. For FY 2011 there will be assessments to 285 first offices and 118 secondary offices. The total annual assessment cap for title agencies and insurers will also change from \$75,000 to \$80,000. These changes will generate an additional \$20,200 in restricted revenue beginning in FY 2012.

Finally, raising the cap for nonlapsing funds in the Captive Insurance Restricted Account from \$600,000 to \$950,000 will result in a loss of revenue to the General Fund of up to \$350,000 starting in FY 2014. The historical amount of lapsed funds to the General Fund includes: \$8,598 (FY2007), \$567,334 (FY2008), \$445,328 (FY2009), and \$637,220 (FY2010).

# FISCAL NOTE

H.B. 19 1st Sub. (Buff)

SHORT TITLE: Insurance Law Related Amendments - As Amended

SPONSOR: Dunnigan, J.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE BUDGET DETAIL TABLE	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Revenue:			
General Fund	\$0	(\$5,894,900)	(\$5,894,900
General Fund Restricted	\$0	\$5,894,900	\$5,894,900
Dedicated Credits	(\$165,400)	(\$1,984,500)	\$0
Dedicated Credits	(\$7,100)	(\$90,000)	\$0
Restricted Funds	\$0	\$20,200	\$20,200
Restricted Funds	\$165,400	\$1,984,500	\$0
Restricted Funds	\$7,100	\$90,000	\$0
Total Revenue	\$0	\$20,200	\$20,200
Expenditure:			
General Fund	\$0	(\$5,894,900)	(\$5,894,900
General Fund Restricted	\$0	\$5,894,900	\$5,894,900
Total Expenditure	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Impact, All Funds (RevExp.)	\$0	\$20,200	\$20,200
Net Impact, General/Education Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

### LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for local governments.

### DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d))

Enactment of this bill will result in fee increases for title insurers and agencies from \$200 to \$250 for the first office which the insurer or agency maintains in a county and from \$100 to \$150 for each additional office the insurer or agency maintains in the same county.

3/10/2011, 12:55 PM, Lead Analyst: Lee, P.W./Attomey: PO

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst